UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

| (Mark | (One) | | | |
|-------------|---|--|--|-------------------------|
| | , | ON 12 OD 15/4) OF THE CECUDIT | IEC EVOLLANCE ACT OF 1024 | |
| \boxtimes | QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION | | | |
| | | For the quarterly period ended June OR | 30, 2025 | |
| | TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION | ON 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURIT | IES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 | |
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| | 101111111111111111111111111111111111111 | | 10 | |
| | | Commission File Number: 001-39 | 9010 | |
| | | Dynatrace, Ir | | |
| | Delaware | | 47-2386428 | |
| | (State or other jurisdiction of | | (I.R.S. Employer | |
| | incorporation or organization) | | Identification No.) | |
| | 280 Congress Street, 11th Floo | r | | |
| | Boston, Massachusetts (Address of principal executive offic | es) | 02210 (Zip Code) | |
| | | Registrant's telephone number, including area code: | • • | |
| | (Form | 1601 Trapelo Road, Suite 116 Waltham, Massachusetts 0245 er name, former address and former fiscal year, if cl | 1 | |
| Securi | ties registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: | | | |
| | | Trading | | |
| | Title of each class | Symbol(s) | Name of each exchange on which | - |
| | Common stock, par value \$0.001 per share | DT | New York Stock Exchang | ge |
| | te by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such re | | | preceding 12 months (or |
| | te by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted elect r) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period to | | | n S-T (§232.405 of this |
| | te by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated ions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller r | | | owth company. See the |
| Large | accelerated filer 区 | | Accelerated filer | |
| Non-a | ccelerated filer | | Smaller reporting company | |
| | | | Emerging growth company | |
| | emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the Regres rds provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. | | ed transition period for complying with any new or revis | ed financial accounting |
| Indica | te by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (a | s defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange | Act). Yes □ No ⊠ | |
| The R | egistrant had 301,506,242 shares of common stock outstanding | g as of August 4, 2025. | | |
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SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q ("Quarterly Report") includes certain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including statements regarding:

- our future financial performance, including our expectations regarding key factors driving future performance, our revenue, annual recurring revenue, gross profit or gross margin, operating expenses, ability to generate cash flow, and billing/revenue mix;
- · our ability to navigate the current macroeconomic environment;
- · anticipated trends in our business and in the markets in which we operate;
- · our ability to anticipate market needs and successfully develop new and enhanced solutions to meet those needs;
- the evolution of technology affecting our offerings, platform and markets, including our plans to continue evolving our technology capabilities, including, but not limited to, artificial intelligence ("AI");
- · our plans to continue investing in research and development and driving innovation to meet customers' needs and grow our customer base;
- · our ability to maintain and expand our customer base and our partner ecosystem;
- · our expectations regarding the evolving competitive environment;
- our plans to invest in future growth opportunities that we expect will drive long-term value;
- our ability to sell our offerings and expand internationally;
- · our ability to hire and retain necessary qualified employees to grow our business and expand our operations; and
- our ability to adequately protect our intellectual property ("IP").

These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, plans, objectives, expectations and intentions and other statements contained in this Quarterly Report that are not historical facts and statements identified by words such as "will," "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates" or words of similar meaning. These forward-looking statements reflect our current views about our plans, intentions, expectations, strategies and prospects, which are based on the information currently available to us and on assumptions we have made. Although we believe that our plans, intentions, expectations, strategies, and prospects as reflected in or suggested by those forward-looking statements are reasonable, we can give no assurance that the plans, intentions, expectations, or strategies will be attained or achieved. Furthermore, actual results may differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements and will be affected by a variety of risks and factors that are beyond our control including, without limitation, the risks set forth in the summary below, in Part II, Item 1A. entitled "Risk Factors" in this Quarterly Report, and in our other U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") filings. We assume no obligation to update any forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

SUMMARY OF THE MATERIAL RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH OUR BUSINESS

Our business is subject to numerous risks and uncertainties that you should be aware of in evaluating our business. Please see Part II, Item 1A. entitled "Risk Factors" in this Quarterly Report for a discussion of risks that we believe are material. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, the following:

- · We have experienced rapid revenue growth in recent periods, which may not be indicative of our future growth.
- · Our quarterly and annual operating results may be adversely affected due to a variety of factors, which could make our future results difficult to predict.
- · Market adoption of the solutions that we offer may not grow as we expect, which may harm our business and prospects.
- Our business is dependent on overall demand for observability and related solutions and therefore reduced spending on those solutions or overall adverse economic conditions may negatively affect our business, operating results, and financial condition.
- If we fail to innovate and do not continue to develop and effectively market solutions that anticipate and respond to the needs of our customers, our business, operating results, and financial condition may suffer.
- If our platform and solutions do not effectively interoperate with our customers' existing or future IT infrastructures, installations of our solutions could be delayed or canceled, which would harm our business.
- If we are unable to acquire new customers or retain and expand our relationships with existing customers, our future revenues and operating results will be harmed.
- Failure to effectively expand our sales and marketing capabilities could harm our ability to execute on our business plan, increase our customer base, and achieve broader market acceptance of our applications.
- · We face significant competition, which may adversely affect our ability to add new customers, retain existing customers, and grow our business.
- If we are unable to maintain successful relationships with our partners, or if our partners fail to perform, our ability to market, sell, and distribute our applications and services will be limited, and our business, operating results, and financial condition could be harmed.
- Security breaches, computer malware, computer hacking attacks, and other security incidents or compromises could harm our business, reputation, brand and operating results.
- · Real or perceived errors, failures, defects, or vulnerabilities in our solutions could adversely affect our financial results and growth prospects.
- Failure to protect and enforce our proprietary technology and IP rights could substantially harm our business, operating results, and financial condition.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

DYNATRACE, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In thousands, except share and per share data)

| | June 30, 2025 | | March 31, 2025 | |
|--|-----------------|----|----------------|--|
| | (unaudited) | | | |
| Assets | | | | |
| Current assets: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 1,247,381 | \$ | 1,017,039 | |
| Short-term investments | 99,013 | | 96,189 | |
| Accounts receivable, net | 292,086 | | 624,437 | |
| Deferred commissions, current | 112,430 | | 109,895 | |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | 100,909 | | 83,901 | |
| Total current assets | 1,851,819 | | 1,931,461 | |
| Long-term investments | 50,641 | | 51,648 | |
| Property and equipment, net | 66,002 | | 61,522 | |
| Operating lease right-of-use assets, net | 79,214 | | 67,479 | |
| Goodwill | 1,343,839 | | 1,336,435 | |
| Intangible assets, net | 25,460 | | 25,534 | |
| Deferred tax assets, net | 527,791 | | 529,550 | |
| Deferred commissions, non-current | 95,630 | | 95,297 | |
| Other assets | 40,539 | | 40,752 | |
| Total assets | \$ 4,080,935 | \$ | 4,139,678 | |
| Liabilities and shareholders' equity | | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 7,989 | \$ | 27,286 | |
| Accrued expenses, current | 207,023 | | 252,503 | |
| Deferred revenue, current | 1,002,189 | | 1,087,518 | |
| Operating lease liabilities, current | 15,316 | | 13,979 | |
| Total current liabilities | 1,232,517 | | 1,381,286 | |
| Deferred revenue, non-current | 47,186 | | 50,989 | |
| Accrued expenses, non-current | 30,074 | | 24,452 | |
| Operating lease liabilities, non-current | 72,432 | | 61,384 | |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 440 | | 419 | |
| Total liabilities | 1,382,649 | | 1,518,530 | |
| Commitments and contingencies (Note 9) | | | | |
| Shareholders' equity: | | | | |
| Common shares, \$0.001 par value, 600,000,000 shares authorized, 301,715,672 and 299,813,048 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2025 and March 31, 2025, respectively | 302 | | 300 | |
| Additional paid-in capital | 2,399,604 | | 2,370,563 | |
| Retained earnings | 332,882 | | 284,927 | |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | (34,502) | | (34,642) | |
| Total shareholders' equity | 2,698,286 | | 2,621,148 | |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | \$ 4,080,935 | \$ | 4,139,678 | |

DYNATRACE, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited – In thousands, except per share data)

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|--|--|
| | 2025 | 2024 | | |
| Revenue: | | | | |
| Subscription | \$ 457,507 | \$ 381,576 | | |
| Service | 19,842 | 17,644 | | |
| Total revenue | 477,349 | 399,220 | | |
| Cost of revenue: | | | | |
| Cost of subscription | 65,018 | 53,572 | | |
| Cost of service | 19,355 | 16,802 | | |
| Amortization of acquired technology | 836 | 4,379 | | |
| Total cost of revenue | 85,209 | 74,753 | | |
| Gross profit | 392,140 | 324,467 | | |
| | | | | |
| Operating expenses: | | | | |
| Research and development | 108,172 | 87,578 | | |
| Sales and marketing | 165,314 | 145,106 | | |
| General and administrative | 56,304 | 44,978 | | |
| Amortization of other intangibles | 12 | 4,776 | | |
| Total operating expenses | 329,802 | 282,438 | | |
| Income from operations | 62,338 | 42,029 | | |
| Interest income, net | 12,295 | 12,775 | | |
| Other income (expense), net | 6,757 | (2,035) | | |
| Income before income taxes | 81,390 | 52,769 | | |
| Income tax expense | (33,435) | (14,149) | | |
| Net income | \$ 47,955 | \$ 38,620 | | |
| Net income per share: | | | | |
| Basic | \$ 0.16 | \$ 0.13 | | |
| Diluted | \$ 0.16 | \$ 0.13 | | |
| Weighted average shares outstanding: | | | | |
| Basic | 300,153 | 297,358 | | |
| Diluted | 304,160 | 300,966 | | |
| | | | | |

DYNATRACE, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited - In thousands)

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|--------|----|--------|
| | | 2025 | | 2024 |
| Net income | \$ | 47,955 | \$ | 38,620 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) | | | | |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment | | 185 | | (222) |
| Unrealized losses on available-for-sale investments, net of taxes | | (45) | | (100) |
| Total other comprehensive income (loss) | | 140 | | (322) |
| Comprehensive income | \$ | 48,095 | \$ | 38,298 |

DYNATRACE, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited - In thousands)

Three Months Ended June 30, 2025

| | Common S | Shares | | | Accumulated Other | Total |
|--|----------|--------|-------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| | Shares | Amount | Additional Paid-In Capital | Retained Earnings | Comprehensive Loss | Shareholders' Equity |
| Balance, March 31, 2025 | 299,813 | \$ 300 | \$ 2,370,563 | \$ 284,927 | \$ (34,642) | \$ 2,621,148 |
| Other comprehensive income | _ | _ | _ | _ | 140 | 140 |
| Restricted stock units vested | 2,622 | 3 | (3) | _ | _ | _ |
| Restricted stock awards granted | 41 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Issuance of common stock related to employee stock purchase plan | 254 | _ | 11,871 | _ | _ | 11,871 |
| Exercise of stock options | 112 | _ | 2,415 | _ | _ | 2,415 |
| Shares withheld for employee taxes | (221) | _ | (12,107) | _ | _ | (12,107) |
| Repurchases of common stock | (905) | (1) | (45,030) | _ | _ | (45,031) |
| Share-based compensation | _ | _ | 71,895 | _ | _ | 71,895 |
| Net income | _ | _ | _ | 47,955 | _ | 47,955 |
| Balance, June 30, 2025 | 301,716 | \$ 302 | \$ 2,399,604 | \$ 332,882 | \$ (34,502) | \$ 2,698,286 |

Three Months Ended June 30, 2024

| | In the Figure 5 and 5 an | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|---|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Common S | Shares Amount | Additional Paid-In Capital | Accumulated Deficit | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss | Total Shareholders' Equity | | | |
| Balance, March 31, 2024 | 296,963 | \$ 297 | \$ 2,249,349 | \$ (198,757) | \$ (35,399) | \$ 2,015,490 | | | |
| Other comprehensive loss | _ | _ | _ | _ | (322) | (322) | | | |
| Restricted stock units vested | 2,026 | 2 | (2) | _ | _ | _ | | | |
| Issuance of common stock related to employee stock purchase plan | 262 | _ | 10,389 | _ | _ | 10,389 | | | |
| Exercise of stock options | 201 | _ | 4,215 | _ | _ | 4,215 | | | |
| Shares withheld for employee taxes | (178) | _ | (8,306) | _ | _ | (8,306) | | | |
| Repurchases of common stock | (1,093) | (1) | (50,107) | _ | _ | (50,108) | | | |
| Share-based compensation | _ | _ | 57,657 | _ | _ | 57,657 | | | |
| Net income | _ | _ | _ | 38,620 | _ | 38,620 | | | |
| Balance, June 30, 2024 | 298,181 | \$ 298 | \$ 2,263,195 | \$ (160,137) | \$ (35,721) | \$ 2,067,635 | | | |

DYNATRACE, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited – In thousands)

| | | Three Months Ended June 30, | | |
|--|----|-----------------------------|-----------|--|
| | | 2025 | 2024 | |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | | | |
| Net income | \$ | 47,955 \$ | 38,620 | |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operations: | | | | |
| Depreciation | | 5,095 | 4,305 | |
| Amortization | | 1,366 | 9,672 | |
| Share-based compensation | | 71,895 | 57,657 | |
| Deferred income taxes | | 3,750 | (22,649) | |
| Other | | (7,051) | 1,601 | |
| Net change in operating assets and liabilities: | | | | |
| Accounts receivable | | 343,732 | 355,441 | |
| Deferred commissions | | 2,727 | 2,121 | |
| Prepaid expenses and other assets | | (8,840) | (8,064) | |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | | (73,110) | (78,265) | |
| Operating leases, net | | 605 | 1,791 | |
| Deferred revenue | | (118,432) | (131,489) | |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | | 269,692 | 230,741 | |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | | | |
| Purchase of property and equipment | | (7,482) | (3,359) | |
| Capitalized software additions | | (194) | | |
| Acquisition of a business, net of cash acquired | | ` | (100) | |
| Purchases of investments | | (28,824) | (40,886) | |
| Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments | | 28,052 | 8,750 | |
| Net cash used in investing activities | | (8,448) | (35,595) | |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | | | |
| Payments of deferred consideration related to acquisition of a business | | (2,210) | _ | |
| Payments of deferred consideration related to capitalized software additions | | (552) | (552) | |
| Proceeds from employee stock purchase plan | | 11.871 | 10,389 | |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options | | 2,415 | 4,215 | |
| Repurchases of common stock | | (45,031) | (48,556) | |
| Taxes paid related to net share settlement of equity awards | | (10,347) | (8,306) | |
| Net cash used in financing activities | | (43,854) | (42,810) | |
| Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents | | 12,952 | (1,004) | |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | | 230,342 | 151,332 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period | | 1,017,039 | 778,983 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of period | \$ | 1,247,381 \$ | | |
| Supplemental cash flow data: | | | | |
| Cash paid for interest | \$ | 181 \$ | 184 | |
| Cash paid for fax, net | \$ | 30,548 \$ | | |
| Cubii puid for tan, not | φ | 50,570 \$ | 27,710 | |

DYNATRACE, INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

1. Description of the Business

Business

Dynatrace, Inc. ("Dynatrace" or the "Company") is advancing observability for today's digital businesses, helping to transform the complexity of modern digital ecosystems into powerful business assets. By leveraging artificial intelligence ("AI")-powered insights, Dynatrace enables organizations to analyze, automate, and innovate faster to drive their business forward. The Company's comprehensive solution combines broad and deep observability, continuous runtime application security, and advanced AI to support IT operations, development, security, and business teams, enabling organizations to optimize cloud and IT operations, accelerate secure software delivery, and improve digital performance.

Fiscal year

The Company's fiscal year ends on March 31. References to fiscal 2026, for example, refer to the fiscal year ending March 31, 2026.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of presentation and consolidation

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") and applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") regarding interim financial reporting. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements.

Unaudited interim consolidated financial information

The accompanying interim condensed consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2025 and the interim condensed consolidated statements of operations, statements of comprehensive income, statements of shareholders' equity, and statement of cash flows for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 and the related disclosures are unaudited. In management's opinion, the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the same basis as the audited consolidated financial statements and include all normal and recurring adjustments necessary for the fair presentation of the Company's financial position as of June 30, 2025 and its results of operations and cash flows for the three months ended June 30, 2025 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full fiscal year or any other interim period.

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025 (the "Annual Report").

Use of estimates

The preparation of unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported in the condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Management evaluates such estimates and assumptions for continued reasonableness. In particular, the Company makes estimates with respect to revenue recognition, including the stand-alone selling price for each distinct performance obligation in customer contracts with multiple performance obligations and variable consideration, the allowance for credit losses, the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in business combinations, the valuation of long-lived assets, the period of benefit for deferred commissions, income taxes, share-based compensation expense, and the determination of the incremental borrowing rate used for operating lease liabilities, among other things. Management bases these estimates on historical experiences and on various other assumptions that the Company believes are reasonable. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Significant accounting policies

The Company's significant accounting policies are discussed in Note 2, Significant Accounting Policies, to the audited consolidated financial statements in the Company's Annual Report. There have been no changes to the Company's significant accounting policies described in the Company's Annual Report that have had a material impact on its condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes.

Recently adopted accounting pronouncements

In November 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2023-07, Segment Reporting (Topic 280), Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures, which improves reportable segment disclosure requirements, primarily through enhanced disclosures about significant segment expenses and application of all segment disclosure requirement to entities with a single reportable segment. ASU 2023-07 was effective for the Company's annual periods beginning fiscal 2025 and interim periods beginning the first quarter of fiscal 2026. Effective March 31, 2025, the Company adopted the new standard on a retrospective basis. For further information, refer to Note 13, Segment and Geographic Information.

Recently issued accounting pronouncements

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, *Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures*, which expands disclosures in the income tax rate reconciliation table and disaggregates the income taxes paid by jurisdiction. ASU 2023-09 is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024, which is the Company's fiscal 2026. The Company is currently evaluating the impact ASU 2023-09 will have on its financial statement disclosures.

In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU 2024-03, *Income Statement - Reporting Comprehensive Income - Expense Disaggregation Disclosures (Subtopic 220-40):*Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses, which requires the disclosure of more detailed information on commonly presented expenses. ASU 2024-03 will be effective for the Company's annual periods beginning fiscal 2028 and interim periods beginning the first quarter of fiscal 2029. The Company is currently evaluating the impact ASU 2024-03 will have on its financial statement disclosures.

3. Revenue Recognition

Disaggregation of revenue

The following table is a summary of the Company's total revenue by geographic region based on customer location (in thousands, except percentages):

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|-----|------------|-------|--|
| | 2025 | | | 2024 | | |
| | | Amount | % | Amount | % | |
| North America | \$ | 244,064 | 51% | \$ 204,37 | 5 51% | |
| Europe, Middle East and Africa | | 152,034 | 32% | 125,098 | 31% | |
| Asia Pacific | | 44,883 | 9% | 38,728 | 3 10% | |
| Latin America | | 36,368 | 8% | 31,019 | 8% | |
| Total revenue | \$ | 477,349 | | \$ 399,220 |) | |

Effective April 1, 2025, the Company evaluates total revenue by geographic region based on the location of the customer (or end-customer under partner transactions) per the executed contract, rather than based on the location of the Company's contracting entity. Prior period amounts have been recast to conform to the current period presentation.

For the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, the United States was the only country that represented more than 10% of the Company's revenue, constituting\$212.1 million and 44% and \$187.2 million and 47% of total revenue, respectively.

Revenue recognized during the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, which was included in the deferred revenue balance at the begining of each respective period, was \$409.7 million and \$358.3 million, respectively.

Remaining performance obligations

As of June 30, 2025, the aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations was \$2,918.9 million, which consists of both billed consideration in the amount of \$1,869.5 million that the Company expects to recognize as subscription and service revenue. The Company expects to recognize 53% of the total remaining performance obligations as revenue over the next 12 months and the remainder thereafter.

Variable consideration

The Company's subscriptions include a minimum commitment with variable on-demand consumption fees for excess usage, representing a form of variable consideration. The transaction price is determined based on the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring services to the customer. The Company estimates variable consideration based on historical prevalence of on-demand consumption fees. Variable consideration is included in the transaction price if, in the Company's judgment, it is probable that a significant future reversal of cumulative revenue under the contract will not occur.

Contract assets

As of June 30, 2025 and March 31, 2025, contract assets of \$14.0 million and \$1.6 million, respectively, were included in accounts receivable, net, on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets.

4. Investments and Fair Value Measurements

The following table summarizes the amortized cost, unrealized gains and losses, and fair value of the Company's available-for-sale investments, including those securities classified within "Cash and cash equivalents" in the condensed consolidated balance sheets (in thousands):

| | | June 30, 2025 | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----|----------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------|--|--|
| | _ | Amortized Cost | Gross Unrealized Gains | Gross Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | | |
| U.S. treasury securities | \$ | 105,523 | \$ 172 | \$ (16) | \$ 105,679 | | |
| Corporate debt securities | | 24,463 | 74 | (11) | 24,526 | | |
| Commercial paper | | 7,434 | _ | (1) | 7,433 | | |
| U.S. government agency securities | | 13,161 | 1 | (10) | 13,152 | | |
| Total | \$ | 150,581 | \$ 247 | \$ (38) | \$ 150,790 | | |

| | March 31, 2025 | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|----|------------------------|--------------------------------|----|------------|
| | Amortized Cost | (| Gross Unrealized Gains | Gross Unrealized Losses | | Fair Value |
| U.S. treasury securities | \$ 108,045 | \$ | 223 | \$ (12) | \$ | 108,256 |
| Corporate debt securities | 22,457 | | 71 | (14) | | 22,514 |
| Commercial paper | 7,778 | | 2 | (1) | | 7,779 |
| U.S. government agency securities | 12,744 | | 2 | (3) | | 12,743 |
| Total | \$ 151,024 | \$ | 298 | \$ (30) | \$ | 151,292 |

Unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale investments, net of tax, are included within accumulated other comprehensive loss in the condensed consolidated balance sheet. The Company regularly reviews the securities in an unrealized loss position and evaluates the current expected credit loss by considering factors such as credit ratings, issuer-specific factors, current economic conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts. The Company does not intend to sell these investments and it is more likely than not that the Company will not be required to sell these investments before recovery of their amortized cost basis. Based on the evaluation of available evidence, the Company does not believe any unrealized losses on its investments as of June 30, 2025 represent credit losses.

As of June 30, 2025, the fair values of available-for-sale investments, excluding those securities classified within "Cash and cash equivalents" in the condensed consolidated balance sheets, are as follows by remaining contractual maturity (in thousands):

| | June 30, 2025 |
|------------------------------------|---------------|
| Due within one year | \$ 99,013 |
| Due in one year through five years | 49,185 |
| Total | \$ 148,198 |

The Company offers a non-qualified deferred compensation plan to eligible U.S. employees and directors. The Company held \$.5 million and \$0.7 million of investments in mutual funds that are associated with this plan and were classified as restricted trading securities as of June 30, 2025 and March 31, 2025, respectively. These securities are not included in the tables above but are included as investments in the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

The following tables present the Company's financial assets that have been measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2025 and March 31, 2025 and indicate the fair value hierarchy of the valuation inputs utilized to determine such fair value (in thousands):

| | June 30, 2025 | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|---------------|------------|---------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total | | | | | |
| Cash equivalents: | | | | | | | | | |
| Money market funds | \$ 818,589 | \$ | \$ | \$ 818,589 | | | | | |
| U.S. treasury securities | _ | 1,349 | _ | 1,349 | | | | | |
| Commercial paper | _ | 1,243 | _ | 1,243 | | | | | |
| Investments: | | | | | | | | | |
| Mutual funds | 1,456 | _ | _ | 1,456 | | | | | |
| U.S. treasury securities | _ | 104,330 | _ | 104,330 | | | | | |
| Corporate debt securities | _ | 24,526 | _ | 24,526 | | | | | |
| Commercial paper | _ | 6,190 | _ | 6,190 | | | | | |
| U.S. agency securities | _ | 13,152 | | 13,152 | | | | | |
| Total financial assets | \$ 820,045 | \$ 150,790 | \$ | \$ 970,835 | | | | | |

| | March 31, 2025 | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|----|---------|---------|------------|--|--|
| | | Level 1 Level 2 | | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total | | |
| Cash equivalents: | | | | | | | | |
| Money market funds | \$ | 679,675 | \$ | _ | \$ | \$ 679,675 | | |
| U.S. treasury securities | | _ | | 1,577 | _ | 1,577 | | |
| Commercial paper | | _ | | 1,596 | _ | 1,596 | | |
| U.S. government agency securities | | _ | | 996 | _ | 996 | | |
| Investments: | | | | | | | | |
| Mutual funds | | 714 | | _ | _ | 714 | | |
| U.S. treasury securities | | _ | | 106,679 | _ | 106,679 | | |
| Corporate debt securities | | _ | | 22,514 | _ | 22,514 | | |
| Commercial paper | | _ | | 6,183 | _ | 6,183 | | |
| U.S. government agency securities | | _ | | 11,747 | _ | 11,747 | | |
| Total financial assets | \$ | 680,389 | \$ | 151,292 | \$ | \$ 831,681 | | |

The Company recorded interest income from its cash, cash equivalents, and investments of \$2.5 million and \$12.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

5. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, Net

Changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the three months ended June 30, 2025 consists of the following (in thousands):

| | J. | une 30, 2025 |
|------------------------------|----|--------------|
| Balance, beginning of period | \$ | 1,336,435 |
| Foreign currency impact | | 7,404 |
| Balance, end of period | \$ | 1,343,839 |

Intangible assets, net, excluding goodwill, consists of the following (in thousands):

| | | | | June 30, 2025 | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------|----|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------|--|
| | Gross Carrying Amount | | | Accumulated Amortization | Net Carrying Amount | | |
| Capitalized software | \$ | 223,829 | \$ | (198,513) | \$ | 25,316 | |
| Customer relationships | | 351,772 | | (351,628) | | 144 | |
| Trademarks and tradenames | | 55,003 | | (55,003) | | _ | |
| Total intangible assets | \$ | 630,604 | \$ | (605,144) | \$ | 25,460 | |

| | March 31, 2025 | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------|----|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------|--|--|
| | Gross Carrying Amount | | | Accumulated Amortization | Net Carrying Amount | | | |
| Capitalized software | \$ | 221,966 | \$ | (196,582) | \$ | 25,384 | | |
| Customer relationships | | 351,761 | | (351,611) | | 150 | | |
| Trademarks and tradenames | | 55,003 | | (55,003) | | _ | | |
| Total intangible assets | \$ | 628,730 | \$ | (603,196) | \$ | 25,534 | | |

Amortization of intangible assets totaled \$1.4 million and \$9.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

As of June 30, 2025, the estimated future amortization expense of the Company's intangible assets is as follows (in thousands):

| Fiscal Years Ending March 31, | Amount |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| 2026 (remaining nine months) | \$ 4,186 |
| 2027 | 5,581 |
| 2028 | 5,577 |
| 2029 | 4,666 |
| 2030 | 3,405 |
| Thereafter | 2,045 |
| Total | \$ 25,460 |

6. Income Taxes

The Company computes its interim provision for income taxes by applying the estimated annual effective tax rate to income from operations and adjusts the provision for discrete tax items occurring in the period. The Company's effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2025 was 41.1% compared to 26.8% for the three months ended June 30, 2024. The increase in the effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2025 was impacted by the intra-entity asset transfer of the global economic rights of the Company's IP to Switzerland in fiscal 2025 resulting in an increase to the global intangible low-taxed income ("GILTI") inclusion, primarily due to an increase in capitalized research and development expenses within GILTI, a decrease to the foreign-derived intangible income deduction, and establishment of a current year uncertain tax position. Dynatrace elects to treat GILTI as a period cost for GAAP purposes.

On July 4, 2025, the "One Big Beautiful Bill Act" (the "OBBBA") was enacted into law. The OBBBA includes changes to U.S. tax law that will be applicable to the Company beginning in fiscal 2026. These changes include provisions allowing accelerated tax deductions for research expenditures. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact of the OBBBA to its consolidated financial statements.

7. Long-term Debt

On December 2, 2022, the Company entered into a Credit Agreement for a senior secured revolving credit facility (as amended to date, the "Credit Facility") in an aggregate amount of \$400.0 million. The Credit Facility has sublimits for swing line loans up to \$0.0 million and for the issuance of standby letters of credit in a face amount up to \$45.0 million. The Credit Facility will mature on December 2, 2027. As of June 30, 2025 and March 31, 2025, there were no amounts outstanding under the Credit Facility. There were \$1.0 million and \$0.8 million of letters of credit issued as of June 30, 2025 and March 31, 2025, respectively. The Company had \$399.0 million and \$399.2 million of availability under the Credit Facility as of June 30, 2025 and March 31, 2025, respectively.

Borrowings under the Credit Facility are available in U.S. dollars, Euros, Pounds Sterling and Canadian Dollars, with a sublimit of \$100.0 million for non-U.S. dollar-denominated borrowings. Borrowings under the Credit Facility currently bear interest at (i) the Term Secured Overnight Financing Rate plus 0.10%, (ii) the Adjusted Euro Interbank Offer Rate, (iii) the Canadian Overnight Repo Rate Average, (iv) the Base Rate, as defined per the Credit Facility, or (v) the Sterling Overnight Index Average, in each case plus an applicable margin as defined per the Credit Agreement. Interest payments are due quarterly, or more frequently, based on the terms of the Credit Facility.

The Company incurs fees with respect to the Credit Facility, including (i) a commitment fee ranging from 0.175% to 0.35% per annum, dependent on the Company's leverage ratio, as defined per the Credit Facility, of the unused commitment under the Credit Facility, (ii) a fronting fee of 0.125% per annum of the face amount of each letter of credit, (iii) a participation fee equal to the applicable margin, as defined per the Credit Facility, applied to the daily average face amount of letters of credit, and (iv) customary administrative fees.

Debt issuance costs of \$1.9 million were incurred in connection with the Credit Facility. The debt issuance costs are included within "Other assets" in the condensed consolidated balance sheets and are being amortized into interest expense over the contractual term of the Credit Facility. There were \$0.9 million and \$1.0 million of unamortized debt issuance costs as of June 30, 2025 and March 31, 2025, respectively.

Pursuant to the Credit Facility, obligations owed under the Credit Facility are secured by a first priority security interest on substantially all assets of Dynatrace LLC and other wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company, including a pledge of the capital stock and other equity interests of certain subsidiaries. Under certain circumstances, the guarantees may be released without action by, or consent of, the administrative agent of the Credit Facility. The Credit Facility contains customary affirmative and negative covenants, including financial covenants that require the Company to maintain specified financial ratios. At June 30, 2025, the Company was in compliance with all applicable covenants.

Interest expense

Interest expense, including amortization of debt issuance costs and original issuance discount, was \$0.2 million and \$0.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

8. Leases

The Company leases office space under non-cancelable operating leases which expire at various dates from fiscal 2026 to 2035. As of June 30, 2025, the weighted average remaining lease term was 6.2 years and the weighted average discount rate was 4.3%. The Company did not have any finance leases as of June 30, 2025.

The following table presents information about leases on the condensed consolidated statements of operations (in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------|----|-------|--|--|--|
| | 2025 | | 2024 | | | |
| Operating lease expense | \$ 3,883 | \$ | 4,132 | | | |
| Short-term lease expense | \$ 687 | \$ | 601 | | | |
| Variable lease expense | \$ 295 | \$ | 487 | | | |

The following table presents supplemental cash flow information about the Company's leases (in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|----|--------|--|--|--|
| | 2025 | | 2024 | | | |
| Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities | \$ 4,145 | \$ | 5,190 | | | |
| Operating lease assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease liabilities(1) | \$ 12,280 | \$ | 16,505 | | | |

Three Months Ended June 30

⁽¹⁾ Includes the impact of new leases as well as remeasurements and modifications of existing leases.

As of June 30, 2025, remaining maturities of lease liabilities were as follows (in thousands):

| Fiscal Years Ending March 31, | Amount |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| 2026 | \$ 13,740 |
| 2027 | 18,605 |
| 2028 | 14,801 |
| 2029 | 13,644 |
| 2030 | 12,797 |
| Thereafter | 26,160 |
| Total operating lease payments | 99,747 |
| Less: imputed interest | (11,999) |
| Total operating lease liabilities | \$ 87,748 |

As of June 30, 2025, the Company had commitments of \$91.8 million for operating leases that have not yet commenced, and therefore are not included in the right-of-use assets or operating lease liabilities. These operating leases are expected to commence during fiscal year 2026 with lease terms ranging from 2 years to 10 years.

9. Commitments and Contingencies

Legal matters

The Company is, from time to time, party to legal proceedings and subject to claims in the ordinary course of business. Although the outcome of legal proceedings and claims cannot be predicted with certainty, the Company currently believes that the resolution of any such matters will not have a material adverse effect on its business, operating results, financial condition, or cash flows.

10. Shareholders' Equity

Share Repurchase Program

In May 2024, the Company announced a share repurchase program for up to \$500 million of common stock. The share repurchase program does not have a time limit, does not obligate the Company to acquire a specific number of shares, and may be suspended, modified, or terminated at any time, without prior notice. Repurchases may be made from time to time on the open market, pursuant to 10b5-1 trading plans, or by other legally permissible means.

For the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Company repurchased and retired 0.9 million and 1.1 million shares of its common stock for a total of \$45.0 million and \$50.1 million, respectively. As of June 30, 2025, \$282.4 million remained available for future repurchases.

11. Share-based Compensation

The following table summarizes the components of total share-based compensation expense included in the condensed consolidated statements of operations for each period presented (in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|----|--------|--|--|--|
| | 2025 | | 2024 | | | |
| Cost of revenue | \$ 9,850 | \$ | 7,730 | | | |
| Research and development | 26,861 | | 21,580 | | | |
| Sales and marketing | 20,034 | | 16,022 | | | |
| General and administrative | 15,150 | | 12,325 | | | |
| Total share-based compensation | \$ 71,895 | \$ | 57,657 | | | |

Amended and Restated 2019 Equity Incentive Plan

In July 2019, the Company's Board of Directors (the "Board"), upon the recommendation of the Compensation Committee of the Board, adopted the 2019 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2019 Plan"), which was subsequently approved by the Company's stockholders and was later amended and restated by the Board in January 2021.

The Company initially reserved 52,000,000 shares of common stock for the issuance of awards under the 2019 Plan. The 2019 Plan provides that the number of shares reserved and available for issuance under the plan automatically increases each April 1 by 4% of

the outstanding number of shares of the Company's common stock on the immediately preceding March 31 or such lesser number determined by the compensation committee. This number is subject to adjustment in the event of a stock split, stock dividend or other change in the Company's capitalization. As of June 30, 2025, 63,169,133 shares of common stock were available for future issuance under the 2019 Plan.

Restricted shares and units

The following table provides a summary of the changes in the number of restricted stock units ("RSUs") and restricted stock awards ("RSAs") for the three months ended June 30, 2025:

| _ | Number of RSUs | | | Number of RSAs | G | Weighted Average Frant Date Fair Value |
|-------------------------|----------------|----|-------------|-------------------|----|---|
| | (in thousands) | | (per share) | (in thousands) | | (per share) |
| Balance, March 31, 2025 | 10,024 | \$ | 48.33 | 95 | \$ | 49.05 |
| Granted | 5,842 | | 55.78 | 41 | | 49.05 |
| Vested | (2,622) | | 47.39 | (29) | | 49.05 |
| Forfeited | (196) | | 48.33 | | | _ |
| Balance, June 30, 2025 | 13,048 | \$ | 51.85 | 107 | \$ | 49.05 |

RSUs outstanding as of June 30, 2025 were comprised of 11.6 million RSUs with only service conditions and 1.4 million RSUs with both service and performance or market-based conditions ("PSUs").

During the three months ended June 30, 2025, the Company granted PSUs that contain financial performance conditions (the "Financial PSUs") and PSUs based on relative total stockholder return performance (the "rTSR PSUs"). Both the Financial PSUs and rTSR PSUs are not earned if the applicable threshold percentage of the specific metric is not achieved. The maximum number of shares that may be earned is 200% of the target award. The PSUs are also subject to time-based vesting and are contingent upon the employee remaining employed by the Company or one of its subsidiaries through the applicable vesting dates.

The Financial PSUs generally vest 33% one year after the grant date and the remaining 67% vest ratably on a quarterly basis over the following two years. The number of shares that may be earned pursuant to the Financial PSUs is based on specific Company metrics related to the Company's fiscal year ending March 31, 2026.

The rTSR PSUs generally vest 33% annually after the grant date. The number of shares that may be earned pursuant to the rTSR PSUs is based on the Company's stock price performance relative to companies that are the constituents of the Russell 3000 index over performance periods of one, two, and three fiscal years that began on April 1, 2025.

As of June 30, 2025, the total unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested RSAs is \$4.2 million and is to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.5 years. As of June 30, 2025, the total unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested RSUs was \$617.4 million and is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.3 years.

Stock options

The following table summarizes activity for stock options during the three months ended June 30, 2025:

| | Number of Options | _1 | Weighted Average Exercise Price | Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term | | Aggregate Intrinsic Val | | |
|--|-------------------|----|---------------------------------------|---|----|----------------------------|-----------|--|
| | (in thousands) | | (per share) | (years) | | (in thousands | housands) | |
| Balance, March 31, 2025 | 2,072 | \$ | 22.07 | | | | | |
| Exercised | (112) | | 21.58 | | | | | |
| Forfeited or expired | (18) | | 23.74 | | | | | |
| Balance, June 30, 2025 | 1,942 | \$ | 22.09 | 4.3 | \$ | 64,3 | 40 | |
| Options vested and expected to vest at June 30, 2025 | 1,942 | \$ | 22.09 | 4.3 | \$ | 64,3 | 40 | |
| Options vested and exercisable at June 30, 2025 | 1,942 | \$ | 22.08 | 4.3 | \$ | 64,3 | 40 | |

As of June 30, 2025, the total unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested stock options was immaterial.

Employee Stock Purchase Plan

In July 2019, the Board adopted, and the Company's stockholders approved, the 2019 Employee Stock Purchase Plan ("ESPP"). The Company offers, sells and issues shares of common stock under this ESPP from time to time based on various factors and conditions, although the Company is under no obligation to sell any shares under this ESPP. The ESPP provides for six-month offering periods and each offering period consists of six-month purchase periods. On each purchase date, eligible employees purchase shares of the Company's common stock at a price per share equal to 85% of the lesser of (1) the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the offering date or (2) the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the purchase date. During the three months ended June 30, 2025, 254,204 shares of common stock were purchased under the ESPP. As of June 30, 2025, 21,047,506 shares of common stock were available for future issuance under the ESPP.

As of June 30, 2025, there was approximately \$3.4 million of unrecognized share-based compensation related to the ESPP that is expected to be recognized over the remaining term of the current offering period.

12. Net Income Per Share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net income per share (in thousands, except per share data):

| | | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | |
|---|--------|-------------------------------------|----|------|--------------------|--|
| | - | 2025 | | 2024 | | |
| fumerator: | | | | | | |
| let income | \$ | 47,955 | \$ | | 38,620 | |
| Penominator: | | | | | | |
| Veighted average shares outstanding, basic | | 300,153 | | | 297,358 | |
| pilutive effect of share-based awards | | 4,007 | | | 3,608 | |
| Veighted average shares outstanding, diluted | | 304,160 | | | 300,966 | |
| | | | | | | |
| let income per share, basic | \$ | 0.16 | \$ | | 0.13 | |
| let income per share, diluted | \$ | 0.16 | \$ | | 0.13 | |
| Veighted average shares outstanding, basic bilutive effect of share-based awards Veighted average shares outstanding, diluted Vet income per share, basic | \$ | 300,153 4,007 304,160 0.16 | \$ | | 297, 3, 300, | |

The effect of certain common share equivalents were excluded from the computation of weighted-average diluted shares outstanding for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 as inclusion would have resulted in anti-dilution. A summary of these weighted-average anti-dilutive common share equivalents is provided in the table below (in thousands):

| | Three Months E | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | 2025 | 2024 | | | | |
| Stock options | 44 | 124 | | | | |
| Unvested RSAs and RSUs | 1,951 | 2,012 | | | | |
| Shares committed under ESPP | 13 | 2 | | | | |

13. Segment and Geographic Information

The Company's chief operating decision maker ("CODM") is its Chief Executive Officer. The CODM uses consolidated net income for purposes of making operating decisions, assessing financial performance and allocating resources in the budget and forecasting process and budget-to-actual reviews. As such, the Company has determined that it operates as one operating and reportable segment.

The CODM also utilizes expense information in order to assess the Company's financial performance. The Company's significant expenses and other segment items, as included in consolidated net income, are provided in the table below (in thousands):

| | | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | |
|---|----|-----------------------------|----|---------|--|--|
| | 20 | 25 | | 2024 | | |
| Revenue | \$ | 477,349 | \$ | 399,220 | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Adjusted cost of revenue ⁽¹⁾ | | 73,107 | | 61,758 | | |
| Adjusted research and development expenses ⁽¹⁾ | | 77,908 | | 63,586 | | |
| Adjusted sales and marketing expenses ⁽¹⁾ | | 142,979 | | 127,580 | | |
| Adjusted general and administrative expenses ⁽¹⁾ | | 40,249 | | 32,046 | | |
| Share-based compensation and related employer payroll taxes | | 79,920 | | 63,066 | | |
| Amortization of intangibles | | 848 | | 9,155 | | |
| Other segment items ⁽²⁾ | | 14,383 | | 3,409 | | |
| Segment net income | | 47,955 | | 38,620 | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Consolidated net income | \$ | 47,955 | \$ | 38,620 | | |

⁽¹⁾ Excludes share-based compensation; employer payroll taxes on employee stock transactions; amortization of intangibles; and transaction, restructuring and other-non-recurring or unusual items, which are independently reviewed by the CODM.

Revenue

Revenues by geography are based on the location of the customer (or end-customer under partner transactions). Refer to Note 3, Revenue Recognition, for a disaggregation of revenue by geographic region.

Long-lived assets, net

The following table presents the Company's long-lived assets, net, which consists of property and equipment, net, and operating lease right-of-use asset, net, by geographic region for the periods presented (in thousands):

| | \mathbf{J}_{T} | une 30, 2025 | March 31, 2025 | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------|--------------|----------------|---------|--|
| North America | \$ | 46,896 | \$ | 36,522 | |
| Europe, Middle East and Africa | | 93,847 | | 88,255 | |
| Asia Pacific | | 3,810 | | 3,577 | |
| Latin America | | 663 | | 647 | |
| Total long-lived assets, net | \$ | 145,216 | \$ | 129,001 | |

⁽²⁾ Other segment items primarily includes interest income, net; other income (expense), net; and income tax expense, as reported in the condensed consolidated statements of operations. There were no transaction, restructuring, or other non-recurring or unusual items for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes appearing elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. We prepare our condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America ("GAAP") and applicable SEC rules and regulations regarding interim financial reporting. The following discussion and analysis contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. When reviewing the discussion below, you should keep in mind the substantial risks and uncertainties that could impact our business. In particular, we encourage you to review the risks and uncertainties described in the section titled "Risk Factors" included elsewhere in this Form 10-Q and in our Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025 (the "Annual Report"). These risks and uncertainties could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected in forward-looking statements contained in this report or implied by past results and trends. Our fiscal year ends on March 31. Our historical results are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for any period in the future, and our interim results are not necessarily indicative of the results we expect for the full fiscal year or any other period.

Overview

Dynatrace is advancing observability for today's digital businesses, helping to transform the complexity of modern digital ecosystems into powerful business assets. By leveraging AI-powered insights, Dynatrace enables organizations to analyze, automate, and innovate faster to drive their business forward. Our vision is a world where software works perfectly.

The Dynatrace platform combines broad and deep observability, continuous runtime application security, and advanced AI to support IT operations, development, security, business, and executive teams. This comprehensive approach enables organizations to optimize cloud and IT operations, accelerate secure software delivery, and improve digital performance.

Our customer base includes some of the largest global enterprises. These organizations rely on the Dynatrace platform as part of their plans to accelerate the adoption of cloudnative and AI-native initiatives and to address the related challenges of increasing workloads, dynamic environments, and evolving cybersecurity threats. Our ability to provide
sophisticated analytics and our advanced automation capabilities support their operational goals in environments characterized by rapid technological changes. Cloud
modernization and the dramatic growth in the use of AI have resulted in an explosion of data and a massive increase in its scale and complexity that are untenable for many
organizations to manage as they previously did. As a result, we believe the need for comprehensive end-to-end observability, such as the Dynatrace platform, has become
mandatory, especially for larger organizations building resiliency into ever more complex environments. We also believe our company has a significant market opportunity
based on the technical differentiation of our platform, our ability to integrate successfully into customers' cloud ecosystems, and the trust that we have built within our customer
base and partner ecosystem.

We take Dynatrace to market through a combination of our global direct sales team and a network of partners, including global system integrators ("GSIs"), cloud providers, resellers and technology alliance partners. We target the largest 15,000 global enterprise accounts, which generally have annual revenues in excess of \$1 billion, which we believe see more value from our integrated full-stack platform.

We generate revenue primarily by selling subscriptions, which we define as Software-as-a-Service ("SaaS") agreements, term-based licenses, and maintenance and support agreements. The majority of our customers deploy Dynatrace as a SaaS solution to get the latest Dynatrace features and updates with greatly reduced administrative effort. We also provide options to deploy our platform in customer-provisioned infrastructure.

The Dynatrace Platform Subscription ("DPS") licensing model provides customers with a flexible, scalable, and transparent subscription for the modern cloud. Under the DPS licensing model, a customer makes a minimum annual spend commitment at the platform level and then consumes that commitment based on actual usage and a straightforward rate card. Any platform capability can be used in any quantity at any time based on the customer's evolving needs.

The Dynatrace platform has been commercially available since 2016 and is the primary offering we sell.

First-Quarter 2026 Financial Highlights

Our financial highlights for the three months ended June 30, 2025 were:

- Our annual recurring revenue ("ARR") was \$1,822 million as of June 30, 2025, which reflected 18% growth year-over-year;
- Our total revenue was \$477 million, which reflected 20% growth year-over-year;
- Our subscription revenue was \$458 million, which reflected 20% growth year-over-year;
- · We delivered GAAP income from operations of \$62 million and non-GAAP income from operations⁽¹⁾ of \$143 million; and

- Our net cash provided by operating activities and free cash flow⁽¹⁾ was \$270 million and \$262 million, respectively.
- (1) Non-GAAP financial measure. For additional information, please see the "Key Metrics" section below for applicable definitions and the "Non-GAAP Financial Results" section below for a reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure.

We believe in a disciplined and balanced approach to operating our business. We plan to continue driving innovation to meet customers' needs and grow our customer relationships. We also plan to invest in future growth opportunities that we expect will drive long-term value, while leveraging our global partner ecosystem, optimizing costs, and improving efficiency and profitability.

We believe this approach is even more important at this time as we navigate the current macroeconomic environment, which can include geopolitical considerations, tariffs and trade policies, fluctuations in credit, equity, and foreign currency markets, changes in inflation, interest rates, consumer confidence and spending, and other factors that may affect the buying patterns of our customers and prospective customers, including the size of transactions and length of sales cycles. In the ongoing dynamic macroeconomic landscape, we have seen resiliency in our industry and we remain confident in our ability to execute in this environment. Please see the section titled "Risk Factors" included under Part II, Item 1A of this Quarterly Report for further discussion of the possible impact of macroeconomic conditions on our business and regarding fluctuations in our annual and quarterly operating results.

Key Factors Affecting Our Performance

Our historical financial performance has been, and we expect our financial performance in the future to be, driven by our ability to:

- Extend our technology and market leadership position. We intend to maintain our position as a leading AI-powered observability platform through increased investment in innovation, research and development, and innovation. We plan to expand the functionality of our end-to-end Dynatrace platform and invest in capabilities that address new market opportunities. For example, in fiscal 2026, we believe we are well positioned to grow our next generation log management offering, which integrates logs, traces, metrics, and other core observability and security data types into a single platform, providing customers with greater value than legacy log management solutions that are viewed as too expensive, providing too little value, or largely operating independently from existing monitoring tools. We also plan to evolve our AI capabilities to drive differentiation, with a focus on evolving into an agentic AI platform that can act autonomously to make decisions and take actions without human intervention. We believe this strategy will enable new growth opportunities and allow us to deliver differentiated high-value outcomes to our customers.
- Expand and strengthen our relationships with existing customers. We plan to establish new and deeper relationships within our existing customers' organizations and expand the breadth of our platform capabilities to provide for expansion opportunities. In addition, we believe the ease of implementation of Dynatrace provides us with the opportunity to expand adoption within our existing enterprise customers, across new customer applications, with cloud-native and development teams, and into additional business units or divisions. We also believe that our DPS licensing model will drive broader consumption of the Dynatrace platform and further expansion opportunities for customers that prefer the flexibility and predictability of pricing under that model. Over 45% of our customer base and over 65% of our ARR leveraged this flexible, scalable, and transparent subscription approach as of June 30, 2025. With access to the full Dynatrace platform, DPS customers are able to adopt Dynatrace more broadly across their IT environments, which can lead to increased consumption.
- Grow our customer base. We intend to drive new customer growth through ongoing investments in our go-to-market strategy focused on customer segmentation, partner enablement, and continued expansion of our sales motion beyond application performance to include end-to-end observability, tool consolidation, and cloud modernization. We are focused on the largest 15,000 global enterprise accounts, which generally have annual revenues in excess of \$1 billion and more complex IT ecosystems and cloud environments. We have also increased the focus of our sales force on the largest 500 global companies and strategic enterprise accounts. In addition, we plan to expand our reach internationally to what we believe are large, mostly untapped, markets for our company, while leveraging our sector specialization globally.
- Leverage our strategic partner ecosystem. We intend to invest in our strategic partner ecosystem, with a particular emphasis on building cloud-focused, loyal and comprehensive partnerships with GSIs and hyperscaler cloud providers. These strategic partners continually work with their customers to help them digitally transform their businesses and reduce cloud complexity. By working more closely with strategic partners, our objective is to participate in digital transformation projects earlier in the purchasing cycle and enable customers to establish more resilient cloud deployments from the start.

Key Metrics

We monitor the following key metrics to help us measure and evaluate the effectiveness of our operations:

| | As of June 30, | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--|----|-----------|--|--|
| | 2025 | | 1 | | |
| | (in thousands, except percentages) | | | | |
| Total ARR | \$ 1,822,205 | \$ | 1,540,631 | | |
| Year-over-year increase | 18 % | | | | |
| Dollar-based net retention rate | 111 % | | 112 % | | |

| | | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | |
|--|---------|-----------------------------|---------|--|--|--|
| | <u></u> | 2025 | 2024 | | | |
| | | (in thousands) | | | | |
| Non-GAAP income from operations ⁽¹⁾ | \$ | 143,106 \$ | 114,250 | | | |
| Free cash flow ⁽¹⁾ | | 262,016 | 227,382 | | | |

(1) Non-GAAP financial measure. For additional information, please see the applicable definitions below and the "Non-GAAP Financial Results" section below for a reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure.

ARR: We define ARR as the daily revenue of all subscription agreements that are actively generating revenue as of the last day of the reporting period multiplied by 365. We exclude from our calculation of ARR any revenues derived from month-to-month agreements and/or product usage overage billings.

Dollar-based net retention rate: We define the dollar-based net retention rate as the ARR at the end of a reporting period for the cohort of Dynatrace accounts as of one year prior to the date of calculation, divided by the ARR one year prior to the date of calculation for that same cohort. Our dollar-based net retention rate reflects customer renewals, expansion, contraction and churn. Dollar-based net retention rate is presented on a constant currency basis.

Non-GAAP income from operations: We define non-GAAP income from operations as GAAP income from operations adjusted for the following items: share-based compensation; employer payroll taxes on employee stock transactions; amortization of intangibles; transaction, restructuring and other non-recurring or unusual items that may arise from time to time.

Free cash flow: We define free cash flow as the net cash provided by or used in operating activities less capital expenditures, reflected as purchase of property and equipment and capitalized software additions in our financial statements.

Non-GAAP Financial Results

To supplement our condensed consolidated financial statements, which are prepared and presented in accordance with GAAP, we provide investors with certain non-GAAP financial measures, including non-GAAP income from operations and free cash flow. We use these non-GAAP financial measures for financial and operational decision-making purposes and as a means to evaluate period-to-period comparisons and liquidity. We believe that these non-GAAP financial measures provide useful information about our operating results, enhance the overall understanding of past financial performance, and allow for greater transparency with respect to metrics used by our management in its financial and operational decision-making.

The presentation of the non-GAAP financial measures is not intended to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for, or superior to, the financial information prepared and presented in accordance with GAAP. Our non-GAAP financial measures may not provide information that is directly comparable to similarly titled metrics provided by other companies.

The tables below provide a reconciliation of our non-GAAP income from operations and free cash flow to their most directly comparable GAAP measure:

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|---------|--|--|--|
| | 2025 | 2024 | | | |
| | (in thousa | ands) | | | |
| GAAP income from operations | \$ 62,338 \$ | 42,029 | | | |
| Share-based compensation | 71,895 | 57,657 | | | |
| Employer payroll taxes on employee stock transactions | 8,025 | 5,409 | | | |
| Amortization of intangibles | 848 | 9,155 | | | |
| Transaction, restructuring, and other | _ | _ | | | |
| Non-GAAP income from operations | \$ 143,106 \$ | 114,250 | | | |
| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | |
| | 2025 | 2024 | | | |
| | (in thousa | nds) | | | |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ 269,692 \$ | 230,741 | | | |
| Purchase of property and equipment | (7,482) | (3,359) | | | |
| Capitalized software additions | (194) | _ | | | |

Key Components of Results of Operations

262,016

227,382

Revenue

Free cash flow

Revenue includes subscriptions and services.

Subscription. Our subscription revenue consists of (i) SaaS agreements, (ii) term-based licenses which are recognized ratably over the contract term, and (iii) maintenance and support agreements. We typically invoice SaaS subscription fees and term licenses annually in advance and recognize subscription revenue ratably over the term of the applicable agreement, provided that all other revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. See the section titled "Revenue Recognition" within the footnote titled "Significant Accounting Policies" included in Part II, Item 8 of our Annual Report for more information.

Service. Service revenue consists of revenue from helping our customers deploy our software in highly complex operational environments and training their personnel. We recognize the revenues associated with these professional services on a time and materials basis as we deliver the services or provide the training. We generally recognize the revenues associated with our services in the period the services are performed, provided that collection of the related receivable is reasonably assured.

Cost of Revenue

Cost of subscription. Cost of subscription revenue includes all direct costs to deliver and support our subscription products, including salaries, benefits, bonuses, share-based compensation and related expenses such as employer taxes, third-party hosting fees related to our cloud services, allocated overhead for depreciation, facilities, and IT, and amortization of internally developed capitalized software technology. We recognize these expenses as they are incurred.

Cost of service. Cost of service revenue includes salaries, benefits, bonuses, share-based compensation and related expenses such as employer taxes, and allocated overhead for depreciation, facilities, and IT. We recognize these expenses as they are incurred.

Amortization of acquired technology. Amortization of acquired technology includes amortization expense for technology acquired when our former controlling stockholder (the Thoma Bravo Funds) acquired our company in 2014 and from business combinations and asset acquisitions. During the year ended March 31, 2025, the acquired technology from the Thoma Bravo Funds' acquisition of our company became fully amortized, therefore we expect amortization expense to decrease as compared to historical periods.

Gross Profit and Gross Margin

Gross profit is revenue less cost of revenue, and gross margin is gross profit as a percentage of revenue. Gross profit has been and will continue to be affected by various factors, including the mix of our subscription and service revenue, the costs associated with third-party cloud-based hosting services for our cloud-based subscriptions, and the extent to which we expand our customer support and services organizations. We expect that our gross margin will fluctuate from period to period depending on the interplay of these various factors.

Operating Expenses

Personnel costs, which consist of salaries, benefits, bonuses, share-based compensation and, with regard to sales and marketing expenses, sales commissions, are the most significant component of our operating expenses. We also incur other non-personnel costs, such as an allocation of our general overhead expenses, including depreciation, facilities, IT, and other costs.

Research and development. Research and development expenses primarily consist of the cost of programming personnel. We focus our research and development efforts on developing new solutions, core technologies, and to further enhance the functionality, reliability, performance and flexibility of existing solutions. We believe that our software development teams and our core technologies represent a significant competitive advantage for us and we expect that our research and development expenses will continue to increase in absolute dollars as we invest in research and development headcount to further strengthen and enhance our solutions.

Sales and marketing. Sales and marketing expenses primarily consist of personnel and facility-related costs for our sales, marketing, and business development personnel, commissions earned by our sales personnel, and the cost of marketing and business development programs. We expect that sales and marketing expenses will continue to increase in absolute dollars as we continue to hire additional sales and marketing personnel and invest in marketing programs.

General and administrative. General and administrative expenses primarily consist of the personnel and facility-related costs for our executive, finance, legal, people and culture and administrative personnel, and other corporate expenses, including those associated with our ongoing public reporting obligations. We anticipate continuing to incur additional expenses as we continue to invest in the growth of our operations.

Amortization of other intangibles. Amortization of other intangibles primarily consists of amortization of customer relationships and tradenames acquired when our former controlling stockholder (the Thoma Bravo Funds) acquired our company in 2014 and from business combinations. During the year ended March 31, 2025, the customer relationships and tradenames acquired from the Thoma Bravo Funds' acquisition of our company became fully amortized, therefore we expect amortization expense to decrease as compared to historical periods.

Interest Income, Net

Interest income, net, consists primarily of interest income from money market funds, bank deposits, debt securities held as investments, and certificates of deposits, partially offset by interest expense associated with fees on our Credit Facility (as defined later in this section) and amortization of debt issuance costs.

Other Income (Expense), Net

Other income (expense), net, consists primarily of foreign currency realized and unrealized gains and losses related to the impact of transactions denominated in a foreign currency, including balances between subsidiaries.

Income Tax Expense

We are subject to income taxes in both the United States and numerous foreign jurisdictions. Significant judgments and estimates are required in determining the consolidated income tax expense.

Our income tax rate varies from the U.S. federal statutory rate mainly due to (1) the net global intangible low-taxed income ("GILTI") inclusion, (2) foreign withholding taxes, and (3) nondeductible executive compensation. We expect these items to continue to affect our income tax rate and income tax expense.

Pillar Two proposal

Many countries have enacted or are in the process of enacting laws based on the Pillar Two proposal relating to a 15% global minimum tax issued by the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development ("OECD"). For fiscal 2026, we do not expect these provisions to have a material impact on our condensed consolidated financial statements based on the guidance available thus far. We will continue to monitor ongoing developments and evaluate any potential impact on future periods.

U.S. Tax Legislation

On July 4, 2025, the "One Big Beautiful Bill Act" (the "OBBBA") was enacted into law. The OBBBA includes changes to U.S. tax law that will be applicable to our company beginning in fiscal 2026. These changes include provisions allowing accelerated tax deductions for research expenditures. We are in the process of evaluating the impact of the OBBBA to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Results of Operations

The following tables set forth our results of operations for the periods presented. The period-to-period comparison of financial results is not necessarily indicative of financial results to be achieved in future periods.

Comparison of the Three Months Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

| | | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | | |
|---|------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|---------|--|--|--|
| | 2 | 025 | 202 | 24 | | | |
| | Amount | Percent | Amount | Percent | | | |
| | | (in thousands, ex | (cept percentages) | | | | |
| Revenue: | | | | | | | |
| Subscription | \$ 457,507 | 96% | \$ 381,576 | 96% | | | |
| Service | 19,842 | 4% | 17,644 | 4% | | | |
| Total revenue | 477,349 | 100% | 399,220 | 100% | | | |
| Cost of revenue: | | | | | | | |
| Cost of subscription | 65,018 | 14% | 53,572 | 13% | | | |
| Cost of service | 19,355 | 4% | 16,802 | 5% | | | |
| Amortization of acquired technology | 836 | % | 4,379 | 1% | | | |
| Total cost of revenue ⁽¹⁾ | 85,209 | 18% | 74,753 | 19% | | | |
| Gross profit | 392,140 | 82% | 324,467 | 81% | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Operating expenses: | | | | | | | |
| Research and development(1) | 108,172 | 23% | 87,578 | 22% | | | |
| Sales and marketing(1) | 165,314 | 35% | 145,106 | 36% | | | |
| General and administrative ⁽¹⁾ | 56,304 | 12% | 44,978 | 11% | | | |
| Amortization of other intangibles | 12 | % | 4,776 | 1% | | | |
| Total operating expenses | 329,802 | | 282,438 | | | | |
| Income from operations | 62,338 | 13% | 42,029 | 11% | | | |
| Interest income, net | 12,295 | | 12,775 | | | | |
| Other income (expense), net | 6,757 | | (2,035) | | | | |
| Income before income taxes | 81,390 | | 52,769 | | | | |
| Income tax expense | (33,435) | | (14,149) | | | | |
| Net income | \$ 47,955 | | \$ 38,620 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

⁽¹⁾ Includes share-based compensation expense as follows:

| | - | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--------|--|--|--|
| | 202 | 5 | 2024 | | | |
| | | (in thousands) | | | | |
| Cost of revenue | \$ | 9,850 \$ | 7,730 | | | |
| Research and development | | 26,861 | 21,580 | | | |
| Sales and marketing | | 20,034 | 16,022 | | | |
| General and administrative | | 15,150 | 12,325 | | | |
| Total share-based compensation | \$ | 71,895 \$ | 57,657 | | | |

Revenue

| | T | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | C | hange |
|---------------|----|-----------------------------|----|---------|----|----------------|---------|
| | | 2025 | | 2024 | | Amount | Percent |
| | | (in thousands, ex | | | | t percentages) | _ |
| Subscription | \$ | 457,507 | \$ | 381,576 | \$ | 75,931 | 20% |
| Service | | 19,842 | | 17,644 | | 2,198 | 12% |
| Total revenue | \$ | 477,349 | \$ | 399,220 | \$ | 78,129 | 20% |

Subscription

Subscription revenue increased by \$75.9 million, or 20%, for the three months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024, primarily due to existing customers expanding their use of the Dynatrace platform combined with the adoption of our solutions by new customers. In addition, variable on-demand consumption revenue increased \$9.1 million as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024, primarily driven by a \$7.4 million benefit due to a variable consideration change in estimate.

Service

Service revenue increased by \$2.2 million, or 12%, for the three months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024. The increase was primarily due to growth in customer demand for product enablement and adoption services.

Cost of Revenue

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | Change | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------|-----------|--------|------------------|-----------------|-------|--|--------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|--------|---------|
| | 2025 2024 | | 2025 2024 | | 2025 2024 Amount | | 2024 | | 5 2024 | | 2025 2024 | | 2025 2024 | | Amount | Percent |
| | (in thousands, e | | | | exce | pt percentages) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cost of subscription | \$ | 65,018 | \$ | 53,572 | \$ | 11,446 | 21% | | | | | | | | | |
| Cost of service | | 19,355 | | 16,802 | | 2,553 | 15% | | | | | | | | | |
| Amortization of acquired technology | | 836 | | 4,379 | | (3,543) | (81%) | | | | | | | | | |
| Total cost of revenue | \$ | 85,209 | \$ | 74,753 | \$ | 10,456 | 14% | | | | | | | | | |

Cost of subscription

Cost of subscription increased by \$11.4 million, or 21%, for the three months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024. The increase was primarily due to increased cloud-based hosting costs of \$7.1 million to support the growing usage of the Dynatrace SaaS platform and increased personnel costs of \$4.1 million, inclusive of a \$1.5 million increase in share-based compensation, largely due to headcount growth to support our growing customer base.

Cost of service

Cost of service increased by \$2.6 million, or 15%, for the three months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024. The increase was primarily the result of increased personnel costs of \$3.1 million, inclusive of a \$0.7 million increase in share-based compensation, as our service delivery organization has scaled to support our product enablement and adoption within our customer base.

Amortization of acquired technology

Amortization of acquired technology decreased by \$3.5 million, or 81%, for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024. The decrease was primarily the result of certain acquired technology becoming fully amortized during fiscal 2025.

Gross Profit and Gross Margin

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | Change | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------|---------|-------------------------|--------|--------|---------|--|
| | 2025 | 2025 | | 2024 | Amount | | Percent | |
| | | | (in the | (in thousands, except p | | ges) | | |
| Gross profit: | | | | | | | | |
| Subscription | \$ 3 | 92,489 | \$ | 328,004 | \$ | 64,485 | 20% | |
| Service | | 487 | | 842 | | (355) | (42%) | |
| Amortization of acquired technology | | (836) | | (4,379) | | 3,543 | (81%) | |
| Total gross profit | \$ 3 | 92,140 | \$ | 324,467 | \$ | 67,673 | 21% | |
| Gross margin: | | | | | | | | |
| Subscription | 86 | % | | 86% | | | | |
| Service | 2 | % | | 5% | | | | |
| Amortization of acquired technology | (100 | %) | | (100%) | | | | |
| Total gross margin | 82 | % | | 81% | | | | |

Subscription

Subscription gross profit increased by \$64.5 million, or 20%, during the three months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024. Subscription gross margin remained consistent at 86%.

Service

Service gross profit decreased by \$0.4 million during the three months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024. Service gross margin decreased to 2% for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to 5% for the three months ended June 30, 2024. The decrease in gross profit and gross margin was primarily due to increased share-based compensation expense.

Operating Expenses

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Change | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|----|---------|----|---------|---------|
| | 2025 | | 2024 | | Amount | Percent |
| | (in thousands, except percentages) | | | | | |
| Operating expenses: | | | | | | |
| Research and development | \$ 108,172 | \$ | 87,578 | \$ | 20,594 | 24% |
| Sales and marketing | 165,314 | | 145,106 | | 20,208 | 14% |
| General and administrative | 56,304 | | 44,978 | | 11,326 | 25% |
| Amortization of other intangibles | 12 | | 4,776 | | (4,764) | (100%) |
| Total operating expenses | \$ 329,802 | \$ | 282,438 | \$ | 47,364 | 17% |

Research and development

Research and development expenses increased by \$20.6 million, or 24%, for the three months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024. The increase was primarily the result of increased personnel costs of \$18.3 million, inclusive of a \$5.3 million increase in share-based compensation, largely due to headcount growth to support the continued expansion of functionality and capabilities of the Dynatrace platform. Cloud-based hosting costs incurred in developing our platform also increased by \$1.4 million.

Sales and marketing

Sales and marketing expenses increased by \$20.2 million, or 14%, for the three months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024. The increase was primarily due to increased personnel costs of \$19.5 million, inclusive of a \$4.0 million increase in share-based compensation, due to headcount growth as we continue to invest in our go-to-market strategy.

General and administrative

General and administrative expenses increased \$11.3 million, or 25%, for the three months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024. The increase was primarily the result of increased personnel costs of \$5.6 million, inclusive of a \$2.8 million increase in share-based compensation, as we continue to scale our functions to support our continued growth. In addition other administrative costs increased by \$3.0 million and professional fees increased by \$1.3 million.

Amortization of other intangibles

Amortization of other intangibles decreased by \$4.8 million, or 100%, for the three months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024. The decrease was primarily the result of certain intangible assets becoming fully amortized during fiscal 2025.

Interest Income, Net

Interest income, net, was \$12.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to \$12.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024. The decrease was primarily the result of lower interest rates, partially offset by increased cash, cash equivalents, and investment balances.

Other Income (Expense), Net

Other income, net, was \$6.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to other expense, net, of \$2.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024. The change was primarily the result of foreign currency realized and unrealized gains and losses related to the impact of transactions denominated in a foreign currency, including balances between subsidiaries

Income Tax Expense

Income tax expense was \$33.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025, which increased by \$19.3 million from \$14.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024. This increase was due to the intra-entity asset transfer of the global economic rights of our IP to Switzerland in fiscal 2025 resulting in an increase to the GILTI inclusion, primarily due to an increase in capitalized research and development expenses within GILTI, a decrease to the foreign-derived intangible income deduction, and establishment of a current year uncertain tax position. We elect to treat GILTI as a period cost for GAAP purposes.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We have historically maintained a disciplined and balanced approach to optimizing costs and improving the efficiency and profitability of our business, while continuing to invest in future growth opportunities that we expect will drive long-term value. Our principal sources of liquidity are cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities (investments) and cash provided by operating activities. From time to time, we may borrow under our Credit Facility (as defined below). As of June 30, 2025, we had \$1,247.4 million of cash and cash equivalents, \$149.7 million of investments, primarily consisting of U.S. Treasury securities, corporate debt securities, commercial paper, and U.S. agency securities, that have maturities between one and 30 months, and \$399.0 million available under our Credit Facility.

We have historically financed our operations primarily through payments by our customers for use of our product offerings and related services and, to a lesser extent, the net proceeds we have received from sales of equity securities.

Over the past three years, cash flows from customer collections have increased. However, operating expenses have also increased as we have invested in growing our business. Our operating cash requirements may increase in the future as we continue to invest in the strategic growth of our company.

Our billings may vary over time due to a number of factors, including the mix of subscription and service revenue, the contract length of our customer agreements, and the timing of customer contracts, including renewals. Such variability in the timing and amounts of our billings could impact the timing of our cash collections from period to period.

Our material cash requirements from known contractual and other obligations consist of our rent payments required under operating lease agreements and non-cancelable purchase obligations entered into in the ordinary course of business, primarily for cloud hosting

support. As of June 30, 2025, total contractual commitments were \$757.4 million, with \$111.3 million committed within the next 12 months.

Cash from operations could be affected by various risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, the risks detailed in the section titled "Risk Factors" included under Part II, Item 1A of this Quarterly Report. However, we believe that our existing cash, cash equivalents, investments, funds available under our Credit Facility, and cash generated from operations, will be sufficient to meet our cash requirements for at least the next 12 months. Our future capital requirements will depend on many factors, including our growth rate, the timing and extent of spending to support research and development efforts, the continued expansion of sales and marketing activities, the introduction of new and enhanced products, seasonality of our billing activities, timing and extent of spending to support our growth strategy, and the continued market acceptance of our products. In the event that additional financing is required from outside sources, we may not be able to raise such financing on terms acceptable to us or at all. If we are unable to raise additional capital when desired, our business, operating results, and financial condition would be adversely affected.

Share Repurchase Program

We announced a share repurchase program for up to \$500 million of common stock on May 15, 2024. For the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, we repurchased and retired 0.9 million and 1.1 million shares of our common stock for a total of \$45.0 million and \$50.1 million, respectively. As of June 30, 2025, \$282.4 million remained available for future repurchases. For additional information, please see Part II, Item 2 of this Quarterly Report.

Our Credit Facilities

In December 2022, we entered into a senior secured revolving credit facility in an aggregate amount of \$400.0 million (as amended to date, the "Credit Facility"). As of June 30, 2025, we had \$399.0 million available under the Credit Facility with \$1.0 million of letters of credit outstanding. As of June 30, 2025, we were in compliance with all applicable covenants pertaining to the Credit Facility. The Credit Facility is discussed further in Note 7, Long-term Debt, of the condensed consolidated financial statements in this Quarterly Report.

Summary of Cash Flows

| | | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | |
|--|----|-----------------------------|----------|--|--|
| | 2 | 025 | 2024 | | |
| | · | (in thousands) | | | |
| Net cash provided by operating activities ⁽¹⁾ | \$ | 269,692 \$ | 230,741 | | |
| Net cash used in investing activities | | (8,448) | (35,595) | | |
| Net cash used in financing activities | | (43,854) | (42,810) | | |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | | 12,952 | (1,004) | | |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 230,342 \$ | 151,332 | | |

(1) Net cash provided by operating activities includes cash payments for interest and tax as follows:

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------|--|--|
| | 2025 | 2024 | | |
| | (in thousands) | | | |
| Cash paid for interest | \$ 181 | \$ 184 | | |
| Cash paid for tax, net | \$ 30,548 | \$ 24,918 | | |

Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$269.7 million during the three months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to \$230.7 million during the three months ended June 30, 2024. The \$39.0 million increase in net cash provided by operating activities was driven by increased net income, adjusted for non-cash charges, of \$33.8 million, and favorable changes in operating assets and liabilities of \$5.1 million. The net increase in operating cash flow was primarily due to higher collections driven by revenue growth.

Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities was \$8.4 million during the three months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to \$35.6 million during the three months ended June 30, 2024. The \$27.1 million decrease in net cash used in investing activities was driven by a \$31.4 million decrease in purchases of investments, net of proceeds from sales and maturities, partially offset by a \$4.1 million increase in the purchases of property and equipment.

Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities was \$43.9 million during the three months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to \$42.8 million during the three months ended June 30, 2024. The \$1.0 million increase in net cash used in financing activities was driven by a \$2.2 million payment of deferred consideration related to the acquisition of Runecast Solutions Limited, a \$2.0 million increase of taxes paid for net share settlement of equity awards, and a \$1.8 million decrease in proceeds from exercise of stock options, partially offset by a \$3.5 million decrease in repurchases of common stock and a \$1.5 million increase in proceeds from the employee share purchase plan.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

We prepare our condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of condensed consolidated financial statements also requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, costs and expenses and related disclosures. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ significantly from our estimates. To the extent that there are differences between our estimates and actual results, our future financial statement presentation, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows will be affected.

There have been no significant changes in our critical accounting policies and estimates during the three months ended June 30, 2025, as compared to the critical accounting policies and estimates disclosed within "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our Annual Report.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

For a description of recent accounting pronouncements, and the impact of these pronouncements on our condensed consolidated financial statements, see Note 2, Significant Accounting Policies, of our condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are exposed to market risk in the ordinary course of our business. Market risk represents the risk of loss that may impact our financial position due to adverse changes in financial market prices and rates. Our market risk exposure is primarily a result of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. We do not hold or issue financial instruments for trading purposes.

Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

Our international operations have provided and are expected to continue to provide a significant portion of our consolidated revenues and expenses that we report in U.S. dollars. We do not believe that an immediate 10% increase or decrease in the relative value of the U.S. dollar to other currencies would have a material effect on our results of operations or cash flows, and to date, we have not engaged in any hedging strategies with respect to foreign currency transactions. As our international operations grow, we will continue to reassess our approach to manage our risk relating to fluctuations in currency rates, and we may choose to engage in the hedging of foreign currency transactions in the future.

Translation exposure

Our reporting currency is the U.S. dollar, and the functional currency of each of our subsidiaries is either its local currency or the U.S. dollar, depending on the circumstances. As a result, our consolidated revenues and expenses are affected and will continue to be affected by changes in the U.S. dollar against major foreign currencies, particularly the Euro. Fluctuations in foreign currencies impact the amount of total assets, liabilities, earnings and cash flows that we report for our foreign subsidiaries upon the translation of these amounts into U.S. dollars. In particular, the strengthening of the U.S. dollar generally will reduce the reported amount of our foreign-denominated cash and cash equivalents, total revenues and total expenses that we translate into U.S. dollars and report in our condensed consolidated financial statements. These gains or losses are recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive loss within shareholders' equity.

Transaction exposure

We transact business in multiple currencies. As a result, our results of operations and cash flows are subject to fluctuations due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates on transactions denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of our subsidiaries. These gains or losses are recorded within "Other income (expense), net" in our condensed consolidated statements of operations.

Interest Rate Risk

As of June 30, 2025, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$1,247.4 million, consisting primarily of money market funds, bank deposits, and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less, and investments of \$149.7 million, primarily consisting of U.S. Treasury securities, corporate debt securities, commercial paper and U.S. agency securities. These interest-earning instruments carry a degree of interest rate risk. We do not enter into investments for trading or speculative purposes and have not used any derivative financial instruments to manage our interest rate risk exposure. A hypothetical 10% change in interest rates during any of the periods presented would not have had a material impact on our condensed consolidated financial statements.

As of June 30, 2025, we also had the Credit Facility in place, with availability of \$399.0 million. The Credit Facility bears interest based on (i) the Term Secured Overnight Financing Rate plus 0.10%, (ii) the Adjusted Euro Interbank Offer Rate, (iii) the Canadian Overnight Repo Rate Average, (iv) the Base Rate, as defined per the Credit Facility, or (v) the Sterling Overnight Index Average, in each case plus an applicable margin, as defined in the Credit Agreement. A hypothetical 10% change in interest rates during any of the periods presented would not have had a material impact on our condensed consolidated financial statements.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, have evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")), as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report. Based on such evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures, as of June 30, 2025, were effective and provided reasonable assurance that the information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes to our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the quarter ended June 30, 2025 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Inherent Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls

Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal control over financial reporting will prevent or detect all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitation in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within our company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of a simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people or by management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls is also based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions; over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with policies or procedures may deteriorate. Due to inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are, from time to time, party to legal proceedings and subject to claims in the ordinary course of business. Although the outcome of legal proceedings and claims cannot be predicted with certainty, we currently believe that the resolution of any such matters will not have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results, financial condition, or cash flows. Regardless of the outcome, legal proceedings and claims can have an adverse impact on us because of defense and settlement costs, diversion of management resources, and other factors.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Investing in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the risks and uncertainties described below, together with all of the other information in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including the section titled "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and our condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes, before making a decision to invest in our common stock. The risks and uncertainties described below may not be the only ones we face. If any of the risks actually occur, our business, operating results, financial condition and prospects could be materially and adversely affected. In that event, the market price of our common stock could decline, and you could lose all or part of your investment.

Risks Related to Our Business and Industry

We have experienced rapid revenue growth in recent periods, which may not be indicative of our future growth.

We have experienced rapid revenue growth in recent periods. Our annual revenue grew 19% in the year ended March 31, 2025 compared to the prior year. Our revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2025 grew 20% compared to the prior-year period. This revenue growth may not be indicative of our future revenue growth, and we may not be able to sustain revenue growth consistent with recent history, or at all. We believe our ability to continue to increase our revenue depends on several factors, including, but not limited to:

- · our ability to attract new customers and retain and increase sales to existing customers;
- our ability to continue to expand customer adoption and usage of our Dynatrace platform;
- · our ability to develop our existing platform, introduce new solutions, and enhance and improve existing solutions on our platform;
- continued growth of cloud-based services and solutions;
- · our ability to continue to develop offerings and solutions that our customers prefer over those of our competitors;
- · our ability to hire and retain sufficient numbers of sales and marketing, research and development, and general and administrative personnel; and
- · our ability to expand into new geographies and markets, including the application security and log management markets, and expand our global operations.

If we are unable to achieve any of these, our revenue growth could be adversely affected.

Our quarterly and annual operating results may be adversely affected due to a variety of factors, which could make our future results difficult to predict.

Our annual and quarterly revenue and operating results have fluctuated significantly in the past and may vary significantly in the future due to a variety of factors, many of which are outside of our control. Our financial results in any one quarter may not be meaningful and should not be relied upon as indicative of future performance. If our revenues, earnings, or operating results fall below the expectations of investors or securities analysts in a particular quarter, or below any guidance that we may provide, the price of our common stock could decline. We may not be able to accurately predict our future billings, revenues, earnings, or operating results. Some of the important factors that may cause our operating results to fluctuate from quarter to quarter or year to year include:

- · fluctuations in the demand for our solutions, the timing of purchases by our customers, and the length of the sales cycles, particularly for larger purchases;
- · fluctuations in the rate of utilization by customers of the cloud to manage their business needs, or a slowdown in the migration of enterprise systems to the cloud;
- the impact of recessionary pressures or uncertainties in the global economy, or in the economies of the countries in which we operate, on our customers' purchasing decisions and the length of our sales cycles;

- · our ability to attract new customers and retain existing customers;
- · our ability to expand into new geographies and markets, including the application security and log management markets;
- the budgeting cycles and internal purchasing priorities of our customers;
- changes in go-to-market strategy, customer renewal rates, churn, and our ability to cross-sell additional solutions to our existing customers and our ability to up-sell
 additional quantities of previously purchased offerings to existing customers;
- · the seasonal buying patterns of our customers;
- · the payment terms and contract term length associated with our product sales and their effect on our billings and free cash flow;
- · changes in customer requirements or market needs;
- the emergence of significant privacy, data protection, systems and application security or other threats, regulations, or requirements applicable to the use of enterprise systems or cloud-based systems that we are not prepared to meet or that require additional investment by us;
- · changes in the demand and growth rate of the markets for observability, application security, analytics, and AI-enabled solutions;
- our ability to anticipate or respond to changes in the competitive landscape, or improvements in the functionality of competing solutions that reduce or eliminate one or more of our competitive advantages;
- · our ability to timely develop, introduce and gain market acceptance for new solutions and product enhancements;
- our ability to adapt and update our offerings and solutions on an ongoing and timely basis in order to maintain compatibility and efficacy with the frequently changing and expanding variety of software and systems that our offerings are designed to monitor;
- our ability to maintain and expand our relationships with strategic technology partners that own, operate, and offer the major platforms on which applications operate, with which we must interoperate and remain compatible, and from which we must obtain certifications and endorsements in order to maintain credibility and momentum in the market:
- · our ability to control costs, including our operating expenses;
- · our ability to efficiently complete and integrate any acquisitions or business combinations that we may undertake in the future;
- general economic, industry, and market conditions, both domestically and in our foreign markets, including regional or geopolitical conflicts, potential changes in the U.S. and foreign laws and regulations on international trade (e.g., export controls, import tariffs and trade agreements), or other disruptions to commerce;
- the U.S. federal government cancelling, consolidating, or not awarding contracts to us or our customers or suppliers;
- the emergence of new technologies or trends in the marketplace, or a change in the trends that are important to our strategy and the value of our platform in the marketplace;
- foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations;
- the timing of revenue recognition for our customer transactions, and the effect of the mix of subscriptions and services on the timing of revenue recognition;
- extraordinary expenses, such as litigation or other dispute-related settlement payments; and
- future accounting pronouncements or changes in our accounting policies.

Any one of the factors referred to above or the cumulative effect of some of the factors referred to above may result in our operating results being below our expectations and the expectations of securities analysts and investors and any guidance that we may provide or may result in significant fluctuations in our quarterly and annual operating results, including fluctuations in our key performance indicators. This variability and unpredictability could result in our failure to meet our business plan or the expectations of securities analysts or investors for any period. In addition, a significant percentage of our operating expenses are fixed in nature in the short term and based on forecasted revenue trends. Accordingly, in the event of revenue shortfalls, we are generally unable to mitigate the negative impact on margins in the short term.

Market adoption of the solutions that we offer may not grow as we expect, which may harm our business and prospects.

We believe our future success will depend in large part on the growth, if any, in the demand for observability and related solutions that utilize analytics and AI at their core, particularly the demand for enterprise-wide solutions and our ability to provide solutions that meet such ever-evolving needs. We currently target the markets for infrastructure observability, application observability, AI observability, digital experience, log management, application security, threat observability, software delivery, and business analytics. It is difficult to predict customer demand, adoption, churn, and renewal rates for our new and existing solutions, the rate at which existing customers expand their usage of our solutions, and the size and growth rate of the market for our solutions. Expansion in our addressable market depends on a number of factors, including the continued and growing reliance of enterprises on software applications to manage and drive critical business functions and customer interactions, increased use of microservices and containers, as well as the continued proliferation of mobile applications, large data sets, cloud computing, and the Internet of Things. If our solutions do not achieve widespread adoption, we are not able to develop new solutions that meet customer needs, or there is a reduction in demand for observability and related solutions generally, it could result in reduced customer purchases, reduced renewal rates, and decreased revenue, any of which will adversely affect our business, operating results, and financial condition.

Our business is dependent on overall demand for observability and related solutions and therefore reduced spending on those solutions or overall adverse economic conditions may negatively affect our business, operating results, and financial condition.

Our business depends on the overall demand for observability and related solutions, particularly demand from mid- to large-sized accounts worldwide, and the purchase of our solutions by such organizations is often discretionary. Over the last year, we have observed global economic uncertainty at times as well as lengthening sales cycles. In an economic downturn or during periods of economic or political instability, we believe that our customers or prospects may reduce their operating or IT budgets, which could cause them to defer or forego purchases of observability and related solutions, including ours. Customers may delay or cancel IT projects or seek to lower their costs by renegotiating their vendor contracts or renewals, such as contracts with us. To the extent purchases of observability and related solutions are perceived by existing customers and potential customers to be discretionary, our revenue may be disproportionately affected by delays or reductions in general IT spending. Weak or turbulent global economic conditions or a reduction in observability and related spending, even if general economic conditions remain unaffected, could adversely impact our business, operating results and financial condition in a number of ways, including longer sales cycles, lower prices for our solutions, reduced subscription renewals, and lower revenue. Moreover, any potential U.S. federal government shutdown resulting from budgetary decisions, a prolonged continuing resolution, breach of the federal debt ceiling, a potential U.S. sovereign default, and changes in laws, regulations, or policies, such as the introduction of tariffs, have and may continue to increase uncertainty and volatility in the global economy and financial markets. In addition, any negative economic effects or instability resulting from changes in the political environment and international relations in the United States or other key markets as well as resulting regulatory or tax policy changes may adversely affect our business, operating results

As the market for observability and related solutions continues to develop, trends in spending remain unpredictable and subject to reductions due to the changing technology environment and customer needs as well as uncertainties about the future.

If we fail to innovate and do not continue to develop and effectively market solutions that anticipate and respond to the needs of our customers, our business, operating results, and financial condition may suffer.

The markets for observability and related solutions are characterized by constant change and innovation, and we expect them to continue to rapidly evolve. Moreover, many of our customers operate in industries characterized by changing technologies and business models, which require them to develop and manage increasingly complex software application and IT infrastructure environments. Our future success, if any, will be based on our ability to consistently provide our customers with an end-to-end, near real-time view into the performance of their software applications and IT infrastructure, provide notification and prioritization of degradations and failures, perform root cause analysis of performance issues, and analyze the quality of their end users' experiences and the resulting impact on their businesses and brands. If we do not respond to the rapidly changing needs of our customers by developing and making available new solutions and solution enhancements that can address evolving customer needs on a timely basis, our competitive position and business prospects will be harmed, and our revenue growth and margins could decline.

In addition, the process of developing new technology is complex and uncertain, and if we fail to accurately predict customers' changing needs and emerging technological trends, our business could be harmed. We believe that we must continue to dedicate significant resources to our research and development efforts, including significant resources to developing new solutions and solution enhancements before knowing whether the market will accept them. For example, we have made significant investments in our application security offering and in developing our GrailTM core technology, AutomationEngine, and AppEngine. We also expanded our Davis[®] AI engine to create the observability industry's first solution that converged fact-based, causal and predictive AI insights with new generative AI capabilities. We also plan to evolve our AI capabilities to drive differentiation, with a focus on evolving into an agentic AI platform that can act autonomously to make decisions and take actions without human intervention.

Our new solutions and solution enhancements could fail to attain sufficient market acceptance for many reasons, including:

- delays in developing and releasing new solutions or enhancements to the market;
- failures to accurately predict market or customer demands, priorities, and practices, including other technologies utilized by customers in their environments and competitors and partners that they prefer to work with;
- · the introduction or anticipated introduction of competing products by existing and emerging competitors;
- the inability to execute our go-to-market strategy effectively, which depends on our sales and marketing teams and our partners to sell solutions for new markets and product categories;
- delays or failures to provide updates to customers to maintain compatibility between Dynatrace and the various applications and platforms being used in the customers' applications and multicloud environments;
- defects, errors, or failures in the design or performance of our new solutions or solution enhancements;
- the perceived value of our solutions or enhancements relative to their cost; and
- negative publicity about the performance or effectiveness of our solutions.

In addition to developing new solutions or solution enhancements using internal resources, we may acquire technologies from a third party, or acquire another company. Any acquisition of this type could be unsuccessful for a variety of reasons, require significant management attention, disrupt our business, dilute stockholder value, and adversely affect our results of operations. For a description of some of the risks related to potential acquisitions, please see the risk below entitled "We may acquire other businesses, products, or technologies in the future which could require significant management attention, disrupt our business or result in operating difficulties, dilute stockholder value, and adversely affect our results of operations."

To the extent that we are not able to continue to execute on our business model to timely and effectively develop or acquire and market applications to address these challenges and attain market acceptance, our business, operating results, and financial condition will be adversely affected.

Further, we may make changes to our solutions that our customers do not value or find useful. We may also discontinue certain features, begin to charge for certain features that are currently free, or increase fees for any of our features or usage of our solutions. If our new solutions, enhancements, or pricing strategies do not achieve adequate acceptance in the market, our competitive position will be impaired, our revenue may decline or grow more slowly than expected and the negative impact on our operating results may be particularly acute, and we may not receive a return on our investment in the upfront research and development, sales and marketing, and other expenses that we incur in connection with new solutions or solution enhancements.

If our platform and solutions do not effectively interoperate with our customers' existing or future IT infrastructures, installations of our solutions could be delayed or canceled, which would harm our business.

Our success depends on the interoperability of our platform and solutions with third-party operating systems, applications, cloud platforms, data, and devices that we have not developed and do not control. Any third-party changes that degrade the functionality of our platform or solutions or give preferential treatment to competitive software could adversely affect the adoption and usage of our platform. We may not be successful in adapting our platform or solutions to operate effectively with these systems, applications, cloud platforms, data, or devices. If it is difficult for our customers to access and use our platform or solutions, or if our platform or solutions cannot connect a broadening range of systems, applications, cloud platforms, data, and devices, then our customer growth and retention may be harmed, and our business and operating results could be adversely affected.

Multicloud deployments utilize multiple third-party platforms and technologies, and these technologies are updated to new versions at a rapid pace. As a result, we deliver frequent updates to our solutions designed to maintain compatibility and support for our customers' changing technology environments and ensure our solutions' ability to continue to monitor customers' applications. If our solutions fail to work with any one or more of these technologies or applications, or if our customers fail to install the most recent updates and versions of our solutions that we offer, our solutions will be unable to continuously monitor our customers' critical business applications.

Ensuring that our solutions are up-to-date and compatible with the technology and multicloud platforms utilized by our customers is critical to our success. We have formed alliances with many technology and cloud platform providers to provide updates to our solutions to maintain compatibility. We work with technology and cloud platform providers to understand and align updates to their product roadmaps and engage in early access and other programs to ensure compatibility of our solutions with the technology vendor's generally available release. If our relations with our technology partners degrades or ceases we may be unable to deliver these updates, or if our customers fail to install the most recent updates and versions of our solutions that we offer, then our customers' ability to benefit from our solution may decrease significantly and, in some instances, may require the customer to de-install our solution due to the incompatibility of our solution with the customer's applications.

If we are unable to acquire new customers or retain and expand our relationships with existing customers, our future revenues and operating results will be harmed.

To continue to grow our business, we need to attract new customers and increase deployment, usage, and consumption of our solutions by existing customers. Our success in attracting new customers and expanding our relationships with existing customers depends on numerous factors, including our ability to:

- offer a compelling, end-to-end platform that combines broad and deep observability, continuous runtime application security, and advanced AI to support IT operations, development, security, business, and executive teams;
- design and execute our sales and marketing strategy;
- · effectively identify, attract, onboard, train, develop, motivate, and retain new sales, marketing, professional services, and support personnel in the markets we pursue;
- develop or expand relationships with technology partners, systems integrators, resellers, online marketplaces, and other partners, including strategic alliances and cloud-focused partnerships with GSIs, including Accenture, Atos, Deloitte, DXC, and Kyndryl, and hyperscalers such as Amazon Web Services ("AWS"), Google Cloud Platform ("GCP"), Microsoft Azure ("Azure"), and others, some of which may also compete with us;
- expand into new geographies and markets, including the business intelligence and data analytics market;
- · deploy our platform and solutions for new customers; and
- · provide quality customer support and professional services.

Our customers have no obligation to renew their agreements, and our customers may decide not to renew these agreements with a similar contract period, at the same prices and terms or with the same or a greater number of licenses. Although our customer retention rate has historically been strong, some of our customers have elected not to renew their agreements with us, and it is difficult to accurately predict long-term customer retention, churn and expansion rates. Our customer retention and expansion rates may decline or fluctuate as a result of a number of factors, including our customers' satisfaction with our platform, our customer support and professional services, changes to our go-to-market strategy, our prices and pricing plans, the competitiveness of other software products and services, reductions in our customers' spending levels, customer concerns about macroeconomic trends, user adoption of our solutions, deployment success, utilization rates by our customers, new product releases and changes to our product offerings. For example, when we updated our go-to-market strategy during our fiscal year 2025, more than 30% of our customer accounts transitioned to new sales representatives. It is difficult to predict whether these changes will achieve their desired effects and a negative impact on retention and other results is possible. If our customers do not renew their agreements, or renew on less favorable terms, our business, financial condition, and operating results may be adversely affected.

Our ability to increase sales to existing customers depends on several factors, including their experience with implementing and using our platform and the existing solutions they have implemented, their ability to integrate our solutions with existing technologies, and our pricing models, including our DPS licensing model. A failure to increase sales to existing customers could adversely affect our business, operating results, and financial condition.

Failure to effectively expand our sales and marketing capabilities could harm our ability to execute on our business plan, increase our customer base, and achieve broader market acceptance of our applications.

Our ability to increase our customer base and achieve broader market acceptance of our solutions will depend to a significant extent on the ability of our sales and marketing organizations to work together to drive our sales pipeline and cultivate customer and partner relationships to drive revenue growth. We have invested in and plan to continue expanding our sales and marketing organizations, both in the United States and internationally. We also plan to dedicate significant resources to sales and marketing programs, including lead generation activities and brand awareness campaigns, such as our industry events, webinars, and user events with an increased investment in digital or online activities. If we are unable to effectively identify, hire, onboard, train, develop, motivate, and retain talented sales personnel or marketing personnel or if our new sales personnel or marketing personnel, online investments are unable to achieve desired productivity levels in a reasonable period of time, or if we do not create an effective strategy for our personnel to execute, our ability to increase our customer base and achieve broader market acceptance of our offerings could be harmed.

We face significant competition, which may adversely affect our ability to add new customers, retain existing customers, and grow our business.

The markets in which we compete are highly competitive, fragmented, evolving, complex, and defined by rapidly changing technology (including, without limitation, new and evolving uses of AI) and customer needs, and we expect competition to continue to increase in the future. A number of companies, some of which are larger and have more resources than we do, have developed or are developing products and services that currently, or in the future may, compete with some or all of our solutions. We have also been expanding the scope of our solutions to include new offerings and we increasingly compete with other companies in new and adjacent markets. Competition could result in increased pricing pressure, reduced profit margins, increased sales and marketing expenses and

our failure to increase, or loss of, market share, any of which could adversely affect our business, operating results, and financial condition.

We compete either directly or indirectly with infrastructure monitoring vendors, application performance monitoring ("APM") vendors, log management vendors, digital experience monitoring vendors, security vendors, open source and commercial open source vendors, point solutions from public cloud providers, and IT operations management and business intelligence providers with offerings that cover some portion of the capabilities that we provide. Further, to the extent that one of our competitors establishes or strengthens a cooperative relationship with, or acquires one or more software APM, data analytics, compliance, or network visibility vendors, it could adversely affect our ability to compete. We may also face competition from companies entering our market, which has a relatively low barrier to entry in some segments, including large technology companies that could expand their platforms or acquire one of our competitors. For example, Cisco acquired Splunk in 2024.

Many existing and potential competitors enjoy substantial competitive advantages, such as:

- greater brand recognition and longer operating histories;
- · longer-term and more extensive relationships with existing and potential customers, and access to larger customer bases, which often provide incumbency advantages;
- · broader global distribution and presence;
- larger sales and marketing budgets and resources;
- the ability to integrate or bundle competitive offerings with other products, offerings and services;
- · lower labor and development costs;
- greater resources to make acquisitions;
- larger and more mature IP portfolios; and
- substantially greater financial, technical, management and other resources.

Additionally, in certain circumstances, and particularly among large technology companies that have complex and large software application and IT infrastructure environments, customers may elect to build in-house solutions to address their observability and related needs. Any such in-house solutions could leverage open source software, and therefore be made generally available at little or no cost.

These competitive pressures in our markets or our failure to compete effectively may result in fewer customers, price reductions, fewer orders, reduced revenue and gross profit, and loss of market share. Any failure to meet and address these factors could materially and adversely affect our business, operating results, and financial condition.

If the prices we charge for our solutions and services are unacceptable to our customers, our operating results will be harmed.

As the market for our solutions matures, or as new or existing competitors introduce new products, offerings, or services that compete with ours, or if tariffs or tax changes increase the effective price that customers pay for our solutions, we may experience pricing pressure and be unable to renew our agreements with existing customers or attract new customers at prices that are consistent with our current pricing model and operating budget. If this were to occur, it is possible that we would have to change our pricing model or reduce our prices, which could harm our revenue, gross margin, and operating results. Pricing decisions may also impact the mix of adoption among our licensing and subscription models, and negatively impact our overall revenue. Moreover, large global accounts, which we expect will account for a large portion of our business in the future, may demand substantial price concessions. If we are, for any reason, required to reduce our prices, our revenue, gross margin, profitability, financial position, and cash flow may be adversely affected.

We expect our billings and revenue mix to vary over time, which could harm our gross margin, cash flows, and operating results.

Our billings and revenue mix may vary over time due to a number of factors, including the mix of subscriptions and services and the contract length of our customer agreements. Our gross margins, cash flows, and operating results could also be harmed by further changes in billings and revenue mix and costs, together with numerous other factors, including entry into new lower margin markets or growth in lower margin markets, entry into markets with different pricing and cost structures, pricing discounts, increased price competition, and in response to macroeconomic conditions. Any one of these factors or the cumulative effects of certain of these factors may result in significant fluctuations in our revenues, billings, gross margin, and operating results. This variability and unpredictability could result in our failure to meet internal expectations or those of securities analysts or investors for a particular period. If we fail to meet or exceed such expectations for these or any other reasons, the market price of our common stock could decline.

If we are unable to maintain successful relationships with our partners, or if our partners fail to perform, our ability to market, sell, and distribute our applications and services will be limited, and our business, operating results, and financial condition could be harmed.

In addition to our sales force, we rely on partners, including our strategic partners, to increase our sales and distribution of our software and services. We also have independent software vendor partners whose integrations may increase the breadth of the ecosystem in which our solutions can operate, and the size of the market that our solutions can address. We also have partnerships with GSIs, including Accenture, Atos, Deloitte, DXC, and Kyndryl, and hyperscalers such as AWS, GCP, and Azure, on which many of our customers depend, and through which our customers may be able to procure and deploy our solutions. We are dependent on these partner relationships to contribute to enabling our sales growth. We expect that our future growth will be increasingly dependent on the success of our partners and our partner relationships, and if those partnerships do not provide such benefits, our ability to grow our business will be harmed. If we are unable to scale our partner relationships effectively, or if our partners are unable to serve our customers effectively, we may need to expand our services organization, which could adversely affect our results of operations.

Our agreements with our partners are generally non-exclusive, meaning our partners may offer products from several different companies to their customers or have their products or technologies also interoperate with products and technologies of other companies, including products that compete with our offerings. Moreover, some of our partners also compete with us, and if our partners do not effectively market and sell our offerings, choose to use greater efforts to market and sell their own products or those of our competitors or fail to meet the needs of our customers, our ability to grow our business and sell our offerings will be harmed. Many of our customers are also customers of hyperscalers such as AWS, GCP, and Azure. If our solutions fail to interoperate effectively with the hyperscalers' products, or if our partnerships with one or more of these hyperscalers are not successful or are terminated, our ability to sell additional products or offerings to these customers and our ability to grow our business will be harmed. Furthermore, our partners may cease marketing our offerings with limited or no notice and with little or no penalty, and new partners could require extensive training and may take several months or more to achieve productivity. The loss of a substantial number of our partners, our possible inability to replace them or our failure to recruit additional partners could harm our results of operations. Our partner structure could also subject us to lawsuits or reputational harm if, for example, a partner misrepresents the functionality of our offerings to customers or violates applicable laws or our corporate policies.

We believe the Dynatrace brand is integral to our future success and if we fail to cost-effectively maintain and enhance awareness of our company, our business and competitive position may be harmed.

We believe that maintaining and enhancing the Dynatrace brand and increasing market awareness of our company and our solutions are critical to achieving broad market knowledge of our existing and future solutions. Increasing awareness is important to attract and retain customers, partners, and employees, particularly as we continue to introduce new capabilities and enhancements and expand internationally. In addition, independent industry analysts, such as Gartner and Forrester, often provide reviews of our solutions, as well as those of our competitors, and perception of our solutions in the marketplace may be significantly influenced by these reviews. We have no control over what these or other industry analysts report, and because industry analysts may influence current and potential customers, our brand could be harmed if they do not provide a positive review of our solutions or view us as a market leader.

The successful promotion of the Dynatrace brand and the market's awareness of our solutions and platform will depend largely upon our ability to continue to offer and market enterprise-grade observability and related solutions, share our thought leadership, and continue to differentiate our solutions successfully from those of our competitors. We have invested, and expect to continue to invest, substantial resources to promote and maintain our brand and generate sales leads, both in the United States and internationally, but there is no guarantee that our awareness strategies will enhance the recognition of our brand or lead to increased sales. If our efforts to promote and maintain our brand are not cost effective or successful, our operating results and our ability to attract and retain customers, partners, and employees may be adversely affected. In addition, even if our brand recognition and customer loyalty increase, this may not result in increased sales of our solutions or higher revenue.

Our sales cycles can be long, unpredictable and vary seasonally, which can cause significant variation in the number and size of transactions that close in a particular quarter.

Many of our customers are large enterprises, whose purchasing decisions, budget cycles and constraints, and evaluation processes are unpredictable and out of our control. During recessionary times, or when there is volatility or uncertainty in the global economy or in the economies of the countries in which we operate, our sales cycles may be elongated and our customers' purchasing decisions may be delayed or cancelled. In addition, we are experiencing, and we may continue to experience, an increase in the number of large, strategic deals where customers are looking to make broader observability architecture decisions. These deals come with a higher degree of variability, longer sales cycles, greater uncertainty of completing the sale, and specially negotiated terms. The length of our sales cycle, from initial evaluation to payment for our subscriptions, can range from several months to over a year and can vary substantially from customer to customer. Our sales efforts involve significant investment of resources in field sales, partner development, marketing, and educating our customers about the use, technical capabilities, and benefits of our platform and services. Customers often undertake a prolonged evaluation process, which frequently involves not only our platform, but also those of other

companies or the consideration of internally developed alternatives, including those using open source software. Some of our customers initially deploy our platform on a limited basis, with no guarantee that they will deploy our platform widely enough across their organization to justify our substantial pre-sales investment. As a result, it is difficult to predict exactly when, or even if, we will make a sale to a potential customer or if we can increase sales to our existing customers.

We have experienced seasonal and end-of-quarter concentration of our transactions and variations in the number and size of transactions that close in a particular quarter, which impacts our ability to grow revenue over the long term and plan and manage cash flows and other aspects of our business and cost structure. Our transactions vary by quarter, with the third and fourth fiscal quarters typically being our largest. In addition, within each quarter, a significant portion of our transactions occur in the last two weeks of that quarter. Large individual sales may also occur in quarters subsequent to those we anticipate, which may make it difficult to forecast our expected sales cycle. If expectations for our business turn out to be inaccurate, our revenue growth may be adversely affected over time and we may not be able to adjust our cost structure on a timely basis and our cash flows and results of operations may suffer.

Our ability to succeed depends on the experience and expertise of our senior management team. If we are unable to attract, retain, and motivate our leadership team, our business, operating results, and prospects may be harmed.

Our ability to succeed depends in significant part on the experience and expertise of our senior management team. From time to time, there may be changes in our senior management team resulting from the hiring or departure of executives. In the last two years, we hired a new Chief Customer Officer, Chief Revenue Officer, Chief Marketing Officer, and various new sales and marketing leaders in their organizations, among other leadership changes.

All members of our senior management team are employed on an at-will basis, which means that they are not contractually obligated to remain employed with us and could terminate their employment with us at any time (subject to any applicable notice periods). Accordingly, and despite our efforts to retain our senior management team, they could terminate their employment with us at any time, which could disrupt our operations and negatively impact employee morale and our culture. After their termination, such person could go to work for one of our competitors after the expiration of any applicable non-compete period, and the restrictions on non-competition may in any case be difficult to enforce depending on the circumstances. The loss of members of our senior management team, particularly if closely grouped, could disrupt our operations, negatively impact employee morale and our culture, and adversely affect our ability to formulate and execute our business plan and thus, our business, operating results, and prospects could be adversely affected. If we fail to develop effective succession plans for our senior management team, and to identify, recruit, onboard, train and integrate strategic hires, our business, operating results, and financial condition could be adversely affected.

We rely on highly skilled personnel and if we are unable to attract, retain, or motivate substantial numbers of qualified personnel or expand and train our personnel, we may not be able to grow effectively.

Our success largely depends on the talents and efforts of key technical, sales, and marketing employees and our future success depends on our continuing ability to efficiently and effectively identify, hire, onboard, train, develop, motivate, and retain highly skilled personnel for all areas of our organization. Competition in our industry is intense, and often can lead to increased compensation and other personnel costs. In addition, competition for employees with experience in our industry can be intense, particularly in Europe, where our research and development operations are concentrated and where other technology companies compete for management and engineering talent. Our continued ability to compete and grow effectively depends on our ability to attract substantial numbers of qualified new employees and to retain and motivate our existing employees.

Any failure to offer high-quality customer support and professional services may adversely affect our relationships with our customers and our financial results.

We typically bundle customer support with arrangements for our solutions and offer professional services for implementation and training. In deploying and using our platform and solutions, our customers may require the assistance of our services teams to resolve complex technical and operational issues. Increased customer demand for support, without corresponding revenue, could increase costs and adversely affect our operating results. We may also be unable to respond quickly enough to accommodate short-term increases in customer demand for support. If we fail to meet our service level commitments, which relate to uptime or response times, or if we suffer extended periods of unavailability for our solutions, we may be contractually obligated to provide these customers with service credits or we could face contract terminations and be required to provide refunds of prepaid unused fees. Our sales are highly dependent on our reputation and on positive recommendations from our existing customers. Any failure to maintain high-quality customer support and professional services, or a market perception that we do not maintain high-quality product support or services, could adversely affect our reputation, and our ability to sell our solutions to existing and new customers.

We believe that our corporate culture has contributed to our success, and if we cannot successfully maintain our culture as we grow, we could lose the innovation, creativity, and teamwork fostered by our culture.

We believe that a critical component to our success has been a focus on maintaining an entrepreneurial and innovative corporate culture. We believe our culture has contributed significantly to our abilities to innovate and develop new technologies and attract and retain employees. We have spent substantial time and resources in building our team while maintaining this corporate culture. Over our last two fiscal years, our total employee headcount as of March 31, 2025 increased approximately 24% compared to our total headcount as of March 31, 2023 and we also expanded our international employee presence. The addition of new employees from different business backgrounds in different geographic locations, and the significant number of employees who work either on a hybrid or remote basis may make it difficult for us to maintain our corporate culture. If our culture is negatively affected, our ability to support our growth and innovation may diminish.

Our Credit Facility contains restrictions that impact our business and expose us to risks that could adversely affect our liquidity and financial condition.

We have access to a Credit Facility in the aggregate amount of \$400.0 million. As of June 30, 2025, we had \$399.0 million available under the Credit Facility with \$1.0 million of letters of credit outstanding. The actual amounts of our debt servicing payments vary based on the amounts of indebtedness outstanding, the applicable interest accrual periods and the applicable interest rates and fee margins, which vary based on prescribed formulas. The Credit Facility contains various customary covenants (including a financial covenant requiring compliance with a maximum leverage ratio) that are operative so long as our Credit Facility remains outstanding.

If we are unable to generate sufficient cash flow or otherwise to obtain the funds necessary to make required payments under our Credit Facility, or if we fail to comply with the various covenants and other requirements of our set forth in the Credit Facility, we could default under our Credit Facility. Our Credit Facility also contains provisions that trigger repayment obligations or an event of default upon a change of control, as well as various representations and warranties which, if breached, could lead to an event of default. Any such default that is not cured or waived could result in an acceleration of indebtedness then outstanding under our Credit Facility, an increase in the applicable interest rates under our Credit Facility, and a requirement that our subsidiaries that have guaranteed our Credit Facility pay the obligations in full, and would permit the lenders to exercise remedies with respect to all of the collateral that is securing our Credit Facility, including substantially all of our and the subsidiary guarantors' assets. We cannot be certain that our future operating results will be sufficient to ensure compliance with the covenants in our Credit Facility or to remedy any defaults under our Credit Facility. In the event of any default and related acceleration, we may not have or be able to obtain sufficient funds to make any accelerated payments. Any such default could have a material adverse effect on our liquidity, financial condition, and results of operations.

Risks Related to Information Technology, IP, and Data Security and Privacy

Security breaches, computer malware, computer hacking attacks, and other security incidents or compromises could harm our business, reputation, brand, and operating results.

We have in the past been, and may in the future be, the target and victim of cybersecurity attacks, including email phishing and other types of attacks. In general, security incidents, breaches, and compromises have increased in sophistication and have become more prevalent across industries and may occur on our systems; on the systems of third parties that we use to host our solutions or SaaS solutions that we use in the operation of our business; on the systems or libraries of third parties that we use to develop our products; or on third-party hosting platforms on which our customers host their systems. These security incidents or compromises may be caused by, or result in, but are not limited to, security breaches, computer malware or malicious software, ransomware, phishing attacks, computer hacking, denial of service attacks, security system control failures in our own systems or vendor systems that we or our customers use, software vulnerabilities, social engineering, sabotage, malicious downloads, and the errors or malfeasance of our own or our customers' or vendors' employees. Although we have taken significant measures to detect, effectively remediate, and prevent future phishing and other attacks and security threats, we cannot be certain that our efforts will be effective to prevent and remediate all attacks and security threats. As a result, unauthorized access to, security breaches, incidents, or compromises of, or denial-of-service attacks against our platform could result in the unauthorized access to, or use of, and/or loss of, our data, as well as loss of IP, customer data, employee data, trade secrets, or other confidential or proprietary information. In particular, because we utilize a multi-tenant platform for our SaaS solution, any security breach, incident, or compromise could potentially affect a significant amount of our customers.

The consequences of a security breach, incident, or compromise may be more severe if customers have chosen to configure our platform to collect and store confidential, personal, sensitive, or proprietary information. Our customers determine, through their configuration, the nature of the customer data processed by Dynatrace, and accordingly the content of the notices that they provide to data subjects as well as the consents that they obtain, if they do, in fact, obtain consent. As such, our risks are also affected by how our customers obtain consent or provide transparency to the individuals whose data is provided by the customer to Dynatrace. If our customers fail to comply with applicable law or fail to provide adequate notice or to obtain consent, we could be exposed to a risk of loss, litigation, or regulatory action, and possible liability, some or all of which may not be covered by insurance, and our ability to operate our business may be impaired.

We and certain of our service providers have experienced and may in the future experience disruptions, outages, and other performance problems on our internal systems due to service attacks, unauthorized access, or other security related incidents or compromises affecting confidential or personal information. Any security breach, incident, or compromise or loss of system control caused by hacking, which involves efforts to gain unauthorized access to information or systems, or to cause intentional malfunctions or loss, modification, or corruption of data, software, hardware or other computer equipment and the transmission of computer malware could harm our business, operating results, and financial condition, and expose us to claims arising from loss or unauthorized disclosure of confidential or personal information or data and the related breach of our contracts with customers or others, or of privacy or data security laws. If an actual or perceived security incident, breach, or compromise occurs, the market perception of the effectiveness of our security controls could be harmed, our brand and reputation could be damaged, we could lose customers, and we could suffer financial exposure due to such events or in connection with remediation efforts, investigation costs, regulatory fines, including fines assessed under the European General Data Protection Regulation ("GDPR") or other privacy laws, private lawsuits, and changed security control, system architecture, and system protection measures.

We have administrative, technical, and physical security measures in place, as well as policies and procedures in place to contractually require third parties to whom we transfer data to implement and maintain appropriate security measures. We also proactively employ multiple methods at different layers of our systems to defend against intrusion and attack and to protect our data. However, because the techniques used to obtain unauthorized access or to compromise or sabotage systems change frequently and generally are not identified until they are launched against or even penetrate a target, we may be unable to anticipate these techniques or to implement adequate preventative measures that will be sufficient to counter all current and emerging technology threats. We may therefore experience security breaches, incidents, or compromises that may remain undetected for extended periods of time. Vendors' or suppliers' software or systems may be susceptible or vulnerable to breaches and attacks, which could compromise our systems. A vendor or other supply chain-related breach or compromise could spread to our own systems or affect our operations or financial systems in material ways that we cannot yet anticipate.

A majority of our employees have the ability to work either partially or fully remote. Certain security systems in homes or other remote workplaces may be less secure than those used in our offices, which may subject us to increased security risks, including cybersecurity-related events, and expose us to risks of data or financial loss and associated disruptions to our business operations. We may also be exposed to risks associated with the locations of remote workers, including exposure to compromised Internet infrastructure. If we are unable to effectively manage the cybersecurity and other risks of remote work, our business could be harmed or otherwise negatively impacted.

Because data security is a critical competitive factor in our industry, we make statements in our privacy policies, our online product documentation, and in our marketing materials describing the security of our platform, including descriptions of certain security measures we employ or security features embedded within our offerings. In addition, our customer contracts include commitments related to security measures and data protection. Should any of these statements be untrue, become untrue, or be perceived to be untrue, even if through circumstances beyond our reasonable control, or if any of these security measures or features prove to be ineffective or are perceived to be ineffective, we may face claims (including claims of unfair or deceptive trade practices or breach of regulations, including GDPR) brought by the U.S. Federal Trade Commission, state, local, or foreign regulators (e.g., a European Union-based data protection authority) or private litigants, and breach of contract.

While we believe that we maintain a sufficient amount of insurance to cover certain risks and incidents related to data security, our insurance coverage may not always cover all costs or losses. In addition, we cannot be certain that sufficient insurance will continue to be available to us on commercially acceptable terms in the future. Any large, successful claim that exceeds our insurance coverage or any changes in insurance availability and requirements could have a material adverse impact on our financial condition and reputation.

Interruptions or disruptions with the delivery of our SaaS solutions, or third-party cloud-based systems that we depend on in our operations, may adversely affect our business, operating results, and financial condition.

Our business and continued growth depends on the ability of our customers to access our platform and solutions, particularly our cloud-based solutions, at any time and within an acceptable amount of time. In addition, our ability to access certain third-party SaaS solutions is important to our operations and the delivery of our customer support and professional services, as well as our sales operations.

We have experienced, and may in the future experience, service disruptions, outages, and other performance problems both in the delivery of our SaaS solutions, and in third-party SaaS solutions we use due to a variety of factors, including infrastructure changes, malicious actors including disgruntled employees, human or software errors, or capacity constraints. We have experienced disruptions, outages, or performance problems in the past causing some of our services to be unavailable for a limited period of time. While none of these occurrences have been material to our business, future events could be more impactful. We utilize a multi-tenant structure, meaning that generally, our customers are hosted on a shared platform. As such, any interruption in service could affect a significant number of our customers. In some instances, we or our third-party service providers may not be able to identify the cause or causes of these performance problems within an acceptable period of time. It may become increasingly difficult to maintain and improve the performance of our SaaS solutions as they become more complex. If our SaaS solutions are unavailable or degraded or if our customers are unable to access features of our SaaS solutions within a reasonable amount of time or at all, our business would be adversely affected. In addition, if any of the third-party SaaS solutions that we use were to experience a significant or prolonged outage or security breach, our business could be adversely affected.

We currently host our Dynatrace solutions on cloud infrastructure hyperscaler providers, such as AWS, Azure and GCP. Our Dynatrace solutions reside on hardware operated by these providers. Our operations depend on protecting the virtual cloud infrastructure hosted by a hyperscaler by maintaining its configuration, architecture, features, and interconnection specifications, as well as the information stored in these virtual data centers and which third-party Internet service providers transmit. Although we have disaster recovery plans, including the use of multiple hyperscaler locations, any incident affecting a hyperscaler's infrastructure that may be caused by fire, flood, severe storm, earthquake, or other natural disasters, actual or threatened public health emergencies, cyber-attacks, terrorist or other attacks, and other similar events beyond our control could negatively affect our platform and our ability to deliver our solutions to our customers. A prolonged hyperscaler service disruption affecting our SaaS platform for any of the foregoing reasons would negatively impact our ability to serve our customers and could damage our reputation with current and potential customers, expose us to liability, cause us to lose customers, or otherwise harm our business. We may also incur significant costs for using alternative equipment or taking other actions in preparation for, or in reaction to, events that damage the hyperscaler services we use.

Hyperscalers have the right to terminate our agreements with them upon material uncured breach following prior written notice. If any of our hyperscaler service agreements are terminated, or there is a lapse of service, we would experience interruptions in access to our platform as well as significant delays and additional expense in arranging new facilities and services and/or re-architecting our solutions for deployment on a different cloud infrastructure, which would adversely affect our business, operating results, and financial condition.

Real or perceived errors, failures, defects, or vulnerabilities in our solutions could adversely affect our financial results and growth prospects.

Our solutions and underlying platform are complex, and in the past, we or our customers have discovered software errors, failures, defects, and vulnerabilities in our solutions after they have been released, including after new versions or updates are released. Our solutions and our platform are frequently deployed and used in large-scale computing environments with different operating systems, system management software and equipment and networking configurations, which have in the past, and may in the future, cause errors in, or failures of, our solutions or other aspects of the computing environment into which they are deployed. In addition, deployment of our solutions into complicated, large-scale computing environments have in the past exposed, and may, in the future, expose undetected errors, failures, defects, or vulnerabilities in our solutions. AI may not work as we had anticipated or it may produce unexpected results or outcomes. Despite testing by us, errors, failures, defects, or vulnerabilities may not be found in our solutions until they are released to our customers or thereafter. Real or perceived errors, failures, defects, or vulnerabilities in our solutions (in particular, any failure of our application security offering to perform as warranted) could result in, among other things, negative publicity and damage to our reputation, lower renewal rates, loss of or delay in market acceptance of our solutions, loss of competitive position, or claims by customers for losses sustained by them or expose us to breach of contract claims, regulatory fines, and related liabilities. If vulnerabilities in our solutions are exploited by adversaries, our customers could experience damages or losses for which our customers seek to hold us accountable. In the case of real or perceived errors, failures, defects, or vulnerabilities in our solutions giving rise to claims by customers, we may be required, or may choose, for regulatory, contractual, customer relations, or other reasons, to expend additional resource

Assertions by third parties of infringement or other violations by us of their IP rights, or other lawsuits brought against us, could result in significant costs and substantially harm our business, operating results, and financial condition.

Patent and other IP disputes are common in the markets in which we compete. Some companies in the markets in which we compete, including some of our competitors, own large numbers of patents, copyrights, trademarks, and trade secrets, which they may use to assert claims of infringement, misappropriation, or other violations of IP rights against us, our partners, our technology partners, or our customers. As the number of patents and competitors in our market increase, allegations of infringement, misappropriation, and other violations of IP rights may also increase. Our broad solution portfolio and the competition in our markets further exacerbate the risk of additional third-party IP claims against us in the future. Any allegation of infringement, misappropriation, or other violation of IP rights by a third party, even those without merit, could cause us to incur substantial costs and resources defending against the claim, could distract our management from our business, and could cause uncertainty among our customers or prospective customers, all of which could have an adverse effect on our business, operating results, and financial condition. We cannot assure you that we are not infringing or otherwise violating any third-party IP rights.

Furthermore, third parties that bring allegations against us may have the capability to dedicate substantially greater resources to enforce their IP rights and to defend against similar allegations that may be brought against them than we do. We have received, and may in the future receive, notices alleging that we have misappropriated, misused, or infringed other parties' IP rights, including allegations made by our competitors, and, to the extent we gain greater market visibility, we face a higher risk of being the subject of IP infringement assertions. There also is a market for acquiring third-party IP rights and a competitor, or other entity, could acquire third-party IP rights and pursue similar assertions based on the acquired IP. They may also make such assertions against our customers or partners.

An adverse outcome of a dispute may require us to take several adverse steps such as pay substantial damages, including potentially treble damages, if we are found to have willfully infringed a third party's patents or copyrights; cease making, using, selling, licensing, importing, or otherwise commercializing solutions that are alleged to infringe or misappropriate the IP of others; expend additional development resources to attempt to redesign our solutions or otherwise to develop non-infringing technology, which may not be successful; enter into potentially unfavorable royalty or license agreements in order to obtain the right to use necessary technologies or IP rights or have royalty obligations imposed by a court; or indemnify our customers, partners, and other third parties. Any damages or royalty obligations we may become subject to, or any prohibition against our commercializing our solutions as a result of an adverse outcome could harm our business and operating results.

Additionally, our agreements with customers and partners include indemnification provisions, under which we agree to indemnify them for losses suffered or incurred as a result of allegations of IP infringement and, in some cases, for damages caused by us to property or persons or other third-party allegations. Furthermore, we have agreed in certain instances to defend our partners against third-party claims asserting infringement of certain IP rights, which may include patents, copyrights, trademarks, or trade secrets, and to pay judgments entered on such assertions. Large indemnity payments could harm our business, operating results, and financial condition.

Failure to protect and enforce our proprietary technology and IP rights could substantially harm our business, operating results, and financial condition.

The success of our business depends on our ability to protect and enforce our proprietary rights, including our patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets, and other IP rights, throughout the world. We attempt to protect our IP under patent, trademark, copyright, and trade secret laws, and through a combination of confidentiality procedures, contractual provisions, internal policies and other methods, all of which offer only limited protection. However, the steps we take to protect our IP may be inadequate. We will not be able to protect our IP if we are unable to secure or enforce our rights or if we do not detect unauthorized use of our IP. Despite our precautions, it may be possible for unauthorized third parties to copy our technology and use information that we regard as proprietary to create products, offerings, and services that compete with ours. In the past, we have been made aware of public postings of portions of our source code. It is possible that released source code could reveal some of our trade secrets, create security risks, and impact our competitive advantage. Some license provisions protecting against unauthorized use, copying, transfer, reverse engineering, and disclosure of our technology may be unenforceable under the laws of certain jurisdictions and foreign countries. Further, the laws of some countries do not protect proprietary rights to the same extent as the laws of the United States, and in some countries, there may not be sufficient legal processes available to us, in a timely fashion or at all, to enable us to effectively protect our IP. In expanding our international activities, our exposure to unauthorized copying and use of our technology and proprietary information may increase. In addition, the use of other companies' generative AI tools by our employees or contractors in a manner that violates our internal policies may compromise some of our proprietary or IP rights.

The process of obtaining patent protection is expensive and time consuming, and we may not be able to successfully prosecute patent applications at a reasonable cost or in a timely manner. We may choose not to seek patent protection for certain innovations and may choose not to pursue patent protection in certain jurisdictions. Furthermore, it is possible that our patent applications may not result in issued patents, that the scope of the claims in our issued patents will be insufficient or not have the coverage originally sought, that our issued patents will not provide us with any competitive advantages, or that our issued patents and other IP rights may be challenged by others or invalidated through administrative process or litigation. In addition, issuance of a patent does not guarantee that we have an absolute right to practice our patented technology, or that we have the right to exclude others from practicing our patented technology. As a result, we may not be able to obtain adequate patent protection or to enforce our issued patents effectively.

In addition to patented technology, we rely on our unpatented proprietary technology and trade secrets. Despite our efforts to protect our proprietary technology and trade secrets, unauthorized parties may attempt to misappropriate, reverse engineer, or otherwise obtain and use them. The contractual provisions that we enter into with employees, consultants, partners, vendors, and customers may not prevent unauthorized use or disclosure of our proprietary technology or trade secrets and may not provide an adequate remedy in the event of unauthorized use or disclosure of our proprietary technology or trade secrets.

Moreover, policing unauthorized use of our technologies, solutions and IP is difficult, expensive, and time-consuming, particularly in foreign countries where the laws may not be as protective of IP rights as those in the United States and where mechanisms for enforcement of IP rights may be weak. We may be unable to determine the extent of any unauthorized use or infringement of our solutions, technologies, or IP rights.

From time to time, legal action by us may be necessary to enforce our patents and other IP rights, to protect our trade secrets, to determine the validity and scope of the IP rights of others, or to defend against allegations of infringement or invalidity. Such litigation could result in substantial costs and diversion of resources and could negatively affect our business, operating results, financial condition, and cash flows. If we are unable to protect our IP rights, our business, operating results and financial condition will be harmed.

Our use of open source technology could impose limitations on our ability to commercialize our solutions and platform.

We use open source software in our solutions and platform and expect to continue to use open source software in the future. Although we monitor our use of open source software to avoid subjecting our solutions and platform to conditions we do not intend, we may face allegations from others alleging ownership of, or seeking to enforce the terms of, an open source license, including by demanding release of the open source software, derivative works, or our proprietary source code that was developed using such software. These allegations could also result in litigation. The terms of many open source licenses have not been interpreted by U.S. courts. As a result, there is a risk that these licenses could be construed in a way that could impose unanticipated conditions or restrictions on our ability to commercialize our solutions. In such an event, we could be required to seek licenses from third parties to continue offering our solutions, to make our proprietary code generally available in source code form, to re-engineer our solutions, or to discontinue the sale of our solutions if re-engineering could not be accomplished on a timely basis, any of which could adversely affect our business, operating results, and financial condition.

Our participation in open source initiatives may limit our ability to enforce our IP rights in certain circumstances.

As part of our strategy to broaden our target markets and accelerate adoption of our offerings, we contribute software program code to certain open source projects managed by organizations such as Microsoft, Google, and Cloud Native Computing Foundation. We also undertake our own open source initiatives to promote "open innovation" and "enterprise openness," meaning that we make technologies available under open source licenses with the goal of exchanging insights and experience with other experts in the community, broadening the adoption of our platform by our customers, and providing our partners with the ability to leverage their own technologies through the Dynatrace platform. In some cases, we accept contributions of code from the community, our customers, and partners.

When we contribute to a third-party managed open source project, the copyrights, patent rights, and other proprietary rights in and to the technologies, including software program code, owned by us that we contribute to these projects are often licensed to the project managers and to all other contributing parties without material restriction on further use or distribution. If and to the extent that any of the technologies that we contribute, either alone or in combination with the technologies that may be contributed by others, practice any inventions that are claimed under our patents or patent applications, then we may be unable to enforce those claims or prevent others from practicing those inventions, regardless of whether such other persons also contributed to the open source project (even if we were to conclude that their use infringes our patents with competing offerings), unless any such third party asserts its patent rights against us. This limitation on our ability to assert our patent rights against others could harm our business and ability to compete. In addition, if we were to attempt to enforce our patent rights, we could suffer reputational injury among our customers and the open source community.

Any actual or perceived failure by us to comply with stringent and evolving privacy laws or regulatory requirements in one or multiple jurisdictions, privacy, and information security policies and/or contractual obligations could result in proceedings, actions, or penalties against us.

We are subject to U.S. federal, state, and international laws, regulations, and standards relating to the collection, use, disclosure, retention, security, transfer, and other processing of personal data. The legal and regulatory frameworks for privacy, data protection and security issues worldwide are rapidly evolving and as a result, implementation standards, potential fines, enforcement practices, and litigation risks are likely to remain uncertain for the foreseeable future.

- In the United States, state legislatures continue to propose and pass comprehensive privacy legislation, including data breach notification laws, personal data privacy laws, and consumer protection laws. For example, the California Consumer Privacy Act ("CCPA"), as amended by the California Privacy Rights Act, gives California residents rights to access and delete their personal information, opt out of certain personal information sharing, and receive detailed information about how their personal information is used. The CCPA also provides for civil penalties for violations, as well as a private right of action for data breaches that is expected to increase data breach litigation. The CCPA has prompted a number of proposals for new federal and state-level privacy legislation, and in some states, efforts to pass comprehensive privacy laws have been successful. To date, numerous other states have enacted laws that impose privacy obligations that are similar to the CCPA and we also anticipate that more states will pass similar legislation. The existence of comprehensive privacy laws in different states in the country will add additional complexity, variation in requirements, restrictions, and potential legal risk, require additional investment of resources in compliance programs, impact strategies and the availability of previously useful data, and has resulted in and will result in increased compliance costs and/or changes in business practices and policies.
- Outside of the United States, virtually every jurisdiction in which we operate has established its own privacy, data protection and/or data security legal framework with which we or our customers must comply, including, but not limited to, the European Union ("EU").
 - o In the EU, data protection laws are stringent and continue to evolve, resulting in possible significant operational costs for internal compliance and risk to our business. The EU has adopted the GDPR, which imposes robust obligations upon covered companies, including heightened notice and consent requirements, greater rights of data subjects (e.g., the "right to be forgotten"), increased accountability measures, additional data breach notification and data security requirements, requirements for engaging third-party processors, and increased fines for non-compliance. Serious breaches of the GDPR (and similar data protection regulations in the United Kingdom) may result in monetary penalties of up to €20 million (or £17.5 million in the UK) or 4% of worldwide annual revenue, whichever is greater, for violations. In addition to the GDPR, other European legislative proposals and current laws and regulations apply to cookies and similar tracking technologies, electronic communications, and marketing, with an increased focus on online behavioral advertising.
 - Many jurisdictions outside of Europe where we do business directly or through resellers today and may seek to expand our business in the future, are also
 considering or have enacted comprehensive data protection legislation, cybersecurity legislation, or both. These include Australia, Brazil, China, Japan,
 Mexico, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, and United Arab Emirates.
- We are subject to various data transfer rules related to our ability to transfer data from one country to another. This may limit our ability to transfer certain data or require us to guarantee a certain level of protection when transferring data from one country to another.
- We are also subject to data localization laws in certain countries that may, for example, require personal information of citizens to be collected, stored, and modified only
 within that country. These and similar regulations may interfere with our intended business activities, inhibit our ability to expand into those markets, require
 modifications to our offerings or services, or prohibit us from continuing to offer services in those markets without significant additional costs.
- Current or future laws, regulations, and ethical considerations related to the use of AI technology may impact our ability to provide insights from data and use certain data to develop our offerings. Our company has significant experience with AI and we have incorporated it within our offerings for several years. While we focus on using AI in a responsible, ethical, and legal manner, our use of AI and the impact of laws, regulations, and ethical considerations for AI generally, and as they apply to our customers, may also require us to develop new or different systems and processes to test for accuracy, bias, and other variables and could increase our burden and cost of research and development in this area. The use of certain AI technology can give rise to IP risks, including compromises to proprietary IP and IP infringement. Additionally, we expect to see increasing government and supranational regulation related to AI use and ethics, which may also significantly increase the burden and cost of research, development and compliance in this area. The rapid evolution of AI will require the application of significant resources to design, develop, test and maintain our products and services to help ensure that AI is implemented in accordance with applicable law and regulation and in a socially responsible manner and to minimize any real or perceived unintended harmful impacts. Our vendors may in turn incorporate AI tools into their own offerings, and the providers of these

AI tools may not meet existing or rapidly evolving regulatory or industry standards, including with respect to privacy and data security. Further, bad actors around the world use increasingly sophisticated methods, including the use of AI, to engage in illegal activities involving the theft and misuse of personal information, confidential information and IP. These factors may also impose burdensome and costly requirements on our ability and our customers' ability to utilize data in innovative ways. For example, the EU has adopted the AI Act and in the United States, new AI-related laws and rulemakings are underway or being proposed at the federal, state, and local levels. AI is evolving rapidly and if our use of AI and data were to draw controversy, it could harm our reputation and give rise to legal or regulatory action.

The regulatory framework both in the United States and internationally governing the collection, processing, storage, use and sharing of certain information, particularly financial and other personal information, is rapidly evolving and is likely to continue to be subject to uncertainty and varying interpretations. It is possible that these laws may be interpreted and applied in a manner that is inconsistent with laws in other jurisdictions or which our existing data management practices or the features of our services and platform capabilities. We therefore cannot yet fully determine the impact these or future laws, rules, regulations, and industry standards may have on our business or operations.

In addition to the laws and regulations to which we are subject regarding the collection, processing, storage, use, and sharing of certain information, our contracts with customers include specific obligations regarding the protection of confidentiality and the permitted uses of personally identifiable and other proprietary information. We also publicly post documentation regarding our practices concerning the collection, processing, use, and disclosure of data. Although we endeavor to comply with our published policies and documentation and the various laws and regulations that we are subject to, we may at times fail to do so or be alleged to have failed to do so. Any failure or perceived failure by us, or any third parties with which we do business, to comply with our posted privacy policies and product documentation or privacy laws or regulations, changing consumer expectations, evolving laws, rules, and regulations, industry standards, or contractual obligations to which we or such third parties are or may become subject, may result in actions or other claims against us by governmental entities or private actors, the expenditure of substantial costs, time and other resources or the imposition of significant fines, penalties or other liabilities, which could, individually or in the aggregate, materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, and results of operations. In addition, any such action, particularly to the extent we were found to be guilty of violations or otherwise liable for damages, would damage our reputation and adversely affect our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

Additionally, our customers may be subject to differing privacy laws, rules, and legislation, which may mean that they require us to be bound by varying contractual requirements applicable to certain other jurisdictions. Adherence to such contractual requirements may impact our collection, use, processing, storage, sharing, and disclosure of various types of information, including financial information and other personal information, and may mean we become bound by, or voluntarily comply with, self-regulatory or other industry standards relating to these matters that may further change as laws, rules, and regulations evolve. Complying with these requirements and changing our policies and practices may be onerous and costly, and we may not be able to respond quickly or effectively to regulatory, legislative, and other developments. These changes may in turn impair our ability to offer our existing or planned features, products, and services and/or increase our cost of doing business. As we expand our customer base, these requirements may vary from customer to customer, further increasing the cost of compliance and doing business.

Risks Related to Legal, Regulatory, Accounting, and Tax Matters

Tax matters, including changes in tax laws, rules, regulations, and treaties, could impact our effective tax rate and our results of operations.

We operate in over 35 countries around the world and, as a multinational corporation, we are subject to income and non-income taxes, including payroll, sales, use, value-added, net worth, property, and goods and services taxes, in both the United States and various non-U.S. jurisdictions.

Our effective tax rate has fluctuated in the past and is likely to fluctuate in the future. Our effective tax rate is affected by the allocation of revenues and expenses to different jurisdictions and the timing of recognizing revenues and expenses. In addition, in the ordinary course of our global business, there are many intercompany transactions and calculations where the ultimate tax determination is uncertain.

The amount of taxes that we pay is subject to our interpretation of applicable tax laws in the jurisdictions in which we file and changes to tax laws. Significant judgment is required in determining our worldwide provision for income taxes and other tax liabilities, and in determining the realizability of tax attributes such as foreign tax credits and domestic deferred tax assets. For example, during the year ended March 31, 2025, we completed an intra-entity asset transfer of the global economic rights of our IP to Switzerland which resulted in the recognition of a discrete tax benefit and related deferred tax asset of \$320.9 million (as discussed in Note 9 to our audited consolidated financial statements and the "Management's Discussion and Analysis" section of our Annual Report). From time to time, we are subject to regular tax audits, examinations, and reviews in the ordinary course of business. While we believe that our

tax estimates, assumptions, and judgments are reasonable and we have complied with all applicable income tax laws, there can be no assurance that a governing tax authority will not have a different interpretation and require us to pay additional taxes. If any amounts that we ultimately pay to a tax authority differ materially from amounts that we previously recorded or if we experience any unanticipated tax consequences, it could negatively affect our financial results and operations for the period at issue and on an ongoing basis.

We do not collect sales and use, value added, and similar taxes in all jurisdictions in which we have sales, based on our belief that such taxes are not applicable in certain of those jurisdictions. Sales and use, value added, and similar tax laws and rates vary greatly by jurisdiction. Certain jurisdictions in which we do not collect such taxes may assert that such taxes are applicable, which could result in tax assessments, penalties, and interest, and we may be required to collect such taxes in the future. Such tax assessments, penalties, and interest or future requirements may adversely affect our results of operations.

Tax laws, rules, and regulations are constantly under review by persons involved in the legislative process and by tax authorities. Changes to tax laws (which may have retroactive application) could adversely affect us or holders of our common stock. For example, changes in tax laws, rules, regulations, treaties, rates, changing interpretation of existing laws or regulations, the impact of accounting for share-based compensation, the impact of accounting for business combinations, changes in our international organization, and changes in overall levels of income before tax, can increase our or our stockholders' tax liability. In recent years, many changes have been made to applicable tax laws and changes are likely to continue to occur in the future.

The OECD reached agreement among various countries to implement a minimum 15% tax rate on certain multinational enterprises, commonly referred to as Pillar Two. Many countries continue to announce changes in their tax laws and regulations based on the Pillar Two proposals. For fiscal year 2026, we expect to meet the Transitional Country-by-Country ("CbCR") Safe Harbor rules for most, if not all, the jurisdictions that have adopted the rules. Based on the guidance available thus far, we do not expect this legislation to have a material impact on our condensed consolidated financial statements, but we will continue to evaluate it as additional guidance and clarification becomes available.

We are subject to a number of risks associated with global sales and operations.

Revenue from customers located outside of the United States represented 56% of our total revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2025. As of March 31, 2025, approximately 68% of our employees were located outside of the United States. As a result, our global sales and operations are subject to a number of risks and additional costs, including the following:

- · increased expenses associated with international sales and operations, including establishing and maintaining office space and equipment for our international operations;
- fluctuations in exchange rates between the U.S. dollar and other currencies in the markets where we do business, and other controls, regulations, and orders that might restrict our ability to repatriate cash;
- · volatility, uncertainties, and recessionary pressures in the global economy or in the economies of the countries in which we operate;
- · difficulties in penetrating new markets due to existing competition or local lack of recognition of the Dynatrace brand;
- risks associated with trade restrictions and additional legal requirements, including the exportation of our technology or source code that is required in many of the countries in which we operate;
- greater risk of unexpected changes in regulatory rules, regulations and practices, tariffs and tax laws and treaties;
- compliance with U.S. and foreign import and export control and economic sanctions laws and regulations, including the Export Administration Regulations administered
 by the U.S. Department of Commerce's Bureau of Industry and Security and the executive orders and laws implemented by the U.S. Department of the Treasury's
 Office of Foreign Asset Controls:
- compliance with anti-bribery laws, including the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act ("FCPA") and the U.K. Anti-Bribery Act, and a heightened risk of unfair or corrupt business practices in certain geographies, and of improper or fraudulent sales arrangements that may impact financial results and result in restatements of, or irregularities in, financial statements;
- compliance with privacy, data protection, and data security laws of many countries and jurisdictions, including the EU's GDPR and the CCPA;
- · limited or uncertain protection of IP rights in some countries and the risks and costs associated with monitoring and enforcing IP rights abroad;
- greater difficulty in enforcing contracts and managing collections in certain jurisdictions, as well as longer collection periods;
- · management communication and integration problems resulting from cultural and geographic dispersion;
- · difficulties hiring local staff, differing employer/employee relationships, and the potential need for country-specific benefits, programs, and systems;

- · social, economic, and political instability, epidemics and pandemics, terrorist attacks, wars, geopolitical conflicts, disputes and security concerns in general; and
- · potentially adverse tax consequences.

These and other factors could harm our ability to generate future global revenue and, consequently, materially impact our business, results of operations, and financial condition.

Continued uncertainty in the U.S. and global economies, particularly Europe, along with uncertain geopolitical conditions, could negatively affect sales of our offerings and services and could harm our operating results.

As our business has grown, we have become increasingly subject to the risks arising from adverse changes in the domestic and global economies. Uncertainty in the macroeconomic environment and associated global economic conditions, as well as geopolitical disruption, have and may continue to result in extreme volatility in credit, equity, and foreign currency markets. These conditions, including changes in inflationary pressures, increased tariffs, rising interest rates, lower consumer confidence or uneven or lower spending, volatile capital markets, financial and credit market fluctuations, trade wars or trade conflicts, political turmoil, natural catastrophes, epidemics, warfare (including the ongoing conflicts in Ukraine, and in Israel and surrounding areas), and terrorist attacks on the United States or elsewhere, may also adversely affect the buying patterns of our customers and prospective customers, including the size of transactions and length of sales cycles, which would adversely affect our overall pipeline as well as our revenue growth expectations. For example, we have seen lengthening sales cycles, which may affect our future revenues and results of operations. In addition, increased economic uncertainty in the United States and abroad could lead to periods of economic slowdown or recession, continued inflation and higher interest rates, and the occurrence of such events, or public perception that any of these events may occur, could result in a general decrease in spending on technology or other business interruptions. We cannot predict the timing, strength, or duration of any economic slowdown, instability, or recovery, generally or within the technology industry. If macroeconomic or geopolitical conditions deteriorate or if the pace of recovery slows or is uneven, our overall results of operations could be adversely affected.

We continue to invest in our international operations. There are significant risks with overseas investments, and our growth prospects in these regions are uncertain. Increased volatility, further declines in the European credit, equity, and foreign currency markets or geopolitical disruptions (including ongoing conflicts in Ukraine, and in Israel and surrounding areas) could cause delays in or cancellations of orders or have other negative impacts on our business operations in Europe (where a significant amount of our research and development operations are concentrated) and other regions throughout the world. If tensions between the United States, members of NATO and other countries continue to escalate and create global security concerns, it may result in an increased adverse impact on regional and global economies and increase the likelihood of cyberattacks. Increased tariff rates could adversely affect our customers' and suppliers' businesses and in turn impact our business, while the imposition of taxes that target U.S. service providers such as us could directly increase the prices that our customers pay and adversely affect our business. Deterioration of economic or geopolitical conditions in the countries in which we do business could also cause slower or impaired collections on accounts receivable. In addition, we could experience delays in the payment obligations of our worldwide reseller customers if they experience weakness in the end-user market, which would increase our credit risk exposure and harm our financial condition. In addition, changes or uncertainties in U.S. trade policies toward foreign countries could create unfavorable economic conditions that may adversely affect our operations and growth.

In 2022, we suspended all business in Russia and Belarus. Although we do not have material operations in Ukraine, Russia, or Belarus, geopolitical instability in the region, new sanctions, and enhanced export controls has and may continue to impact our ability to sell or export our platform in Ukraine, Russia, Belarus and surrounding countries. Similarly, our operations in Israel and the surrounding areas are not material to our business results, though geopolitical instability in the region may impact our ability to sell or export our platform there. While we do not believe the overall impact to be material to our business results, if these conflicts and the scope of sanctions expand further or persist for an extended period of time, our business could be harmed.

Because we recognize revenue from our SaaS subscriptions and term licenses over the subscription or license term, downturns or upturns in new sales and renewals may not be immediately reflected in our operating results and may be difficult to discern.

For customers who purchase a subscription to our Dynatrace platform, whether they purchase a SaaS subscription, or a term license, we generally recognize revenue ratably over the term of their subscription. Thus, substantially all of the revenue that we report in each quarter from the Dynatrace platform is derived from the recognition of revenue relating to contracts entered into during previous quarters. For the three months ended June 30, 2025, revenue recognized from deferred revenue at the beginning of the period was \$409.7 million. Consequently, a decline in new or renewed customer contracts in any single quarter may have a small impact on our revenue for that quarter. However, such a decline will negatively affect our revenue in future quarters. Accordingly, the effect of significant downturns in sales and market acceptance of our solutions, and potential changes in our rate of renewals, may not be fully reflected in our results of operations until future periods. In addition, a significant majority of our costs are expensed as incurred, while revenue is recognized over the life of the agreement with our customer. As a result, increased growth in the number of our customers could continue to result in our recognition of more costs than revenue in the earlier periods of the terms of our agreements.

Our revenue recognition policy and other factors may distort our financial results in any given period and make them difficult to predict.

We recognize revenue when our customer obtains control of goods or services in an amount that reflects the consideration that we expect to receive in exchange for those goods or services. Our subscription revenue consists of (i) SaaS agreements, (ii) term-based licenses for the Dynatrace platform which are recognized ratably over the contract term, and (iii) maintenance and support agreements. A significant increase or decline in our subscription contracts in any one quarter may not be fully reflected in the results for that quarter, but will affect our revenue in future quarters.

Furthermore, the presentation of our financial results requires us to make estimates and assumptions that may affect revenue recognition. In some instances, we could reasonably use different estimates and assumptions, and changes in estimates are likely to occur from period to period. For a discussion of some of these estimates and policies, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates" included in Part II, Item 7 of our Annual Report.

Given the foregoing factors, our actual results could differ significantly from our estimates, comparing our revenue and operating results on a period-to-period basis may not be meaningful, and our past results may not be indicative of our future performance.

Changes in existing financial accounting standards or practices may harm our operating results.

Changes in existing accounting rules or practices, new accounting pronouncements, or varying interpretations of current accounting pronouncements or practice could harm our operating results or result in changes to the manner in which we conduct our business. Further, such changes could potentially affect our reporting of transactions completed and reported before such changes are effective.

GAAP is subject to interpretation by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB"), the SEC, and various bodies formed to promulgate and interpret appropriate accounting principles. A change in these principles or a change in these interpretations could have a significant effect on our reported financial results and could affect the reporting of transactions completed before the announcement of a change.

We may face exposure to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations.

We have transacted in foreign currencies and expect to transact in foreign currencies in the future. In addition, we maintain assets and liabilities that are denominated in currencies other than the functional operating currencies of our global entities. Accordingly, changes in the value of foreign currencies relative to the U.S. dollar will affect our revenue and operating results due to transactional and translational remeasurement that is reflected in our earnings. As a result of such foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations, which have been prevalent over recent periods, it could be more difficult to detect underlying trends in our business and results of operations.

In addition, to the extent that fluctuations in currency exchange rates cause our results of operations to differ from our expectations or the expectations of our investors, the trading price of our common stock could be adversely affected. We do not currently maintain a program to hedge transactional exposures in foreign currencies. However, in the future, we may use derivative instruments, such as foreign currency forward and option contracts, to hedge certain exposures to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. The use of such hedging activities may not offset any or more than a portion of the adverse financial effects of unfavorable movements in foreign exchange rates over the limited time the hedges are in place. Moreover, the use of hedging instruments may introduce additional risks if we are unable to structure effective hedges with such instruments.

Our sales to government entities are subject to a number of challenges and risks.

We sell our solutions to U.S. federal and state and foreign governmental agency customers, often through our distributors and resellers, and we may increase sales to government entities in the future. Sales to government entities are subject to a number of challenges and risks, including constraints on the budgetary process, including changes in the policies and priorities of the particular government, such as the Department of Government Efficiency ("DOGE") to reform federal government processes and reduce government expenditures, continuing resolutions, adherence to government audit and certification requirements, debt ceiling disruptions, deficit-reduction legislation, and any shutdown or default of the particular government. Selling to government entities can be highly competitive, expensive and time consuming, often requiring significant upfront time and expense without any assurance that these efforts will generate a sale. Contracts and subcontracts with government agency customers are subject to procurement laws and regulations relating to the award, administration, and performance of those contracts. Government demand and payment for our solutions are affected by public sector budgetary cycles and funding authorizations, with funding reductions or delays adversely affecting public sector demand for our solutions. We may be subject to audit or investigations relating to our sales to government entities, and any violations could result in various civil and criminal penalties and administrative sanctions, including termination of contracts, refunds of fees received, forfeiture of profits, suspension of payments, fines, and suspension or debarment from future government business including business with governmental agencies across the country involved. Government entities, including

DOGE, may have statutory, contractual, or other legal rights to terminate contracts with our distributors and resellers for convenience, non-appropriation, or due to a default. Any of these risks relating to our sales to governmental entities could adversely impact our future sales and operating results.

We may acquire other businesses, products, or technologies in the future which could require significant management attention, disrupt our business or result in operating difficulties, dilute stockholder value, and adversely affect our results of operations.

Our growth depends upon our ability to enhance our existing offerings and our ability to introduce new offerings on a timely basis. We intend to continue to address the need to develop new offerings and enhance existing offerings both through internal research and development, and also through the acquisition of other companies, product lines, technologies, and personnel. In the last two fiscal years, we have closed a small number of acquisitions. We expect to continue to consider and evaluate a wide array of potential acquisitions as part of our overall business strategy, including, but not limited to, acquisitions of certain businesses, technologies, services, products, and other assets and revenue streams. At any given time, we may be engaged in discussions or negotiations with respect to one or more acquisitions, any of which could, individually or in the aggregate, be material to our financial condition and results of operations. There can be no assurance that we will be successful in identifying, negotiating, and consummating favorable acquisition opportunities, and we may not be able to complete such acquisitions on favorable terms. If we do complete acquisitions, we may not ultimately strengthen our competitive position or achieve our goals, and any acquisitions we complete could be viewed negatively by our customers, securities analysts, and investors, and could be disruptive to our operations.

Acquisitions may involve additional significant challenges, uncertainties, and risks, including, but not limited to:

- · challenges, difficulties, or increased costs associated with integrating new employees, systems, technologies, and business cultures;
- failure of the acquisition to advance our business strategy and failure to achieve the acquisition's anticipated benefits or synergies;
- · disruption of our ongoing operations, diversion of our management's attention, and increased costs and expenses associated with pursuing acquisition opportunities;
- inadequate data security, cybersecurity, and operational and information technology compliance and resilience;
- · failure to identify, or our underestimation of, commitments, liabilities, deficiencies, and other risks associated with acquired businesses or assets;
- inconsistency between the business models of our company and the acquired company, and potential exposure to new or increased regulatory oversight and uncertain or evolving legal, regulatory, and compliance requirements;
- the potential loss of key management, other employees, or customers of the acquired business;
- potential reputational risks that could arise from transactions with, or investments in, companies involved in new or developing businesses or markets, which may be subject to uncertain or evolving legal, regulatory, and compliance requirements;
- · potential impairment of goodwill or other acquisition-related intangible assets; and
- · the potential for acquisitions to result in dilutive issuances of our equity securities or significant additional debt.

The integration process for an acquired business may require significant time and resources, and we may not be able to manage the process successfully. We may not successfully evaluate or utilize the acquired technology or personnel, or accurately forecast the financial impact of an acquired business, including accounting charges. We may have to pay cash, incur debt, or issue equity securities to pay for any such acquisitions, each of which could adversely affect our financial condition or the value of our common stock. The sale of equity or issuance of debt to finance any such acquisitions could result in dilution to our stockholders. The incurrence of indebtedness would result in increased fixed obligations and could also include covenants or other restrictions that would impede our ability to manage our operations.

Acquisitions may also heighten many of the risks described in this "Risk Factors" section. Acquisitions are inherently risky, may not be successful, and may harm our business, results of operations, and financial condition.

Our business is subject to a wide range of laws and regulations and our failure to comply with those laws and regulations could harm our business, operating results, and financial condition.

Our business is subject to regulation by various U.S. federal, state, local, and foreign governmental agencies, including agencies responsible for monitoring and enforcing employment and labor laws, workplace safety, product safety, environmental laws, consumer protection laws, AI, privacy, cybersecurity and data protection laws, anti-bribery laws, sanctions, trade controls, public procurement regulations and guidelines, federal securities laws, and tax laws and regulations. In certain foreign jurisdictions, these regulatory requirements may be more stringent than those in the United States. In addition, as we expand our business into new jurisdictions, as we serve customers in certain regulated industries, and as these laws and regulations are subject to change over time, we must continue

to monitor and dedicate resources to ensure continued compliance. We also anticipate continued changes in the laws and regulations governing cybersecurity controls and processes, data governance, sanctions, trade controls, and the use of AI. For example, the European Union's Digital Operational Resilience Act (DORA), which aims to enhance digital resilience of financial entities against cyber threats and operational disruptions, became effective on January 17, 2025. Non-compliance with applicable regulations or requirements could subject us to litigation, investigations, sanctions, enforcement actions, disgorgement of profits, fines, damages, civil and criminal penalties, or injunctions. If any governmental sanctions are imposed, or if we do not prevail in any possible civil or criminal litigation, our business, operating results, and financial condition could be materially adversely affected. In addition, responding to any action will likely result in a significant diversion of management's attention and resources and an increase in professional fees. Enforcement actions and sanctions could harm our business, operating results, and financial condition. Changes in cybersecurity, data governance, trade, and AI regulation, as well as geopolitical tensions, could increase our cost of doing business, for example, by requiring breach or vulnerability notifications or increased restrictions on trade, or requiring that data be retained, accessed, and viewed only within specific jurisdictional locations.

We are subject to governmental export and import controls and economic sanctions laws that could impair our ability to compete in international markets and subject us to liability if we are not in compliance with applicable laws.

Our solutions are subject to export and import control and economic sanctions laws and regulations, including the U.S. Export Administration Regulations administered by the U.S. Commerce Department's Bureau of Industry and Security and the economic and trade sanctions regulations administered by the U.S. Treasury Department's Office of Foreign Assets Control. Exports, re-exports, and transfers of our software and services, and the transfer or release of our proprietary technology must be made in compliance with these laws and regulations. Obtaining the necessary authorizations, including any required license for a particular sale, may be time consuming, is not guaranteed and may result in the delay or loss of sales opportunities.

Various countries regulate the import of encryption technology. Changes in the encryption or other technology incorporated into our solutions or in applicable export or import laws and regulations may delay the introduction and sale of our solutions in international markets, prevent customers from deploying our solutions or, in some cases, prevent the export or import of our solutions to certain countries, regions, governments, or persons altogether.

Recently, due in part to the geopolitical landscape and national security concerns, some countries in which Dynatrace operates have increasingly restricted trade. Changes in sanctions, export, or import laws and regulations, in the enforcement or scope of existing laws and regulations, or in the countries, regions, governments, persons, or technologies targeted by such laws and regulations, could also result in decreased use of our solutions or in our ability to sell our solutions in certain countries.

Even though we take precautions to prevent our solutions from being provided to restricted countries or persons, our solutions could be provided to those targets by our resellers or customers despite such precautions, and our customers may choose to host their systems including the Dynatrace platform using a hosting vendor that is a restricted person. The decreased use of our solutions or limitation on our ability to export or sell our solutions could adversely affect our business, while violations of these export and import control and economic sanctions laws and regulations could have negative consequences for us and our personnel, including government investigations, administrative fines, civil and criminal penalties, denial of export privileges, suspension or debarment from government contracts for a time, incarceration, and reputational harm.

Due to the global nature of our business, we could be adversely affected by violations of anti-bribery and similar laws in other jurisdictions in which we operate.

We are subject to the FCPA, the U.K. Bribery Act and other anti-bribery and anti-corruption laws in other jurisdictions. These laws generally prohibit companies, their employees, and their intermediaries from making or offering improper payments or other benefits to government officials and others in the private sector.

As we increase our sales and operations outside of the United States and increase our use of third parties, such as partners, resellers, agents and other intermediaries, our risks under these laws increases. Although we take steps to ensure compliance by adopting policies and conducting training, we cannot guarantee that our employees, partners, resellers, agents, or other intermediaries will not engage in prohibited conduct that could render us responsible under these laws. Non-compliance with these laws could subject us to investigations, sanctions, settlements, prosecution, other enforcement actions, disgorgement of profits, significant fines, damages, other civil and criminal penalties or injunctions, suspension and/or debarment from government contracts for a time, the loss of export privileges, reputational harm, adverse media coverage, and other collateral consequences. Any investigations, actions and/or sanctions could have a material negative impact on our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

Risks Related to Our Common Stock

The trading price of our common stock has been, and may continue to be, volatile and you could lose all or part of your investment.

Technology stocks have historically and recently experienced high levels of volatility. The trading price of our common stock has fluctuated substantially and will likely continue to be volatile, ranging from an intraday low of \$17.05 to an intraday high of \$80.13 between our initial public offering in 2019 through August 4, 2025. Factors that could cause fluctuations in the trading price of our common stock include the following:

- · announcements of new products, offerings or technologies, commercial relationships, acquisitions, or other events by us or our competitors;
- changes in how customers perceive the benefits of our platform;
- · shifts in the mix of billings and revenue attributable to SaaS subscriptions, licenses and services from quarter to quarter;
- · departures of our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, other executive officers, senior management or other key personnel;
- price and volume fluctuations in the overall stock market from time to time;
- fluctuations in the trading volume of our shares or the size of our public float;
- sales of large blocks of our common stock;
- actual or anticipated changes or fluctuations in our operating results;
- · whether our operating results meet the expectations of securities analysts or investors;
- changes in actual or future expectations of investors or securities analysts;
- · litigation, data breaches, or security incidents involving us, our industry or both;
- · regulatory developments in the United States, foreign countries or both, including changes to tariffs or trade agreements;
- · general economic conditions and trends; and
- major catastrophic events in our domestic and foreign markets.

In addition, if the market for technology stocks or the stock market in general experiences a loss of investor confidence, the trading price of our common stock could decline for reasons unrelated to our business, operating results, or financial condition. The trading price of our common stock might also decline in reaction to events that affect other companies in our industry even if these events do not directly affect us. In the past, following periods of volatility in the trading price of a company's securities, securities class action litigation has often been brought against that company.

If our internal controls over financial reporting or our disclosure controls and procedures are not effective, we may not be able to accurately report our financial results, prevent fraud or file our periodic reports in a timely manner, which may cause investors to lose confidence in our reported financial information and may lead to a decline in our stock price.

As a public company, we are required to maintain internal control over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures. Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act requires that we evaluate and determine the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting and provide a management report on our internal control over financial reporting. Our testing, or the subsequent testing by our independent registered public accounting firm, may reveal deficiencies in our internal control over financial reporting that are deemed to be material weaknesses. If we are not able to comply with the requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act in a timely manner, or if we or our accounting firm identify deficiencies in our internal control over financial reporting that are deemed to be material weaknesses, the market price of our stock would likely decline and we could be subject to lawsuits, sanctions, or investigations by regulatory authorities, including SEC enforcement actions, and we could be required to restate our financial results, any of which would require additional financial and management resources.

If material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting are discovered or occur in the future, our condensed consolidated financial statements may contain material misstatements and we could be required to restate our financial results, which could materially and adversely affect our business, results of operations, and financial condition, restrict our ability to access the capital markets, require us to expend significant resources to correct the material weakness, subject us to fines, penalties or judgments, harm our reputation, or otherwise cause a decline in investor confidence.

Sales of substantial amounts of our common stock in the public markets, or the perception that such sales could occur, could reduce the market price of our common stock.

Sales of a substantial number of shares of our common stock in the public market, or the perception that such sales could occur, could adversely affect the market price of our common stock and may make it more difficult for our stockholders or us to sell our stock at a time and price deemed appropriate. Substantial sales, or the perception that such sales may occur, could make it more difficult for our stockholders or us to sell shares of our common stock in the public market in the future.

Our issuance of additional capital stock in connection with financings, acquisitions, investments, our stock incentive plans, or otherwise will dilute all other stockholders.

We may issue additional capital stock in the future that will result in dilution to all other stockholders. We may also raise capital through equity financings in the future. As part of our business strategy, we may acquire or make investments in complementary companies, products, offerings or technologies and issue equity securities to pay for any such acquisition or investment. Any such issuances of additional capital stock may cause stockholders to experience significant dilution of their ownership interests and the per share value of our common stock to decline.

We cannot guarantee that our share repurchase program will be fully consummated or will enhance long-term stockholder value, and share repurchases could increase the volatility of the trading price of our common stock and diminish our cash reserves.

In May 2024, we announced a share repurchase program under which we are authorized to purchase up to \$500 million of our common stock from time to time. As of June 30, 2025, a total of \$282.4 million remained available for repurchase under the share repurchase program. Our share repurchase program does not have an expiration date and does not obligate us to repurchase any specific dollar amount or to acquire any specific number of shares on any particular timetable or at all. There can be no assurance that we will repurchase shares at favorable prices. Further, our share repurchases could affect the trading price of our common stock, increase its volatility, reduce our cash reserves, and may be suspended or terminated at any time, which may result in a lower market valuation of our common stock.

We do not intend to pay dividends on our common stock and, consequently, your ability to achieve a return on your investment will depend on appreciation in the price of our common stock.

We have never declared or paid any dividends on our common stock, and we do not anticipate paying any cash dividends in the foreseeable future. As a result, you may only receive a return on your investment in our common stock if the market price of our common stock increases. Any determination to pay dividends in the future will be at the discretion of our board of directors. Accordingly, investors must rely on sales of their common stock after price appreciation, which may never occur, as the only way to realize any future gains on their investments.

Our charter and bylaws contain anti-takeover provisions that could delay or discourage takeover attempts that stockholders may consider favorable.

Our charter and bylaws contain provisions that could delay or prevent a change in control of our company. These provisions could also make it difficult for stockholders to elect directors who are not nominated by the current members of our board of directors or take other corporate actions, including effecting changes in our management. These provisions include:

- a classified board of directors with three-year staggered terms, which could delay the ability of stockholders to change the membership of a majority of our board of directors:
- directors may only be removed for cause, and subject to the affirmative vote of the holders of 66 2/3% or more of our outstanding shares of capital stock then entitled to vote at a meeting of our stockholders called for that purpose;
- the ability of our board of directors to issue shares of preferred stock and to determine the price and other terms of those shares, including preferences and voting rights, without stockholder approval, which could be used to significantly dilute the ownership of a hostile acquirer;
- allowing only our board of directors to fill vacancies on our board of directors, which prevents stockholders from being able to fill vacancies on our board of directors;
- · a prohibition on stockholder action by written consent, which forces stockholder action to be taken at an annual or special meeting of our stockholders;
- the requirement that a special meeting of stockholders may be called only by our board of directors, the chair of our board of directors, our Chief Executive Officer or
 our president (in the absence of a Chief Executive Officer), which could delay the ability of our stockholders to force consideration of a proposal or to take action,
 including the removal of directors;

- the requirement for the affirmative vote of holders of at least 66 2/3% of the voting power of all of the then outstanding shares of the voting stock, voting together as a single class, to amend the provisions of our charter relating to the management of our business (including our classified board structure) or certain provisions of our bylaws, which may inhibit the ability of an acquirer to effect such amendments to facilitate an unsolicited takeover attempt;
- the ability of our board of directors to amend the bylaws, which may allow our board of directors to take additional actions to prevent an unsolicited takeover and inhibit the ability of an acquirer to amend the bylaws to facilitate an unsolicited takeover attempt;
- advance notice procedures with which stockholders must comply to nominate candidates to our board of directors or to propose matters to be acted upon at a
 stockholders' meeting, which may discourage or deter a potential acquirer from conducting a solicitation of proxies to elect the acquirer's own slate of directors or
 otherwise attempting to obtain control of us; and
- · a prohibition of cumulative voting in the election of our board of directors, which would otherwise allow less than a majority of stockholders to elect director candidates.

Our charter also contains a provision that provides us with protections similar to Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law, and prevents us from engaging in a business combination, such as a merger, with an interested stockholder (i.e., a person or group who acquires at least 15% of our voting stock) for a period of three years from the date such person became an interested stockholder, unless (with certain exceptions) the business combination or the transaction in which the person became an interested stockholder is approved in a prescribed manner.

We may issue preferred stock, the terms of which could adversely affect the voting power or value of our common stock.

Our charter authorizes us to issue, without the approval of our stockholders, one or more classes or series of preferred stock having such designations, preferences, limitations and relative rights, including preferences over our common stock respecting dividends and distributions, as our board of directors may determine. The terms of one or more classes or series of preferred stock could adversely impact the voting power or value of our common stock. For example, we might grant holders of preferred stock the right to elect some number of our directors in all events or on the happening of specified events or the right to veto specified transactions. Similarly, the repurchase or redemption rights or liquidation preferences we might assign to holders of preferred stock could affect the residual value of our common stock.

Our bylaws designate certain specified courts as the sole and exclusive forum for certain disputes between us and our stockholders, which could limit our stockholders' ability to obtain a favorable judicial forum for disputes with us or our directors, officers, or employees.

Pursuant to our bylaws, unless we consent in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware will be the sole and exclusive forum for state law claims for (1) any derivative action or proceeding brought on our behalf; (2) any action asserting a claim of, or a claim based on, a breach of a fiduciary duty owed by any of our directors, officers, or other employees to us or our stockholders; (3) any action asserting a claim pursuant to any provision of the Delaware General Corporation Law, our certificate of incorporation or our bylaws; (4) any action to interpret, apply, enforce, or determine the validity of our certificate of incorporation or bylaws; or (5) any action asserting a claim governed by the internal affairs doctrine (collectively, the "Delaware Forum Provision"). The Delaware Forum Provision does not apply to any causes of action arising under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), or the Exchange Act. Our bylaws further provide that, unless we consent in writing to the Securities Act (the "Federal district courts will be the sole and exclusive forum for resolving any complaint asserting a cause of action arising under the Securities Act (the "Federal Forum Provision"). In addition, our bylaws provide that any person or entity purchasing or otherwise acquiring any interest in shares of our common stock is deemed to have notice of and consented to the foregoing provisions; provided, however, that stockholders cannot and will not be deemed to have waived our compliance with the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder.

The Delaware Forum Provision and the Federal Forum Provision may impose additional litigation costs on stockholders in pursuing the claims identified above. Additionally, the Delaware Forum Provision and the Federal Forum Provision in our bylaws may limit our stockholders' ability to bring a claim in a judicial forum that it finds favorable for disputes with us or our directors, officers, or other employees, which may discourage the filing of lawsuits against us and our directors, officers, and employees, even though an action, if successful, might benefit our stockholders. In addition, while the Delaware Supreme Court and other state courts have upheld the validity of federal forum selection provisions purporting to require claims under the Securities Act be brought in federal court, there is uncertainty as to whether courts in other states will enforce our Federal Forum Provision. If the Federal Forum Provision is found to be unenforceable in an action, we may incur additional costs associated with resolving such an action. The Federal Forum Provision may also impose additional litigation costs on stockholders who assert that the provision is not enforceable or invalid. The Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware or the U.S. federal district courts may also reach different judgments or results than would other courts, including courts where a stockholder considering an action may be located or would otherwise choose to bring the action, and such judgments may be more or less favorable to us than our stockholders.

General Risk Factors

Catastrophic events could materially interrupt or disrupt our business and others with which we conduct business.

Catastrophic events, such as natural disasters (e.g., fire, flood, severe storm, earthquake and other weather events), pandemics (such as COVID-19), epidemics, or outbreaks of an infectious disease, could interrupt or disrupt our business and our customers, partners, and suppliers, including hyperscaler providers which host Dynatrace solutions on their cloud infrastructure. For a description of some of the risks related to interruption or disruption of our services, please see the risk above entitled, "Interruptions or disruptions with the delivery of our SaaS solutions, or third party cloud-based systems that we depend on in our operations, may adversely affect our business, operating results, and financial condition."

The impact to our business from any catastrophic event depends on many different factors that cannot be accurately predicted, such as its duration and scope and the interruption, disruption, or instability caused by the event. Future catastrophic events could have severe impacts on our business and our customers' and prospective customers' businesses, for example, by adversely impacting their timing, ability, or willingness to spend on software platforms or purchase our offerings. Negative effects of catastrophic events on our customers or prospective customers could lead to pricing discounts or extended payment terms, reductions in the amount or duration of customers' subscription contracts or term licenses, or increase customer attrition rates. Any of the foregoing, especially for a prolonged period, could adversely affect our productivity, employee morale, future sales, operating results, and overall financial performance. Catastrophic events may also have the effect of heightening many of the other risks described in this "Risk Factors" section.

Climate change may have a long-term negative impact on our business.

The long-term effects of climate change on the global economy and the technology industry in particular are unclear. However, there are inherent climate-related risks such as natural disasters, infrastructure disruptions, and geopolitical instability that have the potential to disrupt and impact our business and the third parties with which we conduct business.

In addition, changes in U.S. federal and state legislation and regulation and the laws, rules, and regulations of other countries where we have operations related to climate change could result in increased capital expenditures to comply with these new requirements. Numerous treaties, laws, and regulations have been enacted or proposed in an effort to regulate climate change, including regulations aimed at limiting greenhouse gas emissions and the implementation of "green" building codes. These laws and regulations may result in increased operating costs across various levels of our supply chain, which could cause us to increase costs to satisfy service obligations to our customers. We may also incur costs associated with increased regulations or investor requirements for increased sustainability disclosures and reporting, including reporting requirements and standards or expectations regarding the environmental impacts of our business. The cost of compliance with, or failure to comply with, such laws, rules, and regulations could result in increased compliance costs, and any untimely or inaccurate disclosure could adversely affect our reputation, business, or financial performance.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

(c) Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Share repurchase activity during the three months ended June 30, 2025 was as follows (in thousands, except shares and per share data):

| Period ⁽¹⁾ | (a) Total Number of Shares Purchased | | b) Average Price Paid per Share ⁽²⁾ | (c) Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plan or Programs | | (d) Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that may Yet be Purchased Under Plans or Programs ⁽³⁾ | |
|--------------------------------|---|----|---|--|----|--|--|
| April 1, 2025 - April 30, 2025 | 334,468 | \$ | 44.11 | 334,468 | \$ | 312,623 | |
| May 1, 2025 - May 31, 2025 | 291,210 | | 51.61 | 291,210 | | 297,587 | |
| June 1, 2025 - June 30, 2025 | 278,931 | | 54.60 | 278,931 | | 282,351 | |
| Total | 904,609 | \$ | 49.76 | 904,609 | | | |

⁽¹⁾ Information is based on trade dates of share repurchase transactions.

For additional information, please see Note 10, Shareholders' Equity, of the condensed consolidated financial statements in this Quarterly Report.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

Not applicable.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

During the three months ended June 30, 2025, none of the Company's directors or officers (as defined in Rule 16a-1(f) of the Exchange Act)adopted, modified or terminated a Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement or a non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement (as such terms are defined in Item 408 of Regulation S-K of the Securities Act), except as described in the table below. The trading arrangements described below are intended to satisfy the affirmative defense conditions of Rule 10b5-1(c) under the Exchange Act.

| <u>Name</u> | <u>Title</u> | <u>Action</u> | Date Adopted | <u>Duration</u> (1) | Aggregate Number of Securities to be Sold |
|----------------|--|---|---------------|---|--|
| Lisa Campbell | Director | Adoption of Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement | May 16, 2025 | September 5, 2025 through June 12, 2026 | 1,772 |
| Daniel Yates | Senior Vice President, Corporate Controller and Chief Accounting Officer | Adoption of Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement | June 5, 2025 | September 4, 2025 through June 5, 2026 | 7,500 |
| Rick McConnell | Chief Executive Officer and Director | Adoption of Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement | June 12, 2025 | September 11, 2025 through July 31, 2026 | 90,000 |

⁽¹⁾ Each trading arrangement will expire on the earlier of the expiration date or the completion of all transactions under the trading arrangement.

⁽²⁾ Excludes commissions paid and any estimated excise taxes payable on share repurchases.
(3) On May 15, 2024, we announced a share repurchase program for up to \$500 million of shares of our common stock. Our share repurchase program does not have a time limit.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

The exhibits listed below are filed or incorporated by reference into this Report.

| Exhibit Number | Exhibit Title |
|-------------------|---|
| 3.1 | Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Registrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.3 to theRegistrant's Registration Statement on Form S-1/A, filed with the SEC on July 22, 2019) |
| 3.2 | Certificate of Amendment to the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation dated August 23, 2024 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 26, 2024) |
| 3.3 | Fourth Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Registrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 8, 2025) |
| 4.1 | Specimen Common Stock Certificate (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to theRegistrant's Registration Statement on Form S-1/A, filed with the SEC on July 22, 2019) |
| 10.1* | Form of restricted stock unit award agreement under the 2019 Equity Incentive Plan (time-based) |
| 10.2* | Form of restricted stock unit award agreement under the 2019 Equity Incentive Plan (financial performance-based) |
| 10.3* | Form of restricted stock unit award agreement under the 2019 Equity Incentive Plan (rTSR-based) |
| 31.1* | Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended |
| 31.2* | Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended |
| 32.1** | Certifications of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act |
| 101.INS | Inline XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document |
| 101.SCH | Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document |
| 101.CAL | Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document |
| 101.DEF | Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document |
| 101.LAB | Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document |
| 101.PRE | Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document |
| 104 | Cover Page Interactive Data File - the cover page interactive data file does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document. |

^{*} Filed herewith.

^{**} The certifications furnished in Exhibit 32.1 hereto are deemed to accompany this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and will not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, except to the extent that the Registrant specifically incorporates it by reference. Such certifications will not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filings under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, except to the extent that the Registrant specifically incorporates it by reference.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

DYNATRACE, INC.

Date: August 6, 2025 By: /s/ Rick McConnell

Rick McConnell Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 6, 2025 By: /s/ James Benson

James Benson

Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer &

Treasurer

(Principal Financial Officer)

FORM OF GLOBAL RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD AGREEMENT UNDER THE DYNATRACE, INC. 2019 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

| Name of Grantee: | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Employee ID: | |
| No. of Restricted Stock Units: | |
| Grant Date: | |
| Grant Number: | |

Pursuant to the Dynatrace, Inc. 2019 Equity Incentive Plan as amended through the date hereof (the "Plan"), Dynatrace, Inc. (the "Company") hereby grants an award of the number of Restricted Stock Units listed above (an "Award") to the Grantee named above, subject to the restrictions and conditions set forth herein, including the additional general terms and conditions for Grantees in countries outside the United States and any special terms and conditions for the Grantee's country, all as set forth in the Appendix attached hereto (the "Appendix" and, together, the "Agreement"), and in the Plan. Each Restricted Stock Unit shall relate to one share of Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share (the "Stock") of the Company. Capitalized terms in this Agreement shall have the meaning specified in the Plan, unless a different meaning is specified herein.

- 1. Restrictions on Transfer of Award. This Award may not be sold, transferred, pledged, assigned or otherwise encumbered or disposed of by the Grantee, and any shares of Stock issuable with respect to the Award may not be sold, transferred, pledged, assigned or otherwise encumbered or disposed of until (a) the Restricted Stock Units have vested as provided in Paragraph 2 of this Agreement and (b) shares of Stock have been issued to the Grantee in accordance with the terms of the Plan and this Agreement.
- 2. <u>Vesting of Restricted Stock Units</u>. The restrictions and conditions of Paragraph 1 of this Agreement shall lapse on the Vesting Date or Dates specified in Schedule 1 attached hereto, so long as the Grantee remains in a Service Relationship on such Dates, subject to any suspension during leave of absence as provided in Section 15(c) of the Plan. If a series of Vesting Dates is specified, then the restrictions and conditions in Paragraph 1 shall lapse only with respect to the number of Restricted Stock Units specified as vested on such date.

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The Administrator may at any time accelerate the vesting schedule specified in this Paragraph 2 and on Schedule 1.

- 3. <u>Termination of Service Relationship</u>. Except as may otherwise be set forth in Schedule 1 of this Agreement, if the Grantee's Service Relationship terminates for any reason prior to the satisfaction of the vesting conditions set forth in Paragraph 2 above, any Restricted Stock Units that have not vested as of such date shall automatically and without notice terminate and be forfeited, and neither the Grantee nor any of his or her successors, heirs, assigns, or personal representatives will thereafter have any further rights or interests in such unvested Restricted Stock Units.
- 4. <u>Issuance of Shares of Stock.</u> As soon as practicable following each Vesting Date (but in no event later than two and one-half months after the end of the calendar year in which the Vesting Date occurs), the Company shall issue to the Grantee the number of shares of Stock equal to the aggregate number of Restricted Stock Units that have vested pursuant to Paragraph 2 of this Agreement on such date and the Grantee shall thereafter have all the rights of a stockholder of the Company with respect to such shares.
- 5. Incorporation of Plan; Clawback Policy. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, this Agreement shall be subject to and governed by all the terms and conditions of the Plan, including the powers of the Administrator set forth in Section 2(b) of the Plan. In the event of a conflict between the general terms and conditions of the Plan and this Agreement, the terms and conditions of the Plan shall prevail. However, this Agreement sets out specific terms for the Award, and those terms will prevail over more general terms in the Plan on the same issue, if any, or in the event of a conflict between such terms. The Grantee's rights with respect to this Award and any other award granted pursuant to this Plan shall in all events be subject to reduction, cancellation, forfeiture or recoupment to the extent necessary to comply with any right that the Company or an Affiliate may have under any Company or Affiliate clawback, forfeiture or recoupment policy as in effect from time to time or other agreement or arrangement with the Grantee (including, without limitation, the Company's Compensation Recovery Policy (the "Clawback Policy") and any other policy adopted to comply with Section 19(b)(1) of the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Rule 19b-4 thereunder, and Section 303A.14 of the NYSE Listed Company Manual (and any successor thereto)). The Grantee acknowledges that the Grantee has reviewed, and is bound by the terms of, the Clawback Policy. No recovery of compensation under such a clawback policy will be an event giving rise to a right to resign for "good reason" or for a "constructive

6. Responsibility for Taxes.

(a) The Grantee acknowledges that, regardless of any action taken by the Company and/or, if different, the Affiliate which employs the Grantee or for which the Grantee otherwise provides services (the "Service Recipient"), the ultimate liability for all income tax, social insurance, payroll tax, fringe benefits tax, payment on account or other tax related items related to the Grantee's participation in the Plan and legally applicable to the Grantee ("Tax- Related Items") is and remains the Grantee's responsibility and may exceed the amount, if any,

termination" (or similar terms) under any agreement between the Grantee and the Company or any Affiliate.

actually withheld by the Company or the Service Recipient. The Grantee further acknowledges that the Company and/or the Service Recipient (i) make no representations or undertakings regarding the treatment of any Tax-Related Items in connection with any aspect of the Award, including, but not limited to, the grant, vesting or settlement of the Restricted Stock Units, the subsequent sale of shares of Stock acquired pursuant to such settlement and the receipt of any dividends; and (ii) do not commit to and are under no obligation to structure or administer the terms of the grant or any aspect of the Restricted Stock Units to reduce or eliminate the Grantee's liability for Tax-Related Items or achieve any particular tax result. Further, if the Grantee is subject to Tax-Related Items in more than one jurisdiction, the Grantee acknowledges that the Company and/or the Service Recipient (or former Service Recipient, as applicable) may be required to withhold or account for Tax-Related Items in more than one jurisdiction.

- (b) In connection with any relevant taxable or tax withholding event, as applicable, the Grantee agrees to make adequate arrangements satisfactory to the Company and/or the Service Recipient to satisfy all Tax-Related Items. In this regard, the Grantee authorizes the Company and/or the Service Recipient, or their respective agents, at their discretion, to satisfy any applicable withholding obligations with regard to all Tax-Related Items by one or a combination of the following: (i) withholding from the Grantee's wages or other cash compensation payable to the Grantee; (ii) withholding from proceeds of the sale of shares of Stock acquired upon settlement of the Restricted Stock Units either through a voluntary sale or through a mandatory sale arranged by the Company (on the Grantee's behalf pursuant to this authorization without further consent); (iii) withholding from shares of Stock to be issued to the Grantee upon settlement of the Restricted Stock Units; or (iv) any other method of withholding determined by the Company and permitted by applicable laws.
- withholding rates or other withholding rates, including maximum rates applicable in the Grantee's jurisdiction(s). In the event of overwithholding, the Grantee may receive a refund of any over-withheld amount in cash and will have no entitlement to the equivalent amount in Stock, or if not refunded, the Grantee may need to seek a refund from the local tax authorities. In the event of under-withholding, the Grantee may be required to pay any additional Tax-Related Items directly to the applicable local tax authorities or to the Company and/or the Service Recipient. If the obligation for Tax-Related Items is satisfied by withholding in shares of Stock, for tax purposes, the Grantee shall be deemed to have been issued the full number of shares of Stock subject to the vested Restricted Stock Units, notwithstanding that a number of the shares of Stock are held back solely for the purpose of paying the Tax-Related Items.
- (d) The Company may refuse to issue or deliver the shares of Stock, or the proceeds of the sale of shares of Stock, if the Grantee fails to comply with his or her obligations in connection with the Tax-Related Items.
- 7. <u>Section 409A of the Code.</u> To the extent the Grantee is a U.S. taxpayer, this Agreement shall be interpreted in such a manner that all provisions relating to the settlement of

the Award are exempt from the requirements of Section 409A of the Code as "short-term deferrals" as described in Section 409A of the Code.

- 8. <u>No Creation of Service Relationship</u>; No Obligation to Continue Service Relationship. The grant of the Award shall not be interpreted as forming an employment or service agreement with the Company or any Affiliate and shall not be construed as giving the Grantee the right to remain in a Service Relationship. Neither the Plan nor this Agreement shall interfere in any way with the right of the Company or the Service Recipient, as applicable, to terminate the Service Relationship of the Grantee at any time.
 - 9. Nature of Grant. In accepting the Award, the Grantee acknowledges, understands and agrees that:
 - (a) the Plan is established voluntarily by the Company, it is discretionary in nature and may be amended, suspended or terminated by the Company at any time, to the extent permitted by the Plan;
 - (b) the Plan is operated and the Award is granted solely by the Company and only the Company is a party to this Agreement; accordingly, any rights the Grantee may have under this Agreement may be raised only against the Company but not any Affiliate (including, but not limited to, the Service Recipient);
 - (c) no Affiliate (including, but not limited to, the Service Recipient) has any obligation to make any payment of any kind under this Agreement;
 - (d) the Award is exceptional, voluntary and occasional and does not create any contractual or other right to receive future grants of Restricted Stock Units, or benefits in lieu of Restricted Stock Units, even if Restricted Stock Units have been granted in the past;
 - (e) all decisions with respect to future Restricted Stock Units or other grants, if any, will be at the sole discretion of the Company;
 - (f) the Grantee is voluntarily participating in the Plan;
 - (g) the Restricted Stock Units and any shares of Stock subject to the Restricted Stock Units, and the income from and value of same, are not intended to replace any pension rights or compensation;
 - (h) unless otherwise agreed with the Company, the Restricted Stock Units and the shares of Stock subject to the Restricted Stock Units, and the income from and value of same, are not granted as consideration for, or in connection with, the service the Grantee may provide as a director of an Affiliate;
 - (i) the Restricted Stock Units and any shares of Stock subject to the Restricted Stock Units, and the income from and value of same, are not part of normal or expected compensation for the purposes of, including, without limitation, calculating any severance, resignation, termination, redundancy, dismissal, end-of-service payments,

bonuses, long-service awards, holiday pay, pension or retirement or welfare benefits or similar mandatory payments;

- (j) the future value of the shares of Stock underlying the Restricted Stock Units is unknown, indeterminable, and cannot be predicted with certainty;
- (k) for purposes of the Award, the Grantee's Service Relationship will be considered terminated as of the date the Grantee is no longer actively providing services to the Company or any Affiliate (regardless of the reason for such termination and whether or not later found to be invalid or in breach of labor laws in the jurisdiction where the Grantee provides services or the terms of the Grantee's employment or other service agreement, if any), and unless otherwise determined by the Company, the Grantee's right to vest in the Award, if any, will terminate as of such date and will not be extended by any notice period (*e.g.*, the Grantee's period of service would not include any contractual notice period or any period of "garden leave" or similar period mandated under labor laws in the jurisdiction where the Grantee provides services or the terms of the Grantee's employment or other service agreement, if any). The Administrator shall have the exclusive discretion to determine when the Grantee is no longer actively providing services for purposes of the Award (including whether the Grantee may still be considered to be providing services while on a leave of absence);
- (l) no claim or entitlement to compensation or damages shall arise from forfeiture of the Restricted Stock Units resulting from the termination of the Grantee's Service
 Relationship (for any reason whatsoever, whether or not later found to be invalid or in breach of labor laws in the jurisdiction where the

Relationship (for any reason whatsoever, whether or not later found to be invalid or in breach of labor laws in the jurisdiction where the Grantee provides services or the terms of the Grantee's employment or other service agreement, if any); and

(m)unless otherwise provided in the Plan or by the Company in its discretion, the Restricted Stock Units and the benefits evidenced by this Agreement do not create any entitlement to have the Restricted Stock Units or any such benefits transferred to, or assumed by, another company nor to be exchanged, cashed out or substituted for, in connection with any corporate transaction affecting the shares of Stock of the Company.

- 10. <u>Integration</u>. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties with respect to this Award and supersedes all prior agreements and discussions between the parties concerning such subject matter.
- 11. <u>Data Privacy</u>. In order to administer the Plan and this Agreement and to implement or structure future equity grants, the Company, its Affiliates and certain agents thereof (together, the "Relevant Companies") may process any and all personal or professional data, including but not limited to Social Security or other identification number, home address and telephone number, date of birth and other information that is necessary or desirable for the administration of the Plan and/or this Agreement (the "Relevant Information"). The Company will process the Relevant Information as needed to administer the Plan and this

Agreement. Please refer to the Company's Global Data Protection Policy for additional information.

- 12. Compliance with Law. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan or this Agreement, unless there is an available exemption from any registration, qualification or other legal requirement applicable to the shares of Stock, the Company shall not be required to deliver any shares of Stock issuable upon settlement of the Award prior to the completion of any registration or qualification of the Stock under any local, state, federal or foreign securities or exchange control law or under rulings or regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") or of any other governmental regulatory body, or prior to obtaining any approval or other clearance from any local, state, federal or foreign governmental agency, which registration, qualification or approval the Company shall, in its absolute discretion, deem necessary or advisable. The Grantee understands that the Company is under no obligation to register or qualify the shares of Stock subject to the Award with the SEC or any state or foreign securities commission or to seek approval or clearance from any governmental authority for the issuance or sale of the Stock. Further, the Grantee agrees that the Company shall have unilateral authority to amend the Plan and this Agreement without the Grantee's consent to the extent necessary to comply with securities or other laws applicable to the issuance of the Stock.
- 13. Appendix. Notwithstanding any provision in this Global Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement, the Restricted Stock Units shall be subject to the additional general terms and conditions for Grantees in countries outside the United States as well as any special terms and conditions for the Grantee's country, all as set forth in the Appendix attached hereto. If the Grantee transfers from the United States to a country outside the United States, or if the Grantee relocates between countries included in the Appendix during the life of the Restricted Stock Units, the applicable terms and conditions in the Appendix shall apply to the Grantee, to the extent the Company determines that the application of such terms and conditions is necessary or advisable for legal or administrative reasons.
- 14. <u>Notices</u>. Notices hereunder shall be mailed or delivered to the Company at its principal place of business, with a copy to legalnotices@dynatrace.com, and shall be mailed or delivered to the Grantee at the address on file with the Company or, in either case, at such other address as one party may subsequently furnish to the other party in writing.
- 15. <u>Waivers</u>. The Grantee acknowledges that a waiver by the Company of breach of any provision of this Agreement shall not operate or be construed as a waiver of any other provision of this Agreement, or of any subsequent breach by the Grantee or any other grantees.
- 16. <u>Governing Law.</u> This Agreement shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of Delaware, without giving effect to any choice of law or conflict of law rules or provisions (whether of the State of Delaware or any other jurisdiction) that would cause the application of the laws of any jurisdiction other than the State of Delaware.
- 17. <u>Consent to Jurisdiction</u>. EACH OF THE PARTIES IRREVOCABLY SUBMITS TO THE EXCLUSIVE JURISDICTION OF THE COURT OF CHANCERY OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE, OR, TO THE EXTENT THE COURT OF CHANCERY DOES NOT HAVE

SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION, THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE, AND THE APPELLATE COURTS HAVING JURISDICTION OF APPEALS IN SUCH COURTS FOR THE PURPOSES OF ANY SUIT, ACTION OR OTHER PROCEEDING ARISING OUT OF THIS AGREEMENT. EACH OF THE PARTIES HERETO FURTHER AGREES THAT SERVICE OF ANY PROCESS, SUMMONS, NOTICE OR DOCUMENT BY U.S. REGISTERED MAIL OR ITS FOREIGN EQUIVALENT TO SUCH PARTY'S RESPECTIVE ADDRESS SHALL BE EFFECTIVE SERVICE OF PROCESS FOR ANY ACTION, SUIT OR PROCEEDING WITH RESPECT TO ANY MATTERS TO WHICH IT HAS SUBMITTED TO JURISDICTION IN THIS PARAGRAPH. EACH OF THE PARTIES HERETO IRREVOCABLY AND UNCONDITIONALLY WAIVES ANY OBJECTION TO THE LAYING OF VENUE OF ANY ACTION, SUIT OR PROCEEDING ARISING OUT OF THIS AGREEMENT IN DELAWARE, AND FURTHER IRREVOCABLY AND UNCONDITIONALLY WAIVES AND AGREES NOT TO PLEAD OR CLAIM IN ANY SUCH COURT THAT ANY SUCH ACTION, SUIT OR PROCEEDING BROUGHT IN ANY SUCH COURT HAS BEEN BROUGHT IN AN INCONVENIENT FORUM.

- 18. <u>Severability</u>. The provisions of this Agreement are severable and if any one or more provisions are determined to be illegal or otherwise unenforceable, in whole or in part, the remaining provisions shall nevertheless be binding and enforceable.
- 19. <u>Imposition of Other Requirements</u>. The Company reserves the right to impose other requirements on the Award and the shares of Stock acquired upon settlement of the Restricted Stock Units, to the extent the Company determines it is necessary or advisable for legal or administrative reasons, and to require the Grantee to enter into any additional agreements or undertakings that may be necessary to accomplish the foregoing.
- 20. <u>Electronic Delivery and Participation</u>. The Company may, in its sole discretion, decide to deliver any documents related to current or future participation in the Plan by electronic means. The Grantee hereby consents to receive such documents by electronic delivery and agrees to accept this Agreement or otherwise participate in the Plan in the future through an on-line or electronic system established and maintained by the Company or a third party designated by the Company.

By electronically accepting this Agreement and participating in the Plan, Grantee agrees to be bound by the terms and conditions in the Plan and this Agreement. Within six months of the Grant Date, if Grantee has not electronically accepted this Agreement on the website of the stock plan service provider appointed by the Company, then this Award shall be deemed accepted, and Grantee shall be bound by the terms and conditions in the Plan and this Agreement.

| DYNATRACE, INC. | | |
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SCHEDULE 1

[Insert vesting information]

To the extent the parties to a Change in Control (as defined below) do not provide for the assumption, continuation or substitution of Unvested Equity Awards (as defined below), upon the Grantee's continued employment with the Company through the effective time of the Change in Control, all Unvested Equity Awards as of immediately prior to the effective time of the Change in Control shall immediately accelerate and, if applicable, become fully exercisable or nonforfeitable as of the effective time of the Change in Control, provided, however, in the case of any performance-based stock award held by the Grantee, unless otherwise provided in the applicable agreement on or after the Grant Date of this Agreement, full vesting will mean vesting at target level (or, if the effective time of the Change in Control occurs as of or following the last day of the applicable performance period but prior to vesting of any performance-based stock award, then full vesting will mean vesting at the level determined based on actual performance as of the end of the performance period). For purposes of this Agreement, "Change in Control" shall have the meaning as set forth in the Grantee's employment agreement (as amended from time to time, the "Executive Agreement"); provided that if the Grantee's Executive Agreement does not contain a definition of "Change in Control," it shall mean Sale Event. "Unvested Equity Awards" means the Restricted Stock Units subject to this Award and all other restricted stock unit awards, stock options and other stock-based awards subject to vesting held by the Grantee immediately prior to the effective time of the Change in Control or Date of Termination, as applicable.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth in Paragraph 3 of the Agreement, if the Grantee's employment is terminated either by the Company without Cause (as defined in the Executive Agreement) or by the Grantee for Good Reason (as defined in the Executive Agreement), and the Date of Termination (as defined in the Executive Agreement) is within either 3 months before or 12 months after the occurrence of the first event constituting a Change in Control (such period, the "Change in Control Period"), and subject to the signing of the Separation Agreement and Release (as defined in the Executive Agreement) by the Grantee and the Separation Agreement and Release becoming fully effective, all within the time frame set forth in the Separation Agreement and Release but in no event more than 60 days after the Date of Termination, all Unvested Equity Awards shall immediately accelerate and, if applicable, become fully exercisable or nonforfeitable as of the later of (i) the Date of Termination or (ii) the effective date of the Separation Agreement and Release (the "Accelerated Vesting Date"); provided that the vesting of such Unvested Equity Awards shall cease and be suspended from the Date of Termination until the Accelerated Vesting Date at which point the Unvested Equity Awards shall vest in full; and provided further, that in the case of any performance-based stock award held by the Grantee, unless otherwise provided in the applicable agreement on or after the Grant Date of this Agreement, full vesting will mean vesting at target level (or, if the Date of Termination occurs as of or following the last day of the applicable performance period but prior to vesting of any performance-based stock award, then full vesting will mean vesting at the level determined based on actual performance as of the end of the performance period). For the

avoidance of doubt, there will be no accelerated vesting unless and until the Grantee signs the Separation Agreement and Release referenced herein and such Separation Agreement and Release becomes effective.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth in Paragraph 3 of the Agreement, if the Grantee's Service Relationship is terminated due to the Grantee's death or Disability, then all Unvested Equity Awards held by the Grantee that are subject only to time-based vesting shall, unless otherwise provided in an applicable agreement on or after the Grant Date of this Agreement, vest with respect to a number of such Unvested Equity Awards that would have vested during the 12-month period following the date of termination. For purposes hereof, "Disability" shall mean that the Grantee is classified as disabled under a long-term disability policy of the Company or an applicable Affiliate or, if no such policy applies, the Grantee is unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or which has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months. "Unvested Equity Awards" means the Restricted Stock Units subject to this Award and all other Restricted Stock Unit, Stock Options and other stock-based awards subject to vesting that are outstanding and held by the Grantee immediately prior to the date of termination. Any portion of this Award or any other time-based Unvested Equity Award that does not accelerate and vest pursuant to this paragraph shall be forfeited as of the date of termination.

FORM OF GLOBAL PERFORMANCE RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD AGREEMENT UNDER THE DYNATRACE, INC. 2019 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

| Name of Grantee: | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Employee ID: | |
| No. of Restricted Stock Units: | |
| Grant Date: | |
| Grant Number: | |

Pursuant to the Dynatrace, Inc. 2019 Equity Incentive Plan as amended through the date hereof (the "Plan"), Dynatrace, Inc. (the "Company") hereby grants an award (an "Award") of the target number of Restricted Stock Units listed above (the "Target Award") to the Grantee named above, subject to the restrictions and conditions set forth herein, including the additional general terms and conditions for Grantees in countries outside the United States and any special terms and conditions for the Grantee's country, all as set forth in the Appendix attached hereto (the "Appendix" and, together, the "Agreement"), and in the Plan. Each Restricted Stock Unit shall relate to one share of Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share (the "Stock") of the Company. Capitalized terms in this Agreement shall have the meaning specified in the Plan, unless a different meaning is specified herein.

- 1. <u>Restrictions on Transfer of Award</u>. This Award may not be sold, transferred, pledged, assigned or otherwise encumbered or disposed of by the Grantee, and any shares of Stock issuable with respect to the Award may not be sold, transferred, pledged, assigned or otherwise encumbered or disposed of until (a) the Restricted Stock Units have vested as provided in Paragraph 2 of this Agreement and (b) shares of Stock have been issued to the Grantee in accordance with the terms of the Plan and this Agreement.
- 2. <u>Earning and Vesting of Restricted Stock Units</u>. The Restricted Stock Units shall be eligible to become Earned Restricted Stock Units (as defined in Schedule 1), and the restrictions and conditions of Paragraph 1 of this Agreement shall lapse with respect to such Earned Restricted Stock Units on the Vesting Date or Dates specified in Schedule 1 attached

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hereto, so long as the Grantee remains in a Service Relationship on such Dates, subject to any suspension during leave of absence as provided in Section 15(c) of the Plan. If a series of

Vesting Dates is specified, then the restrictions and conditions in Paragraph 1 shall lapse only with respect to the number of Earned Restricted Stock Units specified as vested on such date.

The Administrator may at any time accelerate the vesting schedule specified in this Paragraph 2 and on Schedule 1.

- 3. <u>Termination of Service Relationship</u>. Except as may otherwise be set forth in Schedule 1 of this Agreement, if the Grantee's Service Relationship terminates for any reason prior to the satisfaction of the vesting conditions set forth in Paragraph 2 above, any Restricted Stock Units that have not vested as of such date shall automatically and without notice terminate and be forfeited, and neither the Grantee nor any of his or her successors, heirs, assigns, or personal representatives will thereafter have any further rights or interests in such unvested Restricted Stock Units.
- 4. <u>Issuance of Shares of Stock</u>. As soon as practicable following each Vesting Date (but in no event later than two and one-half months after the end of the calendar year in which the Vesting Date occurs), the Company shall issue to the Grantee the number of shares of Stock equal to the aggregate number of Restricted Stock Units that have vested pursuant to Paragraph 2 of this Agreement on such date and the Grantee shall thereafter have all the rights of a stockholder of the Company with respect to such shares.
- 5. Incorporation of Plan; Clawback Policy. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, this Agreement shall be subject to and governed by all the terms and conditions of the Plan, including the powers of the Administrator set forth in Section 2(b) of the Plan. In the event of a conflict between the general terms and conditions of the Plan and this Agreement, the terms and conditions of the Plan shall prevail. However, this Agreement sets out specific terms for the Award, and those terms will prevail over more general terms in the Plan on the same issue, if any, or in the event of a conflict between such terms. The Grantee's rights with respect to this Award and any other award granted pursuant to this Plan shall in all events be subject to reduction, cancellation, forfeiture or recoupment to the extent necessary to comply with any right that the Company or an Affiliate may have under any Company or Affiliate clawback, forfeiture or recoupment policy as in effect from time to time or other agreement or arrangement with the Grantee (including, without limitation, the Company's Compensation Recovery Policy (the "Clawback Policy") and any other policy adopted to comply with Section 19(b)(1) of the
- U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Rule 19b-4 thereunder, and Section 303A.14 of the NYSE Listed Company Manual (and any successor thereto)). The Grantee acknowledges that the Grantee has reviewed, and is bound by the terms of, the Clawback Policy. No recovery of compensation under such a clawback policy will be an event giving rise to a right to resign for "good reason" or for a "constructive termination" (or similar terms) under any agreement between the Grantee and the Company or any Affiliate.

6. Responsibility for Taxes.

- (a) e Grantee acknowledges that, regardless of any action taken by the Company and/or, if different, the Affiliate which employs the Grantee or for which the Grantee otherwise provides services (the "Service Recipient"), the ultimate liability for all income tax, social insurance, payroll tax, fringe benefits tax, payment on account or other tax related items related to the Grantee's participation in the Plan and legally applicable to the Grantee ("Tax- Related Items") is and remains the Grantee's responsibility and may exceed the amount, if any, actually withheld by the Company or the Service Recipient. The Grantee further acknowledges that the Company and/or the Service Recipient (i) make no representations or undertakings regarding the treatment of any Tax-Related Items in connection with any aspect of the Award, including, but not limited to, the grant, vesting or settlement of the Restricted Stock Units, the subsequent sale of shares of Stock acquired pursuant to such settlement and the receipt of any dividends; and (ii) do not commit to and are under no obligation to structure or administer the terms of the grant or any aspect of the Restricted Stock Units to reduce or eliminate the Grantee's liability for Tax-Related Items or achieve any particular tax result. Further, if the Grantee is subject to Tax-Related Items in more than one jurisdiction, the Grantee acknowledges that the Company and/or the Service Recipient (or former Service Recipient, as applicable) may be required to withhold or account for Tax-Related Items in more than one jurisdiction.
- (b) In connection with any relevant taxable or tax withholding event, as applicable, the Grantee agrees to make adequate arrangements satisfactory to the Company and/or the Service Recipient to satisfy all Tax-Related Items. In this regard, the Grantee authorizes the Company and/or the Service Recipient, or their respective agents, at their discretion, to satisfy any applicable withholding obligations with regard to all Tax-Related Items by one or a combination of the following: (i) withholding from the Grantee's wages or other cash compensation payable to the Grantee; (ii) withholding from proceeds of the sale of shares of Stock acquired upon settlement of the Restricted Stock Units either through a voluntary sale or through a mandatory sale arranged by the Company (on the Grantee's behalf pursuant to this authorization without further consent); (iii) withholding from shares of Stock to be issued to the Grantee upon settlement of the Restricted Stock Units; or (iv) any other method of withholding determined by the Company and permitted by applicable laws.
- (c) The Company and/or the Service Recipient may withhold or account for Tax-Related Items by considering statutory withholding rates or other withholding rates, including maximum rates applicable in the Grantee's jurisdiction(s). In the event of overwithholding, the Grantee may receive a refund of any over-withheld amount in cash and will have no entitlement to the equivalent amount in Stock, or if not refunded, the Grantee may need to seek a refund from the local tax authorities. In the event of underwithholding, the Grantee may be required to pay any additional Tax-Related Items directly to the applicable local tax authorities or to the Company and/or the Service Recipient. If the obligation for Tax-Related Items is satisfied by withholding in shares of Stock, for tax purposes, the Grantee shall be deemed to have been issued the full number of shares of Stock subject to the vested Restricted Stock Units, notwithstanding that a number of the shares of Stock are held back solely for the purpose of paying the Tax-Related Items.

- (d) The Company may refuse to issue or deliver the shares of Stock, or the proceeds of the sale of shares of Stock, if the Grantee fails to comply with his or her obligations in connection with the Tax-Related Items.
- 7. <u>Section 409A of the Code.</u> To the extent the Grantee is a U.S. taxpayer, this Agreement shall be interpreted in such a manner that all provisions relating to the settlement of

the Award are exempt from the requirements of Section 409A of the Code as "short-term deferrals" as described in Section 409A of the Code.

- 8. No Creation of Service Relationship; No Obligation to Continue Service Relationship. The grant of the Award shall not be interpreted as forming an employment or service agreement with the Company or any Affiliate and shall not be construed as giving the Grantee the right to remain in a Service Relationship. Neither the Plan nor this Agreement shall interfere in any way with the right of the Company or the Service Recipient, as applicable, to terminate the Service Relationship of the Grantee at any time.
 - 9. Nature of Grant. In accepting the Award, the Grantee acknowledges, understands and agrees that:
- (a) the Plan is established voluntarily by the Company, it is discretionary in nature and may be amended, suspended or terminated by the Company at any time, to the extent permitted by the Plan;
- (b) the Plan is operated and the Award is granted solely by the Company and only the Company is a party to this Agreement; accordingly, any rights the Grantee may have under this Agreement may be raised only against the Company but not any Affiliate (including, but not limited to, the Service Recipient);
- (c) no Affiliate (including, but not limited to, the Service Recipient) has any obligation to make any payment of any kind under this Agreement;
- (d) the Award is exceptional, voluntary and occasional and does not create any contractual or other right to receive future grants of Restricted Stock Units, or benefits in lieu of Restricted Stock Units, even if Restricted Stock Units have been granted in the past;
- (e) all decisions with respect to future Restricted Stock Units or other grants, if any, will be at the sole discretion of the Company;
 - (f) the Grantee is voluntarily participating in the Plan;
- (g) the Restricted Stock Units and any shares of Stock subject to the Restricted Stock Units, and the income from and value of same, are not intended to replace any pension rights or compensation;
- (h) unless otherwise agreed with the Company, the Restricted Stock Units and the shares of Stock subject to the Restricted Stock Units, and the income from and value of same, are

not granted as consideration for, or in connection with, the service the Grantee may provide as a director of an Affiliate;

- (i) the Restricted Stock Units and any shares of Stock subject to the Restricted Stock Units, and the income from and value of same, are not part of normal or expected compensation for the purposes of, including, without limitation, calculating any severance, resignation, termination, redundancy, dismissal, end-of-service payments, bonuses, long-service awards, holiday pay, pension or retirement or welfare benefits or similar mandatory payments;
- (j) the future value of the shares of Stock underlying the Restricted Stock Units is unknown, indeterminable, and cannot be predicted with certainty;
- (k) for purposes of the Award, the Grantee's Service Relationship will be considered terminated as of the date the Grantee is no longer actively providing services to the Company or any Affiliate (regardless of the reason for such termination and whether or not later found to be invalid or in breach of labor laws in the jurisdiction where the Grantee provides services or the terms of the Grantee's employment or other service agreement, if any), and unless otherwise determined by the Company, the Grantee's right to vest in the Award, if any, will terminate as of such date and will not be extended by any notice period (e.g., the Grantee's period of service would not include any contractual notice period or any period of "garden leave" or similar period mandated under labor laws in the jurisdiction where the Grantee provides services or the terms of the Grantee's employment or other service agreement, if any). The Administrator shall have the exclusive discretion to determine when the Grantee is no longer actively providing services for purposes of the Award (including whether the Grantee may still be considered to be providing services while on a leave of absence);
- (l) no claim or entitlement to compensation or damages shall arise from forfeiture of the Restricted Stock Units resulting from the termination of the Grantee's Service Relationship (for any reason whatsoever, whether or not later found to be invalid or in breach of labor laws in the jurisdiction where the Grantee provides services or the terms of the Grantee's employment or other service agreement, if any); and
- (m)unless otherwise provided in the Plan or by the Company in its discretion, the Restricted Stock Units and the benefits evidenced by this Agreement do not create any entitlement to have the Restricted Stock Units or any such benefits transferred to, or assumed by, another company nor to be exchanged, cashed out or substituted for, in connection with any corporate transaction affecting the shares of Stock of the Company.
- 10. <u>Integration</u>. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties with respect to this Award and supersedes all prior agreements and discussions between the parties concerning such subject matter.

- 11. <u>Data Privacy</u>. In order to administer the Plan and this Agreement and to implement or structure future equity grants, the Company, its Affiliates and certain agents thereof (together, the "Relevant Companies") may process any and all personal or professional data, including but not limited to Social Security or other identification number, home address and telephone number, date of birth and other information that is necessary or desirable for the administration of the Plan and/or this Agreement (the "Relevant Information"). The Company will process the Relevant Information as needed to administer the Plan and this Agreement. Please refer to the Company's Global Data Protection Policy for additional information.
- 12. Compliance with Law. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan or this Agreement, unless there is an available exemption from any registration, qualification or other legal requirement applicable to the shares of Stock, the Company shall not be required to deliver any shares of Stock issuable upon settlement of the Award prior to the completion of any registration or qualification of the Stock under any local, state, federal or foreign securities or exchange control law or under rulings or regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") or of any other governmental regulatory body, or prior to obtaining any approval or other clearance from any local, state, federal or foreign governmental agency, which registration, qualification or approval the Company shall, in its absolute discretion, deem necessary or advisable. The Grantee understands that the Company is under no obligation to register or qualify the shares of Stock subject to the Award with the SEC or any state or foreign securities commission or to seek approval or clearance from any governmental authority for the issuance or sale of the Stock. Further, the Grantee agrees that the Company shall have unilateral authority to amend the Plan and this Agreement without the Grantee's consent to the extent necessary to comply with securities or other laws applicable to the issuance of the Stock.
- 13. Appendix. Notwithstanding any provision in this Global Performance Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement, the Restricted Stock Units shall be subject to the additional general terms and conditions for Grantees in countries outside the United States as well as any special terms and conditions for the Grantee's country, all as set forth in the Appendix attached hereto. If the Grantee transfers from the United States to a country outside the United States, or if the Grantee relocates between countries included in the Appendix during the life of the Restricted Stock Units, the applicable terms and conditions in the Appendix shall apply to the Grantee, to the extent the Company determines that the application of such terms and conditions is necessary or advisable for legal or administrative reasons.
- 14. <u>Notices</u>. Notices hereunder shall be mailed or delivered to the Company at its principal place of business, with a copy to legalnotices@dynatrace.com, and shall be mailed or delivered to the Grantee at the address on file with the Company or, in either case, at such other address as one party may subsequently furnish to the other party in writing.
- 15. <u>Waivers</u>. The Grantee acknowledges that a waiver by the Company of breach of any provision of this Agreement shall not operate or be construed as a waiver of any other provision of this Agreement, or of any subsequent breach by the Grantee or any other grantees.

- 16. <u>Governing Law</u>. This Agreement shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of Delaware, without giving effect to any choice of law or conflict of law rules or provisions (whether of the State of Delaware or any other jurisdiction) that would cause the application of the laws of any jurisdiction other than the State of Delaware.
- 17. Consent to Jurisdiction. EACH OF THE PARTIES IRREVOCABLY SUBMITS TO THE EXCLUSIVE JURISDICTION OF THE COURT OF CHANCERY OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE, OR, TO THE EXTENT THE COURT OF CHANCERY DOES NOT HAVE SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION, THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE, AND THE APPELLATE COURTS HAVING JURISDICTION OF APPEALS IN SUCH COURTS FOR THE PURPOSES OF ANY SUIT, ACTION OR OTHER PROCEEDING ARISING OUT OF THIS AGREEMENT. EACH OF THE PARTIES HERETO FURTHER AGREES THAT SERVICE OF ANY PROCESS, SUMMONS, NOTICE OR DOCUMENT BY U.S. REGISTERED MAIL OR ITS FOREIGN EQUIVALENT TO SUCH PARTY'S RESPECTIVE ADDRESS SHALL BE EFFECTIVE SERVICE OF PROCESS FOR ANY ACTION, SUIT OR PROCEEDING WITH RESPECT TO ANY MATTERS TO WHICH IT HAS SUBMITTED TO JURISDICTION IN THIS PARAGRAPH. EACH OF THE PARTIES HERETO IRREVOCABLY AND UNCONDITIONALLY WAIVES ANY OBJECTION TO THE LAYING OF VENUE OF ANY ACTION, SUIT OR PROCEEDING ARISING OUT OF THIS AGREEMENT IN DELAWARE, AND FURTHER IRREVOCABLY AND UNCONDITIONALLY WAIVES AND AGREES NOT TO PLEAD OR CLAIM IN ANY SUCH COURT THAT ANY SUCH ACTION, SUIT OR PROCEEDING BROUGHT IN ANY SUCH COURT HAS BEEN BROUGHT IN AN INCONVENIENT FORUM.
- 18. <u>Severability</u>. The provisions of this Agreement are severable and if any one or more provisions are determined to be illegal or otherwise unenforceable, in whole or in part, the remaining provisions shall nevertheless be binding and enforceable.
- 19. <u>Imposition of Other Requirements</u>. The Company reserves the right to impose other requirements on the Award and the shares of Stock acquired upon settlement of the Restricted Stock Units, to the extent the Company determines it is necessary or advisable for legal or administrative reasons, and to require the Grantee to enter into any additional agreements or undertakings that may be necessary to accomplish the foregoing.
- 20. <u>Electronic Delivery and Participation</u>. The Company may, in its sole discretion, decide to deliver any documents related to current or future participation in the Plan by electronic means. The Grantee hereby consents to receive such documents by electronic delivery and agrees to accept this Agreement or otherwise participate in the Plan in the future through an on-line or electronic system established and maintained by the Company or a third party designated by the Company.

By electronically accepting this Agreement and participating in the Plan, Grantee agrees to be bound by the terms and conditions in the Plan and this Agreement. Within six months of the Grant Date, if Grantee has not electronically accepted this Agreement on the website of the stock plan service provider appointed by the Company, then this Award shall be deemed accepted, and Grantee shall be bound by the terms and conditions in the Plan and this Agreement.

| DYNATRACE, INC. |
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SCHEDULE 1

Performance Period:

[Insert vesting and performance information]

To the extent the parties to a Change in Control (as defined below) do not provide for the assumption, continuation or substitution of Unvested Equity Awards (as defined below), upon the Grantee's continued employment with the Company through the effective time of the Change in Control, all Unvested Equity Awards as of immediately prior to the effective time of the Change in Control shall immediately accelerate and, if applicable, become fully exercisable or nonforfeitable as of the effective time of the Change in Control; provided that, in the case of the Restricted Stock Units subject to this Award, full vesting in such situation means (i) if the Change in Control occurs prior to the last day of the Performance Period, the number of Restricted Stock Units equal to the Target Award, (ii) if the Change in Control occurs as of or after the last day of the Performance Period but prior to the Certification Date, the Target Award multiplied by the applicable Payout Curve based on actual achievement for such Performance Metric multiplied by the applicable Weight (determined as set forth above in this Schedule 1), and (iii) if the Change in Control occurs after the Certification Date, the unvested (as to continued services) Earned Restricted Stock Units; provided, further, that in the case of any other performance-based stock award held by the Grantee, unless otherwise provided in the applicable agreement on or after the Grant Date of this Agreement, full vesting will mean vesting at target level (or, if the effective time of the Change in Control occurs as of or following the last day of the applicable performance period but prior to vesting of any performance-based stock award, then full vesting will mean vesting at the level determined based on actual performance as of the end of the performance period). For purposes of this Agreement, "Change in Control" shall have the meaning as set forth in the Grantee's employment agreement (as amended from time to time, the "Executive Agreement"); provided that if the Grantee's Executive Agreement does not contain a definition of "Change in Control," it shall mean Sale Event. "Unvested Equity Awards" means the Restricted Stock Units subject to this Award and all other restricted stock unit awards, stock options and other stock-based awards subject to vesting held by the Grantee immediately prior to the effective time of the Change in Control or Date of Termination, as applicable.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth in Paragraph 3 of the Agreement or in the Executive Agreement, if the Grantee's employment is terminated either by the Company without Cause (as defined in the Executive Agreement) or by the Grantee for Good Reason (as defined in the Executive Agreement), and the Date of Termination (as defined in the Executive Agreement) is within either 3 months before or 12 months after the occurrence of the first event constituting a Change in Control (such period, the "Change in Control Period"), and subject to the signing of the Separation Agreement and Release (as defined in the Executive Agreement) by the Grantee and the Separation Agreement and Release becoming fully effective, all within the time frame set forth in the Separation Agreement and Release but in no event more than 60 days after the Date of Termination, all Unvested Equity Awards shall immediately accelerate and, if applicable,

become fully exercisable or nonforfeitable as of the later of (i) the Date of Termination or (ii) the effective date of the Separation Agreement and Release (the "Accelerated Vesting Date"); provided that the vesting of such Unvested Equity Awards shall cease and be suspended from the Date of Termination until the Accelerated Vesting Date at which point the Unvested Equity Awards shall vest in full; and provided further, that notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth in the Executive Agreement, in the case of the Restricted Stock Units subject to this Award, full vesting in such situation means (x) if the Date of Termination occurs prior to the last day of the Performance Period, the number of Restricted Stock Units equal to the Target Award, (y) if the Date of Termination occurs as of or after the last day of the Performance Period but prior to the Certification Date, the Target Award multiplied by the applicable Payout Curve based on actual achievement for such Performance Metric multiplied by the applicable Weight (determined as set forth above in this Schedule 1), and (z) if the Date of Termination occurs after the Certification Date, the unvested (as to continued services) Earned Restricted Stock Units; provided, further, that notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth in the Executive Agreement, in the case of any other performance-based stock award held by the Grantee, unless otherwise provided in the applicable agreement on or after the Grant Date of this Agreement, full vesting will mean vesting at target level (or, if the Date of Termination occurs as of or following the last day of the applicable performance period but prior to vesting of any performance-based stock award, then full vesting will mean vesting at the level determined based on actual performance as of the end of the performance period). For the avoidance of doubt, there will be no accelerated vesting unless and until the Grantee signs the Separation Agreement and Release referenced herein and such Separation Agreement and Release becomes effective.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth in Paragraph 3 of the Agreement, if the Grantee's Service Relationship is terminated due to the Grantee's death or Disability, then (x) if the date of termination occurs prior to the Certification Date, this Award shall remain outstanding and Grantee shall vest on the Certification Date in the number of Earned Restricted Stock Units (as determined as of the Certification Date) that would have vested during the 12- month period following the date of termination had the Grantee remained in a Service Relationship and (y) if the date of termination occurs following the Certification Date, the Grantee shall vest as of the date of termination in the number of Earned Restricted Stock Units that would have vested during the 12-month period following the date of termination. In addition, with respect to any other performance-based restricted stock unit awards held by the Grantee that are tied to achievement of financial metrics, unless otherwise provided in an applicable agreement on or after the Grant Date of this Agreement, if the Grantee's Service Relationship is terminated due to the Grantee's death or Disability, then (x) if the date of termination occurs prior to the applicable certification date, such award shall remain outstanding and the Grantee shall vest on the applicable certification date in the number of earned restricted stock units (as determined as of such certification date) that would have vested during the 12- month period following the date of termination had the Grantee remained in a Service Relationship and (y) if the date of termination occurs following the applicable certification date, the Grantee shall vest as of the date of termination in the number of earned restricted stock units that would have vested during the 12-month period following the date of termination. For purposes hereof, "Disability" shall mean that the Grantee is classified as disabled under a long-

term disability policy of the Company or an applicable Affiliate or, if no such policy applies, the Grantee is unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or which has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months. Any portion of this Award or any other applicable performance-based award that does not vest pursuant to this paragraph shall be forfeited as of the later of the applicable certification date or the date of termination.

FORM OF GLOBAL PERFORMANCE RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD AGREEMENT UNDER THE DYNATRACE, INC. 2019 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

| Name of Grantee: | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Employee ID: | |
| No. of Restricted Stock Units: | |
| Grant Date: | |
| Grant Number: | |

Pursuant to the Dynatrace, Inc. 2019 Equity Incentive Plan as amended through the date hereof (the "Plan"), Dynatrace, Inc. (the "Company") hereby grants an award (an "Award") of the target number of Restricted Stock Units listed above (the "Target Award") to the Grantee named above, subject to the restrictions and conditions set forth herein, including the additional general terms and conditions for Grantees in countries outside the United States and any special terms and conditions for the Grantee's country, all as set forth in the Appendix attached hereto (the "Appendix" and, together, the "Agreement"), and in the Plan. Each Restricted Stock Unit shall relate to one share of Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share (the "Stock") of the Company. Capitalized terms in this Agreement shall have the meaning specified in the Plan, unless a different meaning is specified herein.

- 1. <u>Restrictions on Transfer of Award</u>. This Award may not be sold, transferred, pledged, assigned or otherwise encumbered or disposed of by the Grantee, and any shares of Stock issuable with respect to the Award may not be sold, transferred, pledged, assigned or otherwise encumbered or disposed of until (a) the Restricted Stock Units have vested as provided in Paragraph 2 of this Agreement and (b) shares of Stock have been issued to the Grantee in accordance with the terms of the Plan and this Agreement.
- 2. <u>Earning and Vesting of Restricted Stock Units</u>. The Restricted Stock Units shall be eligible to become Earned Restricted Stock Units (as defined in Schedule 1), and the restrictions and conditions of Paragraph 1 of this Agreement shall lapse with respect to such Earned Restricted Stock Units on the Vesting Date or Dates specified in Schedule 1 attached

hereto, so long as the Grantee remains in a Service Relationship on such Dates, subject to any suspension during leave of absence as provided in Section 15(c) of the Plan. If a series of

Vesting Dates is specified, then the restrictions and conditions in Paragraph 1 shall lapse only with respect to the number of Earned Restricted Stock Units specified as vested on such date.

The Administrator may at any time accelerate the vesting schedule specified in this Paragraph 2 and on Schedule 1.

- 3. <u>Termination of Service Relationship</u>. Except as may otherwise be set forth in Schedule 1 of this Agreement, if the Grantee's Service Relationship terminates for any reason prior to the satisfaction of the vesting conditions set forth in Paragraph 2 above, any Restricted Stock Units that have not vested as of such date shall automatically and without notice terminate and be forfeited, and neither the Grantee nor any of his or her successors, heirs, assigns, or personal representatives will thereafter have any further rights or interests in such unvested Restricted Stock Units.
- 4. <u>Issuance of Shares of Stock</u>. As soon as practicable following each Vesting Date (but in no event later than two and one-half months after the end of the calendar year in which the Vesting Date occurs), the Company shall issue to the Grantee the number of shares of Stock equal to the aggregate number of Restricted Stock Units that have vested pursuant to Paragraph 2 of this Agreement on such date and the Grantee shall thereafter have all the rights of a stockholder of the Company with respect to such shares.
- 5. Incorporation of Plan; Clawback Policy. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, this Agreement shall be subject to and governed by all the terms and conditions of the Plan, including the powers of the Administrator set forth in Section 2(b) of the Plan. In the event of a conflict between the general terms and conditions of the Plan and this Agreement, the terms and conditions of the Plan shall prevail. However, this Agreement sets out specific terms for the Award, and those terms will prevail over more general terms in the Plan on the same issue, if any, or in the event of a conflict between such terms. The Grantee's rights with respect to this Award and any other award granted pursuant to this Plan shall in all events be subject to reduction, cancellation, forfeiture or recoupment to the extent necessary to comply with any right that the Company or an Affiliate may have under any Company or Affiliate clawback, forfeiture or recoupment policy as in effect from time to time or other agreement or arrangement with the Grantee (including, without limitation, the Company's Compensation Recovery Policy (the "Clawback Policy") and any other policy adopted to comply with Section 19(b)(1) of the
- U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Rule 19b-4 thereunder, and Section 303A.14 of the NYSE Listed Company Manual (and any successor thereto)). The Grantee acknowledges that the Grantee has reviewed, and is bound by the terms of, the Clawback Policy. No recovery of compensation under such a clawback policy will be an event giving rise to a right to resign for "good reason" or for a "constructive termination" (or similar terms) under any agreement between the Grantee and the Company or any Affiliate.

6. Responsibility for Taxes.

- (a) The Grantee acknowledges that, regardless of any action taken by the Company and/or, if different, the Affiliate which employs the Grantee or for which the Grantee otherwise provides services (the "Service Recipient"), the ultimate liability for all income tax, social insurance, payroll tax, fringe benefits tax, payment on account or other tax related items related to the Grantee's participation in the Plan and legally applicable to the Grantee ("Tax- Related Items") is and remains the Grantee's responsibility and may exceed the amount, if any, actually withheld by the Company or the Service Recipient. The Grantee further acknowledges that the Company and/or the Service Recipient (i) make no representations or undertakings regarding the treatment of any Tax-Related Items in connection with any aspect of the Award, including, but not limited to, the grant, vesting or settlement of the Restricted Stock Units, the subsequent sale of shares of Stock acquired pursuant to such settlement and the receipt of any dividends; and (ii) do not commit to and are under no obligation to structure or administer the terms of the grant or any aspect of the Restricted Stock Units to reduce or eliminate the Grantee's liability for Tax-Related Items or achieve any particular tax result. Further, if the Grantee is subject to Tax-Related Items in more than one jurisdiction, the Grantee acknowledges that the Company and/or the Service Recipient (or former Service Recipient, as applicable) may be required to withhold or account for Tax-Related Items in more than one jurisdiction.
- (b) In connection with any relevant taxable or tax withholding event, as applicable, the Grantee agrees to make adequate arrangements satisfactory to the Company and/or the Service Recipient to satisfy all Tax-Related Items. In this regard, the Grantee authorizes the Company and/or the Service Recipient, or their respective agents, at their discretion, to satisfy any applicable withholding obligations with regard to all Tax-Related Items by one or a combination of the following: (i) withholding from the Grantee's wages or other cash compensation payable to the Grantee; (ii) withholding from proceeds of the sale of shares of Stock acquired upon settlement of the Restricted Stock Units either through a voluntary sale or through a mandatory sale arranged by the Company (on the Grantee's behalf pursuant to this authorization without further consent); (iii) withholding from shares of Stock to be issued to the Grantee upon settlement of the Restricted Stock Units; or (iv) any other method of withholding determined by the Company and permitted by applicable laws.
- (c) The Company and/or the Service Recipient may withhold or account for Tax-Related Items by considering statutory withholding rates or other withholding rates, including maximum rates applicable in the Grantee's jurisdiction(s). In the event of overwithholding, the Grantee may receive a refund of any over-withheld amount in cash and will have no entitlement to the equivalent amount in Stock, or if not refunded, the Grantee may need to seek a refund from the local tax authorities. In the event of underwithholding, the Grantee may be required to pay any additional Tax-Related Items directly to the applicable local tax authorities or to the Company and/or the Service Recipient. If the obligation for Tax-Related Items is satisfied by withholding in shares of Stock, for tax purposes, the Grantee shall be deemed to have been issued the full number of shares of Stock subject to the vested Restricted Stock Units, notwithstanding that a number of the shares of Stock are held back solely for the purpose of paying the Tax-Related Items.

- (d) The Company may refuse to issue or deliver the shares of Stock, or the proceeds of the sale of shares of Stock, if the Grantee fails to comply with his or her obligations in connection with the Tax-Related Items.
- 7. Section 409A of the Code. To the extent the Grantee is a U.S. taxpayer, this Agreement shall be interpreted in such a manner that all provisions relating to the settlement of the Award are exempt from the requirements of Section 409A of the Code as "short-term deferrals" as described in Section 409A of the Code.
- 8. No Creation of Service Relationship; No Obligation to Continue Service Relationship. The grant of the Award shall not be interpreted as forming an employment or service agreement with the Company or any Affiliate and shall not be construed as giving the Grantee the right to remain in a Service Relationship. Neither the Plan nor this Agreement shall interfere in any way with the right of the Company or the Service Recipient, as applicable, to terminate the Service Relationship of the Grantee at any time.
 - 9. Nature of Grant. In accepting the Award, the Grantee acknowledges, understands and agrees that:
- (a) the Plan is established voluntarily by the Company, it is discretionary in nature and may be amended, suspended or terminated by the Company at any time, to the extent permitted by the Plan;
- (b) the Plan is operated and the Award is granted solely by the Company and only the Company is a party to this Agreement; accordingly, any rights the Grantee may have under this Agreement may be raised only against the Company but not any Affiliate (including, but not limited to, the Service Recipient);
- (c) no Affiliate (including, but not limited to, the Service Recipient) has any obligation to make any payment of any kind under this Agreement;
- (d) the Award is exceptional, voluntary and occasional and does not create any contractual or other right to receive future grants of Restricted Stock Units, or benefits in lieu of Restricted Stock Units, even if Restricted Stock Units have been granted in the past;
- (e) all decisions with respect to future Restricted Stock Units or other grants, if any, will be at the sole discretion of the Company;
 - (f) the Grantee is voluntarily participating in the Plan;
- (g) the Restricted Stock Units and any shares of Stock subject to the Restricted Stock Units, and the income from and value of same, are not intended to replace any pension rights or compensation;
- (h) unless otherwise agreed with the Company, the Restricted Stock Units and the shares of Stock subject to the Restricted Stock Units, and the income from and value of same, are not granted as consideration for, or in connection with, the service the Grantee may provide as a director of an Affiliate;

- (i) the Restricted Stock Units and any shares of Stock subject to the Restricted Stock Units, and the income from and value of same, are not part of normal or expected compensation for the purposes of, including, without limitation, calculating any severance, resignation, termination, redundancy, dismissal, end-of-service payments, bonuses, long-service awards, holiday pay, pension or retirement or welfare benefits or similar mandatory payments;
- (j) the future value of the shares of Stock underlying the Restricted Stock Units is unknown, indeterminable, and cannot be predicted with certainty;
- (k) for purposes of the Award, the Grantee's Service Relationship will be considered terminated as of the date the Grantee is no longer actively providing services to the Company or any Affiliate (regardless of the reason for such termination and whether or not later found to be invalid or in breach of labor laws in the jurisdiction where the Grantee provides services or the terms of the Grantee's employment or other service agreement, if any), and unless otherwise determined by the Company, the Grantee's right to vest in the Award, if any, will terminate as of such date and will not be extended by any notice period (e.g., the Grantee's period of service would not include any contractual notice period or any period of "garden leave" or similar period mandated under labor laws in the jurisdiction where the Grantee provides services or the terms of the Grantee's employment or other service agreement, if any). The Administrator shall have the exclusive discretion to determine when the Grantee is no longer actively providing services for purposes of the Award (including whether the Grantee may still be considered to be providing services while on a leave of absence);
- (l) no claim or entitlement to compensation or damages shall arise from forfeiture of the Restricted Stock Units resulting from the termination of the Grantee's Service
 Relationship (for any reason whatsoever, whether or not later found to be invalid or in breach of labor laws in the jurisdiction where the Grantee provides services or the terms of the Grantee's employment or other service agreement, if any); and
- (m)unless otherwise provided in the Plan or by the Company in its discretion, the Restricted Stock Units and the benefits evidenced by this Agreement do not create any entitlement to have the Restricted Stock Units or any such benefits transferred to, or assumed by, another company nor to be exchanged, cashed out or substituted for, in connection with any corporate transaction affecting the shares of Stock of the Company.
- 10. <u>Integration</u>. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties with respect to this Award and supersedes all prior agreements and discussions between the parties concerning such subject matter.
- 11. <u>Data Privacy</u>. In order to administer the Plan and this Agreement and to implement or structure future equity grants, the Company, its Affiliates and

certain agents thereof (together, the "Relevant Companies") may process any and all personal or professional data, including but not limited to Social Security or other identification number, home address and telephone number, date of birth and other information that is necessary or

desirable for the administration of the Plan and/or this Agreement (the "Relevant Information"). The Company will process the Relevant Information as needed to administer the Plan and this

Agreement. Please refer to the Company's Global Data Protection Policy for additional information.

- 12. Compliance with Law. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan or this Agreement, unless there is an available exemption from any registration, qualification or other legal requirement applicable to the shares of Stock, the Company shall not be required to deliver any shares of Stock issuable upon settlement of the Award prior to the completion of any registration or qualification of the Stock under any local, state, federal or foreign securities or exchange control law or under rulings or regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") or of any other governmental regulatory body, or prior to obtaining any approval or other clearance from any local, state, federal or foreign governmental agency, which registration, qualification or approval the Company shall, in its absolute discretion, deem necessary or advisable. The Grantee understands that the Company is under no obligation to register or qualify the shares of Stock subject to the Award with the SEC or any state or foreign securities commission or to seek approval or clearance from any governmental authority for the issuance or sale of the Stock. Further, the Grantee agrees that the Company shall have unilateral authority to amend the Plan and this Agreement without the Grantee's consent to the extent necessary to comply with securities or other laws applicable to the issuance of the Stock.
- 13. Appendix. Notwithstanding any provision in this Global Performance Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement, the Restricted Stock Units shall be subject to the additional general terms and conditions for Grantees in countries outside the United States as well as any special terms and conditions for the Grantee's country, all as set forth in the Appendix attached hereto. If the Grantee transfers from the United States to a country outside the United States, or if the Grantee relocates between countries included in the Appendix during the life of the Restricted Stock Units, the applicable terms and conditions in the Appendix shall apply to the Grantee, to the extent the Company determines that the application of such terms and conditions is necessary or advisable for legal or administrative reasons.
- 14. <u>Notices</u>. Notices hereunder shall be mailed or delivered to the Company at its principal place of business, with a copy to legalnotices@dynatrace.com, and shall be mailed or delivered to the Grantee at the address on file with the Company or, in either case, at such other address as one party may subsequently furnish to the other party in writing.
- 15. <u>Waivers</u>. The Grantee acknowledges that a waiver by the Company of breach of any provision of this Agreement shall not operate or be construed as a waiver of any other provision of this Agreement, or of any subsequent breach by the Grantee or any other grantees.
- 16. <u>Governing Law</u>. This Agreement shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of Delaware, without giving effect to any choice of law or conflict of law rules or provisions (whether of the State of Delaware or any other jurisdiction) that would cause the application of the laws of any jurisdiction other than the State of Delaware.
- 17. <u>Consent to Jurisdiction</u>. EACH OF THE PARTIES IRREVOCABLY SUBMITS TO THE EXCLUSIVE JURISDICTION OF THE COURT OF CHANCERY OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE, OR, TO THE EXTENT THE COURT OF CHANCERY DOES NOT HAVE SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION, THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR

THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE, AND THE APPELLATE COURTS HAVING JURISDICTION OF APPEALS IN SUCH COURTS FOR THE PURPOSES OF ANY SUIT, ACTION OR OTHER PROCEEDING ARISING OUT OF THIS AGREEMENT. EACH OF THE PARTIES HERETO FURTHER AGREES THAT SERVICE OF ANY PROCESS, SUMMONS, NOTICE OR DOCUMENT BY U.S. REGISTERED MAIL OR ITS FOREIGN EQUIVALENT TO SUCH PARTY'S RESPECTIVE ADDRESS SHALL BE EFFECTIVE SERVICE OF PROCESS FOR ANY ACTION, SUIT OR PROCEEDING WITH RESPECT TO ANY MATTERS TO WHICH IT HAS SUBMITTED TO JURISDICTION IN THIS PARAGRAPH. EACH OF THE PARTIES HERETO IRREVOCABLY AND UNCONDITIONALLY WAIVES ANY OBJECTION TO THE LAYING OF VENUE OF ANY ACTION, SUIT OR PROCEEDING ARISING OUT OF THIS AGREEMENT IN DELAWARE, AND FURTHER IRREVOCABLY AND UNCONDITIONALLY WAIVES AND AGREES NOT TO PLEAD OR CLAIM IN ANY SUCH COURT THAT ANY SUCH ACTION, SUIT OR PROCEEDING BROUGHT IN ANY SUCH COURT HAS BEEN BROUGHT IN AN INCONVENIENT FORUM.

- 18. <u>Severability</u>. The provisions of this Agreement are severable and if any one or more provisions are determined to be illegal or otherwise unenforceable, in whole or in part, the remaining provisions shall nevertheless be binding and enforceable.
- 19. <u>Imposition of Other Requirements</u>. The Company reserves the right to impose other requirements on the Award and the shares of Stock acquired upon settlement of the Restricted Stock Units, to the extent the Company determines it is necessary or advisable for legal or administrative reasons, and to require the Grantee to enter into any additional agreements or undertakings that may be necessary to accomplish the foregoing.
- 20. <u>Electronic Delivery and Participation</u>. The Company may, in its sole discretion, decide to deliver any documents related to current or future participation in the Plan by electronic means. The Grantee hereby consents to receive such documents by electronic delivery and agrees to accept this Agreement or otherwise participate in the Plan in the future through an on-line or electronic system established and maintained by the Company or a third party designated by the Company.

By electronically accepting this Agreement and participating in the Plan, Grantee agrees to be bound by the terms and conditions in the Plan and this Agreement. Within six months of the Grant Date, if Grantee has not electronically accepted this Agreement on the website of the stock plan service provider appointed by the Company, then this Award shall be deemed accepted, and Grantee shall be bound by the terms and conditions in the Plan and this Agreement.

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DYNATRACE, INC.

SCHEDULE 1

[Insert vesting and performance information]

To the extent the parties to a Change in Control (as defined below) do not provide for the assumption, continuation or substitution of Unvested Equity Awards (as defined below), upon the Grantee's continued employment with the Company through the effective time of the Change in Control, all Unvested Equity Awards as of immediately prior to the effective time of the Change in Control shall immediately accelerate and, if applicable, become fully exercisable or nonforfeitable as of the effective time of the Change in Control: provided that, in the case of the Restricted Stock Units subject to this Award, full vesting in such situation with respect to a Performance Period means (i) if the Change in Control is the last day of the Performance Period, the Target Award for such Performance Period (i.e., 1/3 of the Target Award) multiplied by the Percentage of PSUs Earned with respect to such Performance Period and (ii) if the Change in Control occurs after the completion of a Performance Period, the unvested (as to continued services) Earned Restricted Stock Units with respect to such Performance Period; provided, further, that in the case of any other performance-based stock award held by the Grantee, unless otherwise provided in the applicable agreement on or after the Grant Date of this Agreement, full vesting will mean vesting at target level (or, if the effective time of the Change in Control occurs as of or following the last day of the applicable performance period but prior to vesting of any performance-based stock award, then full vesting will mean vesting at the level determined based on actual performance as of the end of the performance period). For purposes of this Agreement, "Change in Control" shall have the meaning as set forth in the Grantee's employment agreement (as amended from time to time, the "Executive Agreement"); provided that if the Grantee's Executive Agreement does not contain a definition of "Change in Control," it shall mean Sale Event. "Unvested Equity Awards" means the Restricted Stock Units subject to this Award and all other restricted stock unit awards, stock options and other stockbased awards subject to vesting held by the Grantee immediately prior to the effective time of the Change in Control or Date of Termination, as applicable.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth in Paragraph 3 of the Agreement or in the Executive Agreement, if the Grantee's employment is terminated either by the Company without Cause (as defined in the Executive Agreement) or by the Grantee for Good Reason (as defined in the Executive Agreement), and the Date of Termination (as defined in the Executive Agreement) is within either 3 months before or 12 months after the occurrence of the first event constituting a Change in Control (such period, the "Change in Control Period"), and subject to the signing of the Separation Agreement and Release (as defined in the Executive Agreement) by the Grantee and the Separation Agreement and Release becoming fully effective, all within the time frame set forth in the Separation Agreement and Release but in no event more than 60 days after the Date of Termination, all Unvested Equity Awards shall immediately accelerate and, if applicable, become fully exercisable or nonforfeitable as of the later of (i) the Date of Termination or (ii) the effective date of the Separation Agreement and Release (the "Accelerated Vesting Date"); provided that the vesting of such Unvested Equity Awards shall cease and be suspended from the Date of Termination until the Accelerated Vesting Date at which point the Unvested Equity Awards shall vest in full; and provided further, that notwithstanding anything

to the contrary set forth in the Executive Agreement, in the case of the Restricted Stock Units subject to this Award, full vesting in such situation with respect to a Performance Period means (x) if the Date of Termination occurs prior to the last day of such Performance Period, the number of Restricted Stock Units equal to the Target Award for such Performance Period (i.e., 1/3 of the Target Award), (y) if the Date of Termination occurs as of or after the last day of such Performance Period but prior to the Certification Date, the Target Award for such Performance Period, if the Date of Termination occurs after the Certification Date with respect to such Performance Period, the unvested (as to continued services) Earned Restricted Stock Units with respect to such Performance Period; *provided, further*, that in the case of any other performance-based stock award held by the Grantee, unless otherwise provided in the applicable agreement on or after the Grant Date of this Agreement, full vesting will mean vesting at target level (or, if the Date of Termination occurs as of or following the last day of the applicable performance period but prior to vesting of any performance-based stock award, then full vesting will mean vesting at the level determined based on actual performance as of the end of the performance period). For the avoidance of doubt, there will be no accelerated vesting unless and until the Grantee signs the Separation Agreement and Release referenced herein and such Separation Agreement and Release becomes effective.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth in Paragraph 3 of the Agreement, if the Grantee's Service Relationship is terminated due to the Grantee's death or Disability, then this Award shall remain outstanding and eligible to vest as of the next Vesting Date based on

actual performance with respect to the Performance Period applicable to such Vesting Date. Any portion of this Award that does not vest pursuant to this paragraph shall be forfeited as of such Vested Date.

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) OR 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Rick McConnell, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Dynatrace, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 6, 2025

By: /s/ Rick McConnell

Rick McConnell Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) OR 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, James Benson, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Dynatrace, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 6, 2025

By: /s/ James Benson

James Benson

Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer & Treasurer

(Principal Financial Officer)

CERTIFICATIONS OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Rick McConnell, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge, the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Dynatrace, Inc. for the period ended June 30, 2025 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that information contained in such Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Dynatrace, Inc.

Date: August 6, 2025 By: /s/ Rick McConnell

Rick McConnell Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

I, James Benson, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge, the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Dynatrace, Inc. for the period ended June 30, 2025 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that information contained in such Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Dynatrace, Inc.

Date: August 6, 2025 By: /s/ James Benson

James Benson

Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer & Treasurer

(Principal Financial Officer)

The foregoing certifications are not deemed filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and are not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of Dynatrace, Inc. under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, whether made before or after the date hereof, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing.